

**NOVEMBER 3, 2020
PACIFIC GROVE
MUNICIPAL ELECTION**

CANDIDATES' HANDBOOK



Pacific Grove City Clerk's Office
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MESSAGE FROM THE CITY CLERK

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Dear Potential Candidate:

This is a challenging year for us all. Please know that my office is making every effort to be proactive and communicative to ensure the health and safety of our candidates and staff. My office intends to take measures to ensure social distancing, remote access, and limited in-person appointment for candidates.

Running for public office is commendable. We hope this will be a positive and rewarding experience for you and your campaign committee.

This informational guide will provide you with an overview of the local nomination process, nomination papers, official forms, and campaign deadlines that you will encounter during your candidacy. Please take the time to review the information in the guide as it may answer many questions you may have regarding running for public office.

Election Contact

The City Clerk is the Elections Official and can assist you in understanding the general rules contained in this guide and will oversee the nomination filing process. I can be reached at (831) 648-3181 or via email at cityclerk@cityofpacificgrove.org. To expedite your candidacy filing, and due to COVID-19 safety precautions, I would be happy to meet with you via phone or Zoom/Google Hangouts to go over any questions you may have in advance of issuing nomination papers.

The Office of the City Clerk is open by appointment only from 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Thursday, beginning July 29, 2020. You may visit us at City Hall at 300 Forest Avenue, Pacific Grove, on the web at www.cityofpacificgrove.org , or call us at 831-648-3181.

Filing Reminders

- Review the Guide
- Make an appointment
- Complete forms ahead of time
- File early

I am pleased to be your leader in democracy.

Sincerely,

Sandra Kandell

Sandra Kandell
City Clerk

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DISCLAIMER

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This handbook is intended to serve as a guide. It is not comprehensive and should not be relied upon to ensure compliance with State or Federal law. It is the candidate's responsibility to ensure compliance with all applicable laws. The candidate should consult an attorney for legal advice. **The City Clerk's Office is unable to assist candidates with legal questions.**

This handbook contains valuable information, will answer many of your questions, and may help avoid challenges to your candidacy. Candidates are encouraged to read the handbook and refer to it as needed.

Additional resources you should consult include the City's Municipal Code at <http://www.codepublishing.com/CA/PacificGrove/>, the Fair Political Practices Commission's website at www.fppc.ca.gov, and the Monterey County Elections website at www.montereycountyelections.us.

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QUALIFICATIONS FOR OFFICE

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The Mayor and Councilmembers must be residents and electors of Pacific Grove. (Charter Article 7)

A person is disqualified from holding an office upon conviction of designated crimes as specified in the Constitution and laws of the State. (Government Code Section 1021)

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TERM OF OFFICE

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The Mayor and three members of the Council shall be elected from the City at large at each general municipal election. The term of office for Mayor is two years. The term of office for Councilmember is four years. (City Charter Articles 6, 11, 12)

At its first regular meeting after certification of the election results of any municipal election, the City Council shall convene to duly canvass the returns of the election, declare the results of that election, and install the newly elected officers; provided however, that no officer shall be installed prior to filing by that officer of all disclosure or other statements required by ordinance or State law. (City Charter Article 9)

Neither the Mayor nor any member of the Council shall serve in the same office for more than eight years in succession. Any time in office resulting from a partial term which is one-half or less the length of the full term for the office shall not be counted toward the eight year limitation. (City Charter Article 12.5)

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NOMINATION PROCEDURE

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Nomination Period

The nomination filing period opens on Monday, July 13, 2020. The regular nomination period closes at 5:00 p.m. on Friday, August 7, 2020. However, if an eligible incumbent officer holder does not file for re-election, the filing period for non-incumbent candidates for that office will be extended until 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, August 12, 2020. The filing period would not be extended for the seat of a Councilmember who is ineligible for re-election due to term limitations. (Elections Code §10220; §10225)

Circulation of nomination form

All forms required for nomination and election to all municipal offices shall be furnished only by the city elections official during regular business hours. At the time of issuance of those forms the city elections official shall type in the forms the name of the candidate and the office for which he is a candidate, shall imprint a stamp which reads “Official Filing Form,” and shall affix his or her signature. At the time nomination papers are issued to a candidate, the city elections official shall imprint the date. The forms shall be distributed without charge to all candidates applying for them. (Elections Code §10227)

Any person age 18 years of age or older, including the candidate himself/herself, may circulate the nomination form. **Only one person may circulate the form.** The circulator must complete the “Affidavit of Circulator.” (Elections Code § 102; §10220; §10222)

Minimum Of Twenty Signatures Required

The filed nomination form must contain a minimum of twenty (20) and no more than thirty (30) signatures from registered voters of the City of Pacific Grove. Voters may sign only one nomination paper for Mayoral candidates and up to three nomination papers for Councilmember candidates. The voter’s signature will not be counted on any nomination form filed after his/her signature has been certified on the maximum number of times for that office. (Elections Code §10220)

Invalidation Of Signature

Each signer must personally print his or her name and affix his or her address on the nomination filing form, unless otherwise allowed by the Elections Code. (Elections Code §10221)

The residential street address must be affixed next to the signature. Post Office Box numbers and ditto are not acceptable and will not count toward the minimum number of signatures required. The address must be the same as the residence address on the

affidavit of registration filed with the Monterey County Registrar of Voters in order for the signature to count toward the minimum twenty signatures required to qualify for the ballot.

Filing Fee

The City of Pacific Grove requires payment of \$25.00 as fee for filing nomination papers. (Elections Code §10228)

Affidavit of Nominee

The nominee must complete the Nomination Form's "Affidavit of Nominee," including:

Name of nominee as it will appear on the ballot:

The candidate's name as it will appear on the ballot. This should be recognizable as the legal name under which he/she is registered, although the form of the name need not be identical (Elections Code §10223)

No title or degree may appear on the same line as the candidate's name. (Elections Code §13106)

Ballot Designation/Occupation as it will appear on the ballot, which may include ONE of the following (Elections Code §13107); Candidates are not required to publish a ballot designation (California Code of Regulations §20710(c)).

Ballot designations may include:

1. the nominee's elected office title, e.g. "Councilmember"
2. incumbent", "appointed incumbent", for candidates for Pacific Grove City Council
3. no more than three words describing the nominee's current principal profession/occupation/vocation described in no more than three words, or for the principal profession held within the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination papers. Please refer to the attachment for the California Code of Regulations relating to Ballot Designations, including §20714 for definitions of principal profession, occupation, vocation, including multiple principal professions, and for word count info. Please see §20714.5 for the use of "Community Volunteer"
 - Examples of acceptable ballot designations includes "Attorney;" (if State license is active) "Councilmember/Business Owner" (no more than three words); "Homemaker" (vocation); "Businessman/Rancher"
 - Punctuation is limited to commas and slashes. Hyphens may be used if so referenced by standard dictionaries. California geographical names are considered one word and shall be limited to the names of cities, counties and states, e.g. City of Pacific Grove. Special districts and other political subdivisions are not geographical names.
4. "appointed incumbent/title of office, for candidates appointed to elected office other than the Pacific Grove City Council

Prohibitions (please see attached Code of Regulations for a complete list of prohibitions)

Ballot designations may not include avocations; former occupations or occupations using the prefix “ex-”; trademarks or specific business names; adjectives that evaluate the candidate’s qualifications, e.g. “honest”; name of political parties; illegal activities; words referring to a racial, religious, or ethnic group. E.g., the candidate may use a clerical title such as “Rabbi” or “Pastor” but may not make reference to his or her specific denomination.

Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(3), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which abbreviates the word "retired" or places it following any word or words which it modifies. Examples of impermissible designations include "Ret. Army General," "Major USAF, Retired" and "City Attorney, Retired." Please see regulations §13107 for the complete definition of “retired.”

If a declaration of candidacy violates the restrictions, the candidate shall be notified and shall, within three days from the date of receipt of the notice, provide an alternate designation. If the candidate fails to provide such an alternate designation, no designation will appear after the candidate’s name on the ballot. (Elections Code 13107(f)(1)(2))

Oath of Office

The nominee’s Oath of Allegiance will be completed at the time of filing of the nomination form.

Verification of Signatures

Once filed, the City Clerk’s Office will transmit the nomination form to the Election Department to verify the eligibility of signatures. If the nomination form contains less than twenty eligible signatures from registered voters, the City Clerk’s Office will issue a Supplemental Nomination Form to the candidate. The circulator must obtain the requisite supplemental signatures from eligible voters and the completed Supplemental Nomination Form must be filed with the Pacific Grove City Clerk’s Office prior to the close of the nomination filing period. (Elections Code §10221)

All candidates are urged to file nomination forms as early as possible following the opening of the nomination filing period. This is to allow sufficient time to gather additional signatures if it is determined that the nomination form contains less than twenty eligible signatures from Pacific Grove registered voters. Candidates may wish to personally check registration information at the Monterey County Election Department prior to filing the nomination form with the City Clerk’s Office before the filing deadline.

Appointments are required.

Withdrawal of filing papers

The candidate may withdraw his/her nomination form until the end of the nomination period for that office, but not after that time. (Elections Code §10224)

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(OPTIONAL) CANDIDATE’S STATEMENT/PAMPHLET

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Candidate’s statement includes:

- ✓ Name
- ✓ Age (optional)
- ✓ Occupation (optional) – The occupation/designation listed in the optional candidate’s statement for the voters’ pamphlet may be different than the Ballot Designation and is not subject to the ballot designation limitations nor limited to three words.
- ✓ A brief description of the candidate’s education and qualifications. The statement may not exceed **200** words (City Resolution). The word count begins after the Education and Qualifications heading. See the attached word count information in the appendices.

(See attached sample)

Prohibitions

The candidate’s statement should be written in the first person and shall not in any way make reference to other candidates for that office or to another candidate's qualifications, character, or activities. (Elections Code Section 13308)

The Candidate’s Statement shall not include the party affiliation of the candidate nor membership or activity in partisan political organizations. (Elections Code Section 13307(a) (1)).

No statement shall contain any demonstrably false, slanderous or libelous statements. (Election Code 13307(e)).

Formatting

Candidate statements will be printed in type of uniform size and darkness. All candidate statements will be printed in justified/block paragraph form, however indenting the first line of the paragraph will be allowed.

DO NOT USE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

- ✓ **Bolding**
- ✓ ***Italics***
- ✓ **Bullets, Diamonds, Stars, Boxes, Circles, Check Marks, Asterisks**
- ✓ **Underlining, or**
- ✓ **ALL CAPITAL LETTERS (except in Titles and Acronyms).**

Electronic Form

If the candidate elects to submit a statement, it must be submitted in electronic form, e.g., thumb drive or e-mail. Please also print and sign the statement for filing with the City Clerk. If there is any discrepancy between the electronic and paper copy, the paper copy will prevail. Handwritten statements will not be accepted.

Candidate's Statement Fee

The Candidate Statement must be accompanied by a check or money order in the amount to be determined by the Monterey County Elections Office at the time of nomination paper filing.

No Corrections After Filing

Please proofread the Candidate's Statement and be accurate! The statement will be printed as submitted by the candidate without corrections by the Elections Official.

Withdrawal

Submitted statements may NOT be corrected, changed or re-filed, but may be withdrawn **no later than 5:00 p.m.** on the next working day following the close of the nomination period. (Election Code 13307(a)(3)). The fee will be reimbursed if the statement is withdrawn by the deadline.

Public Examination

The candidates' statements will be made available for public examination for a period of 10 calendar days immediately following the filing deadline for submission of those documents. During the 10-calendar-day public examination period, any voter of the jurisdiction in which the election is being held, or the elections official, himself or herself, may seek a writ of mandate or an injunction requiring any or all of the material in the candidates statements to be amended or deleted. The writ of mandate or injunction request shall be filed no later than the end of the 10-calendar-day public examination period. (Elections Code Section 13313)

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CITY CHARTER ARTICLE 8 QUALIFICATIONS STATEMENT
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In addition to the optional Candidate's Statement that may be printed in the Voters' Pamphlet, at the time of filing nomination papers, each candidate for an elective office shall file with the City Clerk a sworn statement at the time of filing nomination papers. The statement shall contain the following information and may be in a form similar to the attachment.

- (A) his or her name;
- (B) the office for which he or she is a candidate;
- (C) his or her present residence and occupation;
- (D) the public offices he or she has held, if any, as principal, deputy or employee;
- (E) experience, training, or education received which, in the candidate's opinion, would qualify him or her to fill the office for which he or she is a candidate.

Said form shall be posted in a conspicuous public place in the City offices.

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION FILING REQUIREMENTS

Conflict of Interest, Form 700

A Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, may be completed and filed with the City Clerk's Office with your nomination papers, but must be filed prior to the end of the nomination filing period - even if an annual has been filed. The covered period is one year previous to the date of filing nomination papers. The 700 form is available on the webpage of the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) at <http://www.fppc.ca.gov/content/dam/fppc/NS-Documents/TAD/Form%20700/2019-2020/Form%20700%202019.2020%20IA.pdf>

The form may be completed on line and printed for signature, but may not be filed electronically. Successful candidates will also have to complete Form 700 within thirty days of assuming office.

Campaign Statements

State Campaign Laws

Candidates' treasurers should familiarize themselves with the State's Campaign Disclosure Manual 2, which may be found at http://www.fppc.ca.gov/content/dam/fppc/NS-Documents/TAD/Campaign%20Manuals/Manual_2/Final_Manual_2_Entire_Manual.pdf

Interactive Campaign Statement forms are available by clicking onto "View All Forms" on the FPPC's home webpage at www.fppc.ca.gov. Forms may be completed online but may not be filed electronically. The candidate must print, sign, and file the form with the City Clerk's Office. Forms may also be requested from the City Clerk's Office.

Treasurers

A candidate who has established a campaign committee should ensure that his/her treasurer is qualified to meet the record-keeping and audit requirements as stated in the Political Reform Act, including Government Code Section 84104 and Sections 90000-90007, and as further outlined in the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Division 6, and the FPPC'S Campaign Disclosure Manual 2 referenced above. The City Clerk's Office is unable to assist you with completion of campaign disclosure forms. Violations of the Political Reform Act are enforced by the Fair Political Practices Commission.

FPPC Telephone Advice Line

The FPPC seeks to assist filers in complying with the Political Reform Act in order to avoid violations and/or enforcement activity. Questions should be referred to the FPPC Technical Assistance Division at their toll free telephone number, 1-866-275-3772. Representatives are available Monday through Thursday between 9 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. Representatives are very helpful in assisting callers. Callers are not required to identify themselves. Alternatively, questions may be emailed to advice@fppc.ca.gov.

Summary of Campaign Disclosure Forms (see FPPC website for additional forms):

FORM NAME	DESCRIPTION
Form 501 Candidate Intention	Basic form that must be filed prior to soliciting or receiving any contributions. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK
Form 410 Statement of Organization	To organize a committee and obtain a Committee ID Number from the state. Form 410 must be filed within 10 days of receiving \$2,000 in contributions or expenditures. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE; COPY WITH THE CITY CLERK.
Form 460 Recipient Committee Campaign Statement	For use by candidate of office holder who has formed a controlled committee, or who has raised or spent or will raise or spend \$2,000 or more during a calendar year in connection with an election to office, or holding office. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK
Form 470 Candidate and Office Holder Campaign Statement Short Form	This form is used by candidates who do not have a controlled committee, and do not anticipate raising or spending \$2,000 or more in a calendar year, other than paying for the candidates' statement/filing fee from the candidate's personal funds. If Form 470 is filed on or before the deadline for the first pre-election campaign statement, no additional campaign statement need be filed in connection with the election so long as total receipts/expenditures remain less than \$2,000. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK
Form 470 Supplement	A candidate who filed Form 470 in connection with an election and subsequently receives contributions or makes expenditures totaling \$2,000 or more is required to file this form. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK
Form 497 Late Contribution Report	Any committee that makes or receives a late contribution totaling \$1,000 or more from a single source during the 16 days immediately prior to the election in which the candidate or measure is to be voted on must file a report within 24 hours of the contribution. ORIGINAL FILED WITH THE CITY CLERK

Campaign Contribution Limits (Municipal Code Section 2.30.030)

(a) Contributions Limit Per Election. A candidate committee shall not accept any contribution exceeding \$600.00 from any single source in any single election campaign.

(b) Contribution Limit Adjustment for Inflation. The contribution limit set by this section shall be increased in proportion to the cumulative change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), for all urban consumers for the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose area, published by the United States Department of Labor using the CPI most recently available prior to April 1st of each year; provided, however, that an adjustment shall be based upon the cumulative change in the CPI since enactment of this measure, but each adjustment shall be rounded down to the nearest increment of \$50.00.

Campaign Disclosure Filing Deadlines:

Fair Political Practices Commission Filing Schedule for Candidates and Controlled Committees for Local Office Being Voted on November 3, 2020. Completed forms are to be filed with the City Clerk.

Deadline	Period	Form	Notes
July 31, 2020 <i>Semi-Annual</i>	thru 6/30/20	– 460 or 470	All committees must file Form 460
Within 24 Hours Contribution Reports	8/5/20 11/3/20	– 497	File if a contribution of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate is received from a single source. File if a contribution of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate is made to another candidate or measure being voted upon November 3, 2020. The recipient of a non-monetary contribution of \$1,000 or more must file a Form 497 within 48 hours from the time the contribution is received. File by personal delivery, email, guaranteed overnight service, fax or online, if available.
September 24, 2020 <i>1st Pre-Election</i>	7/1/20 9/19/20	– 460 470	Each candidate listed on the ballot must file Form 460 or Form 470.
Oct 22, 2020 <i>2nd Pre-Election</i>	9/20/20 10/17/20	– 460	All committees must file form 460. File by personal delivery, guaranteed overnight service or online, if available.
Jan 31, 2021 <i>Semi-Annual</i>	10/18/20 12/31/20	– 460	All committees must file Form 460 unless the committee filed termination Forms 410 and 460 before December 31, 2020.

Period Covered: The period covered by any statement begins on the day after the closing date of the last statement filed, or January 1, if no previous statement has been filed.

Local Ordinance: Always check on whether additional local rules apply

Deadline Extensions: Deadlines are extended when they fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or an official state holiday. This extension does not apply to the deadline for a Form 497 due the weekend before the election or to any form 496. Such reports must be filed within 24 hours regardless of the day of the week. Statements filed after the deadline are subject to a \$10 per day late fine.

Method of Delivery: All paper filings may be filed by first class mail unless otherwise noted. A paper copy of a report may not be required if a local agency requires online filing pursuant to a local ordinance.

Form 501: All candidates must file Form 501 (Candidate Intention Statement) before soliciting/receiving contributions.

Form 460: Candidates who have raised/spent \$2,000 or more file the Form 460. The Form 410 (Statement of Organization) must also be filed once \$2,000 or more has been raised/spent.

Form 470: Candidates who do not raise or spend \$2,000 or more (or anticipate raising or spending \$2,000) or more in 2020 and do not have an open committee may file Form 470 on or before September 24, 2020. If, later during the calendar year, a campaign committee must be opened, a form 470 Supplement and a Form 410 must be filed.

After the Election: Reporting requirements will depend on whether the candidate is successful and whether a candidate is successful and whether a campaign committee is open. See [Campaign Disclosure Manual 2](#) for additional information.

Public Documents: All forms are public documents.

No extension of filing deadlines. The City Clerk has no authority to extend filing deadlines. Statements filed after the deadline are late and are subject to penalties.

CAMPAIGN PRACTICES

Political Activities ([City Charter Article 43](#))

(a) No candidate for elective or appointive office in the City shall solicit any assessment, subscription, contribution or political service for any political purpose from anyone on the employment lists of the City.

(b) One who holds or seeks election or appointment to any public office in the City shall not directly or indirectly use or promise or threaten to use authority or influence to secure any vote, political influence or action or contribution from any officer or employee of the City.

(c) No officer or employee of the City shall advertise the fact of his or her employment by the City in any public advertisement for a political candidate or ballot issue.

(d) Nothing herein contained applies to funds, contributions and services solicited or received to promote or defeat any ballot measure which would affect the rate of pay, hours of work, retirement, civil service or other working conditions of said officers and employees, provided such activity does not occur during working hours or in places of public duty.

Political Signs

“Political sign” means a sign intended to draw attention to or communicate a position on any issue, candidate or measure in any national, state or local election. (City Code §20.04.150(h))

Signs on Private Property

Permission is to be obtained from the owner of any private property before placement of any campaign signs on that property. No City permits are required for signs on private property.

Candidates and their supporters may place “any number of non-illuminated political signs, limited to a combined sign area not exceeding sixteen square feet in residential zones and twenty

square feet in other zones, provided that:

- (1) there is no limit to the number or area of political window signs, and
- (2) political signs shall be posted no earlier than **September 22, 2020** and be removed within seven days following such election. PGMC [20.04.020](#)

However, all such signs are subject to the provisions of PGMC [20.04.120](#), which requires that, “All signs and their supporting members shall be maintained in good condition. Dilapidated signs shall be repaired or removed upon order of the community development department.

Signs on Public Property Prohibited

Any sign, including a political sign, attached, maintained, painted, printed or otherwise affixed to a curbstone, lamppost, hydrant, tree, shrub, tree stake or guard, utility pole, wire, bench, sidewalk, crosswalk, traffic signpost, traffic-control device, parking meter or structure in or upon any public street, alley, or upon any other public property, except by a duly authorized public employee or required or permitted by law. Any sign prohibited by this subsection may be removed by city personnel, and persons responsible for placing the signs shall be liable for cost of removal (PGMC §20.04.030(h))

Any such signs removed by staff shall be placed at the Public Works Corporation Yard at 2100 Sunset Drive for later pick-up by the candidate.

Mass Mailing (Government Code 84305)

(a) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a candidate, candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the controlling candidate, or political party committee shall not send a mass mailing unless the name, street address, and city of the candidate or committee are shown on the outside of each piece of mail in the mass mailing and on at least one of the inserts included within each piece of mail of the mailing in no less than 6-point type that is in a color or print that contrasts with the background so as to be easily legible. A post office box may be stated in lieu of a street address if the candidate’s, candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the controlling candidate’s, or political party committee’s address is a matter of public record with the Secretary of State.

(2) Except as provided in subdivision (b), a committee, other than a candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the controlling candidate or a political party committee, shall not send a mass mailing that is not required to include a disclosure pursuant to Section 84504.2 unless the name, street address, and city of the committee is shown on the outside of each piece of mail in the mass mailing and on at least one of the inserts included within each piece of mail of the mailing in no less than 6-point type that is in a color or print that contrasts with the background so as to be easily legible. A post office box may be stated in lieu of a street address if the committee’s address is a matter of public record with the Secretary of State.

(b) If the sender of the mass mailing is a single candidate or committee, the name, street address, and city of the candidate or committee need only be shown on the outside of each piece of mail.

(c) (1) A candidate, candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the

controlling candidate, or political party committee shall not send a mass electronic mailing unless the name of the candidate or committee is shown in the electronic mailing preceded by the words “Paid for by” in at least the same size font as a majority of the text in the electronic mailing.

(2) A committee, other than a candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the controlling candidate or a political party committee, shall not send a mass electronic mailing that is not required to include a disclosure pursuant to Section 84502 or 84504.3 unless the name of the committee is shown in the electronic mailing preceded by the words “Paid for by” in at least the same size font as a majority of the text in the electronic mailing.

(d) If the sender of a mass mailing is a controlled committee, the name of the person controlling the committee shall be included in addition to the information required by subdivision (a) or (c).

(e) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(1) “Mass electronic mailing” means sending more than 200 substantially similar pieces of electronic mail within a calendar month. “Mass electronic mailing” does not include a communication that was solicited by the recipient, including, but not limited to, acknowledgments for contributions or information that the recipient communicated to the organization.

(2) “Sender” means the candidate, candidate controlled committee established for an elective office for the controlling candidate, or political party committee who pays for the largest portion of expenditures attributable to the designing, printing, and posting of the mailing which are reportable pursuant to Sections 84200 to 84216.5, inclusive.

(3) To “pay for” a share of the cost of a mass mailing means to make, to promise to make, or to incur an obligation to make, any payment: (A) to any person for the design, printing, postage, materials, or other costs of the mailing, including salaries, fees, or commissions, or (B) as a fee or other consideration for an endorsement or, in the case of a ballot measure, support or opposition, in the mailing.

(f) This section does not apply to a mass mailing or mass electronic mailing that is paid for by an independent expenditure.

Mass Mailing Definition (Gov. Code 82041.5)

“Mass mailing” means over two hundred substantially similar pieces of mail, but does not include a form letter or other mail which is sent in response to an unsolicited request, letter or other inquiry.

Mass Mailing by Incumbents (Gov. Code 89001)

No newsletter or other mass mailing shall be sent at public expense.

Official Seal (Elections Code 18304)

(a) Any person who uses or allows to be used any reproduction or facsimile of the seal of the county or the seal of a local government agency in any campaign literature or mass mailing, as

defined in Section 82041.5 of the Government Code, with intent to deceive the voters, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) For purposes of this section, the use of a reproduction or facsimile of a seal in a manner that creates a misleading, erroneous, or false impression that the document is authorized by a public official is evidence of intent to deceive.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "local government agency" means a school district, special or other district, or any other board, commission, or agency of local jurisdiction.

Political Advertising (Elections Code 20008)

Requirements

Any paid political advertisement that refers to an election or to any candidate for state or local elective office and that is contained in or distributed with a newspaper, shall bear on each surface or page thereof, in type or lettering at least half as large as the type or lettering of the advertisement or in 10-point roman type, whichever is larger, the words "Paid Political Advertisement." The words shall be set apart from any other printed matter.

As used in this section "paid political advertisement" shall mean and shall be limited to, published statements paid for by advertisers for purposes of supporting or defeating any person who has filed for an elective state or local office.

False or Forged Campaign Materials (Penal Code 115.2)

(a) No person shall publish or cause to be published, with actual knowledge, and intent to deceive, any campaign advertisement containing false or fraudulent depictions, or false or fraudulent representations, of official public documents or purported official public documents.

(b) For purposes of this section, campaign advertisement means any communication directed to voters by means of a mass mailing as defined in Section 82041.5 of the Government Code, a paid newspaper advertisement, an outdoor advertisement, or any other printed matter, if the expenditures for that communication are required to be reported by Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 84100) of Title 9 of the Government Code.

(c) Any violation of this section is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail, or by a fine not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), or both.

Pictures in Campaign Material (Elections Code 20010)

(a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), no person, firm, association, corporation, campaign committee, or organization may, with actual malice, produce, distribute, publish, or broadcast campaign material that contains (1) a picture or photograph of a person or persons into which the image of a candidate for public office is superimposed or (2) a picture or photograph of a candidate for public office into which the image of another person or persons is superimposed. "Campaign material" includes, but is not limited to, any printed matter, advertisement in a newspaper or other periodical, television commercial, or computer image. For purposes of this section, "actual malice" means the knowledge that the image of a person has been superimposed on a picture or photograph to create a false representation, or a reckless disregard of whether or not the image of a person has been superimposed on a picture or photograph to create a false

representation.

(b) A person, firm, association, corporation, campaign committee, or organization may produce, distribute, publish, or broadcast campaign material that contains a picture or photograph prohibited by subdivision (a) only if each picture or photograph in the campaign material includes the following statement in the same point size type as the largest point size type used elsewhere in the campaign material: “This picture is not an accurate representation of fact.” The statement shall be immediately adjacent to each picture or photograph prohibited by subdivision (a).

(c)(1) Any registered voter may seek a temporary restraining order and an injunction prohibiting the publication, distribution, or broadcasting of any campaign material in violation of this section. Upon filing a petition under this section, the plaintiff may obtain a temporary restraining order in accordance with [Section 527](#) of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(2) A candidate for public office whose likeness appears in a picture or photograph prohibited by subdivision (a) may bring a civil action against any person, firm, association, corporation, campaign committee, or organization that produced, distributed, published, or broadcast the picture or photograph prohibited by subdivision (a). The court may award damages in an amount equal to the cost of producing, distributing, publishing, or broadcasting the campaign material that violated this section, in addition to reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

(d)(1) This act shall not apply to a holder of a license granted pursuant to the federal Communications Act of 1934 ([47 U.S.C. Sec. 151 et seq.](#)) in the performance of the functions for which the license is granted.

(2) This act shall not apply to the publisher or an employee of a newspaper, magazine, or other periodical that is published on a regular basis for any material published in that newspaper, magazine, or other periodical. For purposes of this subdivision, a “newspaper, magazine, or other periodical that is published on a regular basis” shall not include any newspaper, magazine, or other periodical that has as its primary purpose the publication of campaign advertising or communication, as defined by [Elections Code Section 304](#).

Electioneering (Elections Code 18370)

No person, on election day, or at any time that a voter may be casting a ballot, shall, within 100 feet of a polling place, a satellite location under Section 3018, or an elections official’s office:

- (a) Circulate an initiative, referendum, recall, or nomination petition or any other petition.
- (b) Solicit a vote or speak to a voter on the subject of marking his or her ballot.
- (c) Place a sign relating to voters’ qualifications or speak to a voter on the subject of his or her qualifications except as provided in Section 14240.
- (d) Do any electioneering as defined by Section 319.5.

As used in this section, “100 feet of a polling place, a satellite location under Section 3018, or an elections official’s office” means a distance 100 feet from the room or rooms in which voters are signing the roster and casting ballots.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Electioneering During Vote by Mail Voting (Elections Code 18371)

No person, on election day, or at any time that a voter may be casting a ballot, shall, within 100 feet of a polling place, a satellite location under Section 3018, or an elections official’s office:

- (a) Circulate an initiative, referendum, recall, or nomination petition or any other petition.
- (b) Solicit a vote or speak to a voter on the subject of marking his or her ballot.

(c) Place a sign relating to voters' qualifications or speak to a voter on the subject of his or her qualifications except as provided in Section 14240.

(d) Do any electioneering as defined by Section 319.5.

As used in this section, "100 feet of a polling place, a satellite location under Section 3018, or an elections official's office" means a distance 100 feet from the room or rooms in which voters are signing the roster and casting ballots.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

=====
FAIR CAMPAIGN PLEDGE
=====

The City Clerk's Office issues the Code of Fair Campaign Practices to candidates pursuant to Elections Code Sections 20400-20444. The voluntary pledge in the appendices may be completed and returned to the City Clerk's Office. While the pledge is not mandatory, some organizations limit their political forums to candidates who have the attached fair campaign pledges on file with the City Clerk's Office.

APPENDICES

- 1 Nomination Petition
- 2 Ballot Code Designations
- 3 Ballot Designation Worksheet
- 4 City Charter 8 Candidates Qualifications Statement
- 5 Code of Fair Campaign Practices Pledge
- 6 Permission for Internet Posting
- 7 Political Sign Statement of Responsibility
- 8 Word Count Information
- 9 Sample Candidate's Statement
- 10 Election Dates of Particular Note
- 11 FPPC Candidates Committee Filing Schedule
- 12 PG Candidates FAQs
- 13 PG Charter 43 Political Activities
- 14 FPPC Campaign FAQs
- 15 Form 700, Statements of Economic Interest
- 16 Form 501, Candidate Intention Statement
- 17 Form 410 Statement of Organization
- 18 Form 460 Recipient Committee Campaign Statement

	NAME <i>NOMBRE</i>	RESIDENCE <i>RESIDENCIA</i>	VERIFICATION (To be entered by Elections Official) <i>VERIFICACIÓN</i> (El funcionario electoral lo llenará)
8	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
9	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
10	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
11	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
12	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
13	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
14	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
15	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
16	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
17	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
18	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
19	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
20	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
21	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
22	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	

	NAME <i>NOMBRE</i>	RESIDENCE <i>RESIDENCIA</i>	VERIFICATION (To be entered by Elections Official) <i>VERIFICACIÓN</i> (El funcionario electoral lo llenará)
23	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
24	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
25	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
26	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
27	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
28	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
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30	Print (<i>Escriba su nombre</i>) Sign (<i>Firme</i>)	Residence Address ONLY (<i>SÓLO la dirección en donde vive</i>) City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	

AFFIDAVIT OF THE CIRCULATOR
(To be completed in circulator's own hand)

I, _____, solemnly swear (or affirm) all of the following:
Print Name

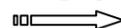
- That I am 18 years of age or older;
- That my residence address, including street and number, is _____.
- That the signatures on this nomination paper were obtained between the _____ day of _____, 2020, and the _____ day of _____, 2020; that I circulated the petition and I witnessed the signatures on the nomination paper being written; and that, to the best of my information and belief, each signature is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed: _____
Circulator's Signature

Executed by me at _____, California on this _____ day of _____, 2020.

Please complete Affidavit of Circulator on next page



CANDIDATE INFORMATION

Candidate's Name _____ Home Phone _____

Candidate's Residence Address _____ Work or Mobile Phone _____

Address if different than above _____ Fax Number _____ E-mail _____ Mailing _____

AFFIDAVIT OF NOMINEE AND OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

State of California
County of Monterey } ss.

Being duly sworn, says that he or she is the above named nominee for the office of: _____
(Name of Nominee)

_____ (Name of Office)

Name & Occupation as it will appear on the Official Ballot & Voter Pamphlet:

that he or she will accept the office in the event of his or her election, that he or she desires his or her name to appear on the ballot as follows: _____
(Print Your Name)

and that he or she desires the following designation* to appear on the ballot under his or her name: _____
(Print designation of 3 words or less)*

I, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of California against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of California; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am about to enter.

Executed at Salinas, CA on _____, 2020.

_____ (Signature of Candidate)

Subscribed and Sworn to before me on _____, 2020.

_____ (Notary Public or Other Official)

- *BALLOT DESIGNATION REQUIREMENTS**
- At the option of the candidate, ONLY ONE, of the following designations may be used:
- Words designating the elective city, county, district, state or federal office which the candidate holds at the time of filing the nomination papers to which he or she was elected by vote of the people, or to which he or she was appointed, in the case of a superior or municipal court judge.
 - The word "Incumbent" if the candidate is a candidate for the same office which he or she holds at the time of filing the nomination papers, and was elected to that office by a vote of the people, or in the case of a superior or municipal court judge, was appointed to that office.
 - No more than three words designating either the current principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate, or the principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination documents. For purposes of this section, all California geographical names shall be considered to be one word. Hyphenated words that appear in any generally available standard reference dictionary, published in the U.S. at any time within the 10 calendar years immediately preceding the election for which the words are counted, shall be considered as one word. Each part of all other hyphenated words shall be counted as a separate word. The use of the word "Retired" by itself or as a prefix is acceptable, but not after any other word or words (e.g. "Retired" and "Retired Army Officer" is permissible; "U.S.M.C., Retired" is not).
 - The phrase "Appointed Incumbent" if the candidate holds office by virtue of appointment, but may not use the unmodified word "Incumbent."
- No candidate shall assume a designation that would mislead the voters. Elections Code §13107

OFFICIAL FILING FORM

City of _____ Elections Official _____

By: _____

Date Issued: _____

COMPLETED FORM RECEIVED

By: _____

Date: _____

Nomination Paper

DOCUMENTO DE NOMINACIÓN

We, the undersigned voters of the City of _____ hereby nominate, _____, for the office of _____ of the City of _____ to be voted for at the **Presidential General Election** to be held on **Tuesday, November 3, 2020.**

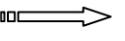
Nosotros, los electores firmantes, de la ciudad de _____, por la presente nominamos a _____ para el cargo de la ciudad de _____ para ser votado a favor de la Elección General Presidencial que se llevarán a cabo el martes, 3 de noviembre de 2020.

I am not at this time a signer of any other nomination paper of any other candidate for the above-named office. My residence address is correctly set forth after my signature hereto:

En este momento no soy firmante de otro documento de nominación de cualquier otro candidato para el cargo citado anteriormente. Con mi firma establezco que mi domicilio es correcto:

	NAME <i>NOMBRE</i>	RESIDENCE <i>RESIDENCIA</i>	VERIFICATION <small>(To be entered by Elections Official) VERIFICACIÓN <small>(El funcionario electoral lo llenará)</small></small>
1	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
2	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
3	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
4	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
5	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
6	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	
7	Print <i>(Escriba su nombre)</i> Sign <i>(Firme)</i>	Residence Address ONLY <i>(SÓLO la dirección en donde vive)</i> City or Town, Zip Code / <i>Ciudad o Localidad, Código Postal</i>	

Please complete Affidavit of Circulator on third side



Alex Padilla
California Secretary of State

What can we help you with?

Search



Ballot Designations

California Code of Regulations

Title 2. Administration

Division 7. Secretary of State

Chapter 7. Ballot Designations

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20712 Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, Subdivision (a)(1).

20713 Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, Subdivision (a)(2).

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20714.5 "Community Volunteer."

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20716 Unacceptable Ballot Designations.

20717 Requests for Supporting Documentation.

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20719 Service of Legal Process Regarding Ballot Designations.

20710. General Provisions.

- (a) The regulatory purpose of this Chapter is to ensure the accurate designation of the candidate upon the ballot in order that an informed electorate may intelligently elect one of the candidates.
- (b) The Secretary of State shall, at all times, apply and interpret the provisions of Elections Code Section 13107 and the regulations included in this Chapter in a manner consistent with the regulatory purpose of this Chapter.
- (c) Candidates are not required to use a ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a), and may opt to leave the space for such a designation on the ballot blank. In order to notify the elections official as to whether he or she will use a ballot designation or will opt to leave the ballot designation space blank, the candidate must initial the appropriate box on the Declaration of Candidacy or otherwise so indicate on the Declaration of Candidacy.
- (d) Pursuant to Elections Code s 13107, subdivision (a), a candidate may submit a proposed ballot designation pursuant to any one of the four provisions specified in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a), subparts (1) through (4), applicable to that candidate. The candidate shall be free to select from which of the applicable four subparts he or she is submitting his or her proposed ballot designation.
- (e) The regulations set forth in this Chapter shall apply only to elections held for offices for which elections returns are certified by the Secretary of State of the State of California.
- (f) Whenever, the word "should" is used in this Chapter, it is recommended, not mandatory.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New chapter 7 (sections 20710-20719) and section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).

20711. Ballot Designation Worksheet.

- (a) In order to facilitate review of a candidate's proposed ballot designation by the Secretary of State pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, the candidate shall submit, at the time of filing his or her proposed ballot designation on the Declaration of Candidacy, a completed Ballot Designation Worksheet on a form provided by the Secretary of State.
- (b) All Ballot Designation Worksheets filed with the Office of the Secretary of State or the county elections officials pursuant to this section shall be public records and shall be available for inspection and copying at the public counter of the Elections Division of the Office of the Secretary of State, Fifth Floor, 1500 11th Street, Sacramento, California 95814, or at the office of the applicable county elections official.
- (c) The Secretary of State shall provide a master copy or copies of the Ballot Designation Worksheet to all elections officials responsible for providing and accepting the nomination documents for candidates in elections for offices certified by the Secretary of State. The Ballot Designation Worksheet shall request that the candidate proposing the ballot designation provide the following information:
 - (1) The candidate's name, home, business and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail address, if available, and fax number;
 - (2) A designation of the office for which the candidate is seeking election;
 - (3) The name, home, business and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail address, if available, and fax number of the attorney representing the candidate or for any other person to be contacted in the event the Secretary of State requires further information regarding the proposed ballot designation;
 - (4) The proposed ballot designation submitted by the candidate;
 - (5) The candidate may submit one or more proposed alternate ballot designations ranked in order of the candidate's preference;
 - (6) A brief statement identifying the factual basis upon which the candidate claims the proposed ballot designation and each proposed alternate ballot designation, including the following:
 - (A) If the candidate holds elected office and is submitting his or her proposed ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivisions (a)(1) or (a)(2), the candidate shall indicate the elective office he or she currently occupies and may attach a copy of his or her Certificate of Election;
 - (B) If the candidate is a judicial officer and is submitting his or her proposed ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivisions (a)(1) or (a)(2), the candidate shall indicate the elective office he or she currently holds and may attach either (A) a copy of his or her Certificate of Election or (B) a copy of his or her commission or certificate of appointment, issued at the time the candidate was appointed to the judicial office which he or she currently occupies;
 - (C) If the candidate submits a ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), the candidate shall indicate:
 - (i) The title of the position or positions which he or she claims supports the proposed ballot designation;
 - (ii) The dates during which the candidate held such position;
 - (iii) A description of the work he or she performs in the position;
 - (iv) The name of the candidate's business or employer;
 - (v) The name and telephone number of a person or persons who could verify such information; and
 - (vi) A statement that the professions, vocations or occupations relied upon to support the proposed ballot designation constitute the primary, main or leading professions, vocations or occupations of the candidate, in accordance with the definition of the term "principal" as set forth at Section 20714, subdivision (b).
 - (D) If the candidate submits a ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(4), the candidate shall indicate the date on which he or she was appointed to the office for which he or she is an appointed incumbent.
- (d) The candidate may attach or append any supporting documents or other exhibits to his or her Ballot Designation Worksheet which he or she believes support his or her proposed ballot designation. Such attached documents or other exhibits shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference as part of the candidate's Ballot Designation Worksheet and shall be considered as such by the Secretary of State.

- (e) If a candidate requests a change of his or her ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107(e), that request shall be accompanied by a Ballot Designation Worksheet.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Sections 13107 and 13107.3, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment of subsections (a), (c)(5), (c)(6)(A)-(C) and (c)(6)(D), new subsection (e) and amendment of Note filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20712. Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, Subdivision (a)(1).

Proposed ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(1), shall be subject to the following provisions:

- (a) In the case of candidates holding elective city, county, district, state, or federal office, the candidate's ballot designation shall be the elective office which the candidate holds at the time of filing the nomination documents.
- (b) In the case of judicial officers, the candidate's ballot designation shall be the elective office which the candidate holds at the time of filing the nomination documents.
- (c) There shall be no word count limitation applicable to ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(1).
- (d) Proposed ballot designations indicating a position of legislative leadership or leadership in another elected body, such as "Majority Leader of the California Senate," "Minority Leader of the California State Assembly," "Speaker of the California State Assembly," "President Pro Tempore of the California State Senate," "City of Orange Mayor Pro Tem," and the like, are not elective offices described in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(1). Such ballot designations are improper, pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(1). They may, however, subject to the three-word limit, be considered under the provisions of Section 13107(a)(3). Examples of acceptable ballot designations under this section include, but are not limited to, "Assembly Minority Leader," "California Assembly Speaker," and "Mayor Pro Tem."
- (e) Proposed ballot designations indicating that the candidate is a member of the state or county central committee of a political party, or an officer of a state or county central committee of a political party, are improper, as such positions do not constitute elective county or state offices as specified in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(1).

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment of subsection (d) filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20713. Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, Subdivision (a)(2).

Proposed ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code s 13107, subdivision (a)(2), shall be subject to the following provisions:

- (a) A proposed ballot designation submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(2), is limited "incumbent," as that term is defined in Elections Code s 13107, subdivision (a)(2).
- (b) The term "incumbent" must be used as a noun. It shall not be used in conjunction with any other words, including any accompanying adjectives or modifiers, and must stand alone. A candidate qualified to use this designation pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(2), shall be entitled to use the ballot designation "Incumbent."
- (c) The word "incumbent" is strictly limited for use in ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(2), and may not be used as an adjective in any other ballot designation.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).

20714. Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, Subdivision (a)(3).

Proposed ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), shall be subject to the following provisions:

- (a) The terms "profession," "vocation," or "occupation," as those terms are used in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), are defined as follows:
- (1) "Profession" means a field of employment requiring special education or skill and requiring knowledge of a particular discipline. The labor and skill involved in a profession is predominantly mental or intellectual, rather than physical or manual. Recognized professions generally include, but are not limited to, law, medicine, education, engineering, accountancy, and journalism. Examples of an acceptable designation of a "profession," as defined in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), include, but are not limited to, "attorney," "physician," "accountant," "architect," and "teacher."
 - (2) "Vocation" means a trade, a religious calling, or the work upon which a person, in most but not all cases, relies for his or her livelihood and spends a major portion of his or her time. As defined, vocations may include, but are not limited to, religious ministry, child rearing, homemaking, elderly and dependent care, and engaging in trades such as carpentry, cabinetmaking, plumbing, and the like. Examples of an acceptable designation of a "vocation," as defined in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), include, but are not limited to, "minister," "priest," "mother," "father," "homemaker," "dependent care provider," "carpenter," "plumber," "electrician," and "cabinetmaker."
 - (3) "Occupation" means the employment in which one regularly engages or follows as the means of making a livelihood. Examples of an acceptable designation of an "occupation," as defined in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), include, but are not limited to, "rancher," "restaurateur," "retail salesperson," "manual laborer," "construction worker," "computer manufacturing executive," "military pilot," "secretary," and "police officer."
- (b) "Principal," as that term is used in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), means a substantial involvement of time and effort such that the activity is one of the primary, main or leading professional, vocational or occupational endeavors of the candidate. The term "principal" precludes any activity which does not entail a significant involvement on the part of the candidate. Involvement which is only nominal, pro forma, or titular in character does not meet the requirements of the statute.
- (1) If a candidate is licensed by the State of California to engage in a profession, vocation or occupation, the candidate is entitled to consider it one of his or her "principal" professions, vocations or occupations if the candidate has maintained his or her license current as of the date he or she filed his or nomination documents by complying with all applicable requirements of the respective licensure, including the payment of all applicable license fees and the status of the candidate's license is active at the time he or she filed his or her nomination documents.
 - (2) A candidate who holds a professional, vocational or occupational license issued by the State of California may not claim such profession, vocation or occupation as one of his or her "principal" professions, vocations or occupations if the candidate's licensure status is "inactive" at the time the candidate files his or her nomination document, or the candidate's license has been suspended or revoked by the agency issuing the license at the time the candidate files his or her nomination documents.
- (c) In order for a ballot designation submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), to be deemed acceptable by the Secretary of State, it must accurately state the candidate's principal professions, vocations or occupations, as those terms are defined in subdivisions (a) and (b) herein. Each proposed principal profession, vocation or occupation submitted by the candidate must be factually accurate, descriptive of the candidate's principal profession, vocation or occupation, must be neither confusing nor misleading, and must be in full and complete compliance with Elections Code Section 13107 and the regulations in this Chapter.
- (d) If the candidate is engaged in a profession, vocation or occupation at the time he or she files his or her nomination documents, the candidate's proposed ballot designation is entitled to consist of the candidate's current principal professions, vocations and occupations. In the event the candidate does not have a current principal profession, vocation or occupation at the time he or she files his or her nomination documents, the candidate may use a ballot designation consisting of his or her principal professions, vocations or occupations, which the candidate was principally engaged in during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of the candidate's nomination papers.
- (e) A candidate may engage in multiple principal professions, vocations or occupations. Accordingly, the candidate may designate multiple principal professions, vocations or occupations. If a candidate proposes a ballot designation including multiple principal professions, vocations or occupations, the proposed ballot designation must comply with the following provisions:

- (1) The proposed ballot designation must comply with the three-word limitation specified in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), and as implemented pursuant to subdivision (f) herein.
 - (2) Each such proposed profession, vocation or occupation shall be separately considered by the Secretary of State and must independently qualify as a "principal" profession, vocation or occupation, as that term is defined pursuant to subdivision (b) herein.
 - (3) When multiple professions, vocations or occupations are proposed as a ballot designation, they shall be separated by a slash ("/"). An example of an acceptable designation would be "Legislator/Rancher/Physician."
- (f) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3), the candidate's ballot designation shall be limited to not more than three (3) words. The following rules shall govern the application of the three-word limitation:
- (1) The proposed ballot designation shall be grammatically correct, generic, and all words must be spelled correctly.
 - (2) Punctuation shall be limited to the use of a comma (e.g., District Attorney, Los Angeles County) and a slash (e.g., Legislator/Rancher/Physician), pursuant to subdivision (e) of this section. A hyphen may be used if, and only if, the use of a hyphen is called for in the spelling of a word as it appears in a standard reference dictionary of the English language, which was published in the United States at any time within the 10 calendar years immediately preceding the election for which the words are counted.
 - (3) All California geographical names shall be considered to be one word and shall be limited to the names of cities, counties and states. The names of special districts and political subdivisions are not "geographical names," as that term is used in Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3). If the candidate desires, the geographical name may be used in the form of "City of . . .," "County of . . .," or "City and County of . . ." Examples of geographical names considered to be one word include Tehama County, Los Angeles County and County of Sacramento. Examples of designations containing a special district or political subdivision that are not geographical names include "Butte County Rural Fire District Captain," "Huntington Beach Unified School District President," and "South Bay Irrigation District Director."
 - (4) An acronym shall be counted as one word.
- (g) A candidate who chooses to include the name of his or her elective office with another profession, vocation, or occupation may do so pursuant to Elections Code section 13107(a)(3), but that ballot designation shall be limited to no more than three words. Examples of acceptable designations under this section include "State Senator/Rancher," "California Assemblywoman/Attorney," "County Supervisor/Teacher," and "State Controller/Businessman." Examples of unacceptable designations under this section include "Assemblyman, 57th District/Educator," "California State Senator/Architect," "Placer County Supervisor/Business Owner," and "Member, Board of Equalization/Banker."

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Sections 9 and 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment of subsections (a)(1), (c) and (f)(2)-(3), new subsection (g) and amendment of Note filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20714.5. "Community Volunteer."

- (a) "Community Volunteer" means a person who engages in an activity or performs a service for or on behalf of, without profiting monetarily, one or more of the following:
- (1) A charitable, educational, or religious organization as defined by the United States Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3);
 - (2) A governmental agency; or
 - (3) An educational institution.
- (b) The activity or service must constitute substantial involvement of the candidate's time and effort such that the activity or service is the sole, primary, main or leading professional, vocational or occupational endeavor of the candidate within the meaning of subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 20714 of this Chapter.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code; and Section 13107.5(b), Elections Code. Reference: Sections 13107 and 13107.5, Elections Code; and Section 501(c)(3), United State Internal Revenue Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20715. Proposed Ballot Designations Submitted Pursuant to Elections Code s 13107, Subdivision (a)(4).

- (a) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(4), a candidate may propose a ballot designation consisting of the phrase "appointed incumbent" if the candidate holds an office, other than a judicial office, by virtue of appointment, and the candidate is a candidate for election to the same office. The candidate may not use the unmodified word "incumbent" or any words designating the office unmodified by the word "appointed."
- (b) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(4), a candidate may propose a ballot designation consisting of the word "appointed" in conjunction with the elective office, if the candidate is a candidate for election to the same office or to some other office. The candidate may not use any words designating the office unmodified by the word "appointed."
- (c) There shall be no word count limitation applicable to ballot designations submitted pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(4).

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).

20716. Unacceptable Ballot Designations.

- (a) The Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which fails to comply with Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a); is prohibited pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b); is misleading; or is otherwise improper pursuant to the regulations set forth in this Chapter.
- (b) The following types of activities are distinguished from professions, vocations and occupations and are not acceptable as ballot designations pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (a)(3):
 - (1) Avocations: An avocation is a casual or occasional activity, diversion or hobby pursued principally for enjoyment and in addition to the candidate's principal profession, vocation or occupation. Avocations may include, but are not limited to, hobbies, social activities, volunteer work (except as set forth in Section 20714.5 of this Chapter), and matters pursued as an amateur.
 - (2) Pro Forma Professions, Vocations and Occupations: Pro forma professions, vocations or occupations are positions held by the candidate which consume little or none of the candidate's time and which, by their nature, are voluntary or for which the candidate is not compensated, except as set forth in Section 20714.5 of this Chapter. Pro forma professions, vocations and occupations may include, but are not limited to, such pursuits as honorary peace officer, honorary chairperson, honorary professor, goodwill ambassador, official host or hostess and the like.
 - (3) Statuses: A status is a state, condition, social position or legal relation of the candidate to another person, persons or the community as a whole. A status is generic in nature and generally fails to identify with any particular specificity the manner by which the candidate earns his or her livelihood or spends the substantial majority of his or her time. Examples of a status include, but are not limited to, veteran, proponent, reformer, scholar, founder, philosopher, philanthropist, activist, patriot, taxpayer, concerned citizen, husband, wife, and the like.
- (c) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(1), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which would mislead voters. In making this determination, the Secretary of State shall determine whether there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonably prudent voter would be misled as to the candidate's principal profession, vocation or occupation by the candidate's proposed ballot designation. The determination shall take into account the plain meaning of the words constituting the proposed ballot designation and the factual accuracy of the proposed ballot designation based upon supporting documents or other evidence submitted by the candidate in support of the proposed ballot designation, pursuant to SectionSection 20711 and 20717 of this Chapter.
- (d) A ballot designation may not comprise or include commercial identification information, such as a trademark, service mark, tradename, or the specific name of a business, partnership, corporation, company, foundation, or organization. Examples of an improper use of commercial identification information include, but are not limited to, "Acme Company President," "Universal Widget Inventor," "Director, Smith Foundation," "UCLA Professor," and the like.
- (e) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(2), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which would suggest an evaluation of the candidate's qualifications, honesty, integrity,

leadership abilities or character. Any laudatory or derogatory adjectives which would suggest an evaluation of the candidate's qualifications shall not be permitted. Such impermissible adjectives include, but are not limited to, "senior," "emeritus," "specialist," "magnate," "outstanding," "leading," "expert," "virtuous," "eminent," "best," "exalted," "prominent," "famous," "respected," "honored," "honest," "dishonest," "corrupt," "lazy," and the like.

- (f) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(3), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which abbreviates the word "retired" or places it following any word or words which it modifies. Examples of impermissible designations include "Ret. Army General," "Major USAF, Retired" and "City Attorney, Retired."
- (g) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(4), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which uses a word or prefix to indicate a prior profession, vocation, occupation or elected, appointed or judicial office previously held by the candidate. Such impermissible words or prefixes include, but are not limited to, "Ex-," "former," "past," and "erstwhile." Examples of impermissible designations include "Former Congressman," "Ex-Senator," and "Former Educator."
- (h)
- (1) Subject to the provisions of Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(4), use of the word "retired" in a ballot designation is generally limited for use by individuals who have permanently given up their chosen principal profession, vocation or occupation.
 - (2) In evaluating a proposed ballot designation including the word "retired," the Secretary of State will consider the following factors in making a determination as to the propriety of the use of the term "retired":
 - (A) Prior to retiring from his or her principal profession, vocation or occupation, the candidate worked in such profession, vocation or occupation for more than 5 years;
 - (B) The candidate is collecting, or eligible to collect, retirement benefits or other type of vested pension;
 - (C) The candidate has reached at least the age of 55 years;
 - (D) The candidate voluntarily left his or her last professional, vocational or occupational position; and,
 - (E) The candidate's retirement benefits are providing him or her with a principal source of income.
 - (3) If a candidate is requesting a ballot designation that he or she is a retired public official, the candidate must have previously voluntarily retired from public office, not have been involuntarily removed from office, not have been recalled by voters, and not have surrendered the office to seek another office or failed to win reelection to the office. If such a candidate did not voluntarily retire from public office, he or she may not use the word "retired" in his or her ballot designation.
 - (4) A candidate may not use the word "retired" in his or her ballot designation if that candidate possesses another more recent, intervening principal profession, vocation, or occupation.
- (i) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(5), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which uses the name of any political party, whether or not it has qualified for recognized ballot status.
- (j) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(6), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which uses a word or words referring to a racial, religious, or ethnic group.
- (1) The Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any ballot designation which expressly contains or implies any ethnic or racial slurs or ethnically or racially derogatory language.
 - (2) If the candidate is a member of the clergy, the candidate may not make reference to his or her specific denomination. However, the candidate may use his or her clerical title as a ballot designation (e.g., "Rabbi," "Pastor," "Minister," "Priest," "Bishop," "Deacon," "Monk," "Nun," "Imam," etc.)
- (k) Pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107, subdivision (b)(7), the Secretary of State shall reject as unacceptable any proposed ballot designation which refers to any activity prohibited by law. Unlawful activity includes any activities, conduct, professions, vocations, or occupations prohibited by state or federal law.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20717. Requests for Supporting Documentation.

In addition to the Ballot Designation Worksheet required to be filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to Elections Code Section 13107.3 and Section 20711 of this Chapter, the Secretary of State may request that a candidate submit additional supporting documentation or other evidence to support the proposed ballot designation.

- (a) Time is of the essence regarding all matters pertaining to the review of proposed ballot designations submitted by candidates for public office. Failure to promptly submit requested supporting materials will preclude consideration of such materials in and the rendering of a final decision on the candidate's proposed ballot designation.
- (b) The Secretary of State will communicate, whenever possible, with the candidate in the most expeditious manner, including, but not limited to, telephone, facsimile transmission and electronic mail at the number or address provided by the candidate. When the candidate does not have reasonable access to a facsimile machine or electronic mail, the Secretary of State will transmit written communication to the candidate by means of overnight express delivery to the address provided by the candidate.
- (c) The candidate shall have the burden of establishing that the proposed ballot designation that he or she has submitted is accurate and complies with all provisions of Elections Code Section 13107 and this Chapter.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Sections 13107 and 13107.3, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment of section and Note filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20718. Communication of Decisions Regarding Ballot Designations.

- (a) If a candidate's proposed ballot designation has been rejected, an official copy of the decision of the Secretary of State will be made in writing and transmitted directly to the candidate by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address provided by the candidate. The Secretary of State shall also provide a copy to the elections official in the candidate's county of residence and to the elections official of each county within the political subdivision. Copies may also be made available to all other candidates in the race.
- (b) At the request of the candidate, the Secretary of State will transmit a copy of the decision of the Secretary of State regarding the candidate's proposed ballot designation by facsimile transmission or e-mail to the facsimile number or e-mail address listed on the candidate's Ballot Designation Worksheet.
- (c) All written decision of the Secretary of State regarding ballot designations are public records and are available for inspection and copying at the public counter of the Elections Division of the Office of the Secretary of State, 1500 11th Street, Fifth Floor, Sacramento, California 95814.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Section 13107, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).

20719. Service of Legal Process Regarding Ballot Designations.

- (a) In the event a candidate or other interested party files a petition for the issuance of an extraordinary writ with the court or other legal action pertaining to a candidate's ballot designation, the summons and any other legal process should be served upon the Chief Counsel to the Secretary of State, 1500 11th Street, Sixth Floor, Sacramento, California 95814. The Chief Counsel may designate a Deputy Secretary of State to accept service of process on behalf of the Secretary of State.
- (b) Telephone notice pertaining to any ex parte applications filed with the court by any candidate or other interested party should be directed to the attention of the Chief Counsel to the Secretary of State at (916) 653-7244. Counsel for all parties to such ex parte matters are admonished that waivers of the Secretary of State's right to timely notice and the right to personally appear at the ex parte hearing will be granted in writing and only in limited instances.
- (c) The Secretary of State shall provide a copy of any legal actions in subdivision (a) or (b) above to the elections official in the county of the candidate's residence and any other county in the district.
- (d) The Secretary of State shall be named as a respondent in any legal action pertaining to a ballot designation for a candidate described in Elections Code Section 15375, except for a candidate for judge of the superior court.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12172.5, Government Code. Reference: Sections 13107 and 13314, Elections Code.

HISTORY

1. New section filed 1-14-98; operative 1-14-98 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4(d) (Register 98, No. 3).
2. Amendment of subsection (a), new subsection (d), and amendment of Note filed 12-21-2009; operative 12-21-2009 pursuant to Government Code section 11343.4 (Register 2009, No. 52).



Monterey County Elections
BALLOT DESIGNATION WORKSHEET

(Elections Code §§ 13107, 13107.3, 13107.5; California Code of Regulations § 20711)

This entire form **must be completed**, or it will not be accepted and you will **not** be entitled to a ballot designation. **DO NOT LEAVE ANY RESPONSE SPACES BLANK.** If information requested is not applicable, please write "N/A" in the space provided, otherwise the information **MUST** be provided. **UPON FILING, THIS WORKSHEET WILL BE A PUBLIC RECORD.**

Candidate Information

1

Candidate Name: _____ Gender (optional, for translation use only): _____

Office: _____ Email: _____

Home Address: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Business Address: _____

Phone Number(s)
 Business: _____ Home/Mobile: _____ Fax: _____

Attorney Information

2

Attorney Name (or other person authorized to act on your behalf): _____

Address: _____

Phone Number(s)
 Business: _____ Mobile: _____ Fax: _____

You may select as your ballot designation one of the following designations:

- (a) Your current principal profession(s), vocation(s), or occupation(s) [maximum total of three words, separated by a slash ("/")].
- (b) The full title of the public office you currently occupy and to which you were elected.
- (c) "Appointed [full title of public office]" if you currently serve by appointment in an elective public office and are seeking election to the same office or to some other office.
- (d) "Incumbent" if you were elected (or, if you are a Superior Court Judge, you are a candidate for the same office that you hold) to your current public office and seek election to the same office.
- (e) "Appointed Incumbent" if you were appointed to your current elective public office and seek election to the same office.

Proposed Ballot Designation(s)

3

Proposed Ballot Designation(s): _____

Alternate Ballot Designation(s) 1: _____

Alternate Ballot Designation(s) 2: _____

In the spaces provided on the next page(s):

- (a) Describe why you believe you are entitled to use the proposed ballot designation.
- (b) If your proposed ballot designation contains one or more slashes ("/") separating words in your ballot designation for separate principal profession(s), vocation(s), or occupation(s) (collectively known as "PVOs"), complete a justification section for each separate PVO.
- (c) Attach any documents or exhibits that you believe support your proposed ballot designation.
- (d) If using the title of an elective office, attach a copy of your certificate of election or appointment.
- (e) Any supporting documents will not be returned to you. **Do not submit originals.**

It is your responsibility to justify your proposed ballot designation and to provide all requested details.

If your proposed ballot designation includes the word "volunteer," indicate the title of your volunteer position and the name of the entity for which you volunteer along with a brief description of the type of volunteer work you do and the approximate amount of time involved. You may only use the ballot designation "community volunteer" if you volunteer for a 501(c)(3) charitable, educational, or religious organization, a governmental agency or an educational institution. You may not use "community volunteer" together with another designation.



COMPLETE THIS PAGE ONLY IF one or more Alternate Ballot Designation(s) are provided. If this page is not applicable, please initial: _____.

Justification for
 Alternate Ballot
 Designation(s) 1

A

Justification for use of 1st PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:
Justification for use of 2nd PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:
Justification for use of 3rd PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:

Justification for
 Alternate Ballot
 Designation(s) 2

B

Justification for use of 1st PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:
Justification for use of 2nd PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:
Justification for use of 3rd PVO:		
Current or most recent job title:	Start/End Dates:	
Employer Name or Business:		
Person who can verify this information:		
Name:	Phone Number(s):	Email:



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For your reference, the relevant provisions of Elections Code section 13107 are reproduced below:

(a) With the exception of candidates for Justice of the State Supreme Court or court of appeal, immediately under the name of each candidate, and not separated from the name by any line, unless the designation made by the candidate pursuant to Section 8002.5 must be listed immediately below the name of the candidate pursuant to Section 13105, and in that case immediately under the designation, may appear at the option of the candidate only one of the following designations:

(1) Words designating the elective city, county, district, state, or federal office which the candidate holds at the time of filing the nomination documents to which he or she was elected by vote of the people.

(2) The word "incumbent" if the candidate is a candidate for the same office which he or she holds at the time of filing the nomination papers, and was elected to that office by a vote of the people.

(3) No more than three words designating either the current principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate, or the principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination documents.

(4) The phrase "appointed incumbent" if the candidate holds an office by virtue of appointment, and the candidate is a candidate for election to the same office, or, if the candidate is a candidate for election to the same office or to some other office, the word "appointed" and the title of the office. In either instance, the candidate may not use the unmodified word "incumbent" or any words designating the office unmodified by the word "appointed." However, the phrase "appointed incumbent" shall not be required of a candidate who seeks reelection to an office which he or she holds and to which he or she was appointed, as a nominated candidate, in lieu of an election, pursuant to Sections 5326 and 5328 of the Education Code or Section 7228, 7423, 7673, 10229, or 10515 of this code.

(b) (1) Except as specified in paragraph (2), for candidates for judicial office, immediately under the name of each candidate, and not separated from the name by any line, only one of the following designations may appear at the option of the candidate:

(A) Words designating the city, county, district, state, or federal office held by the candidate at the time of filing the nomination documents.

(B) The word "incumbent" if the candidate is a candidate for the same office that he or she holds at the time of filing the nomination papers.

(C) No more than three words designating either the current principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate, or the principal professions, vocations, or occupations of the candidate during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination documents.

(2) For a candidate for judicial office who is an active member of the State Bar employed by a city, county, district, state, or by the United States, the designation shall appear as one of the following:

(A) Words designating the actual job title, as defined by statute, charter, or other governing instrument.

(B) One of the following ballot designations: "Attorney," "Attorney at Law," "Lawyer," or "Counselor at Law." The designations "Attorney" and "Lawyer" may be used in combination with one other current principal profession, vocation, or occupation of the candidate, or the principal profession, vocation, or occupation of the candidate during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination documents.

(3) A designation made pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) shall also contain relevant qualifiers, as follows:

(A) If the candidate is an official or employee of a city, the name of the city shall appear preceded by the words "City of."

(B) If the candidate is an official or employee of a county, the name of the county shall appear preceded by the words "County of."

(C) If the candidate is an official or employee of a city and county, the name of the city and county shall appear preceded by the words "City and County."

(D) If the candidate performs quasi-judicial functions for a governmental agency, the full name of the agency shall be included.

(c) A candidate for superior court judge who is an active member of the State Bar and practices law as one of his or her principal professions shall use one of the following ballot designations as his or her ballot designation: "Attorney," "Attorney at Law," "Lawyer," or "Counselor at Law." The designations "Attorney" and "Lawyer" may be used in combination with one other current principal profession, vocation, or occupation of the candidate, or the principal profession, vocation, or occupation of the candidate during the calendar year immediately preceding the filing of nomination documents.

(d) For purposes of this section, all California geographical names shall be considered to be one word. Hyphenated words that appear in any generally available standard reference dictionary, published in the United States at any time within the 10 calendar years immediately preceding the election for which the words are counted, shall be considered as one word. Each part of all other hyphenated words shall be counted as a separate word.

(e) The Secretary of State and any other elections official shall not accept a designation of which any of the following would be true:

(1) It would mislead the voter.



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(2) It would suggest an evaluation of a candidate, such as outstanding, leading, expert, virtuous, or eminent.

(3) It abbreviates the word "retired" or places it following any word or words which it modifies.

(4) It uses a word or prefix, such as "former" or "ex-," which means a prior status. The only exception is the use of the word "retired."

(5) It uses the name of any political party, whether or not it has qualified for the ballot.

(6) It uses a word or words referring to a racial, religious, or ethnic group.

(7) It refers to any activity prohibited by law.

(f) If, upon checking the nomination documents and the ballot designation worksheet described in Section 13107.3, the elections official finds the designation to be in violation of any of the restrictions set forth in this section, the elections official shall notify the candidate by registered or certified mail return receipt requested, addressed to the mailing address provided on the candidate's ballot designation worksheet.

(1) The candidate shall, within three days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and state holidays, from the date he or she receives notice by registered or certified mail, or from the date the candidate receives actual notice of the violation, whichever occurs first, appear before the elections official or, in the case of the Secretary of State, notify the Secretary of State by telephone, and provide a designation that complies with subdivision (a) or (b).

(2) If a candidate fails to provide a designation that complies with subdivision (a) or (b) within the three-day period specified in paragraph (1), a designation shall not appear after the candidate's name.

(g) A designation given by a candidate shall not be changed by the candidate after the final date for filing nomination documents, except as specifically requested by the elections official as specified in subdivision (f) or as provided in subdivision (h). The elections official shall maintain a copy of the ballot designation worksheet for each candidate that appears on the ballot in the county for the same period of time as applied to nomination documents pursuant to Section 17100.

(h) The designation shall remain the same for all purposes of both primary and general elections, unless the candidate, at least 98 days before the general election, requests in writing a different designation which the candidate is entitled to use at the time of the request.

For your reference, Elections Code section 13107.3 is reproduced below:

(a) A candidate who submits a ballot designation pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 13107 shall file a ballot designation worksheet that supports the use of that ballot designation by the candidate, in a format prescribed by the Secretary of State.

(b) The ballot designation worksheet shall be filed with the elections official at the same time that the candidate files his or her declaration of candidacy.

(c) In the event that a candidate fails to file a ballot designation worksheet in accordance with subdivision (a), no designation shall appear under the candidate's name on the ballot.

For your reference, Elections Code section 13107.5 is reproduced below:

(a) A candidate's ballot designation as "community volunteer" shall constitute a valid principal vocation or occupation for purposes of subdivision (a) of Section 13107, if not otherwise in violation of any of the restrictions set forth in that section, and subject to the following conditions:

(1) A candidate's community volunteer activities constitute his or her principal profession, vocation, or occupation.

(2) A candidate is not engaged concurrently in another principal profession, vocation, or occupation.

(3) A candidate may not use the designation of "community volunteer" in combination with any other principal profession, vocation, or occupation designation.

(b) The Secretary of State shall by regulation define what constitutes a community volunteer for purposes of this section.

For your reference, California Code of Regulations section 20711 is reproduced below:

(a) In order to facilitate review of a candidate's proposed ballot designation by the Secretary of State pursuant to Elections Code § 13107, the candidate shall submit, at the time of filing his or her proposed ballot designation on the Declaration of Candidacy, a completed Ballot Designation Worksheet on a form provided by the Secretary of State.

(b) All Ballot Designation Worksheets filed with the Office of the Secretary of State or the county elections officials pursuant to this section shall be public records and shall be available for inspection and copying at the public counter of the Elections Division of the Office of the Secretary of State, Fifth Floor, 1500 11th Street, Sacramento, California 95814, or at the office of the applicable county elections official.



Monterey County Elections
BALLOT DESIGNATION WORKSHEET
Page 6

(c) The Secretary of State shall provide a master copy or copies of the Ballot Designation Worksheet to all elections officials responsible for providing and accepting the nomination documents for candidates in elections for offices certified by the Secretary of State. The Ballot Designation Worksheet shall request that the candidate proposing the ballot designation provide the following information:

- (1) The candidate's name, home, business and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail address, if available, and fax number;
- (2) A designation of the office for which the candidate is seeking election;
- (3) The name, home, business and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, e-mail address, if available, and fax number of the attorney representing the candidate or for any other person to be contacted in the event the Secretary of State requires further information regarding the proposed ballot designation;
- (4) The proposed ballot designation submitted by the candidate;
- (5) The candidate may submit one or more proposed alternate ballot designations ranked in order of the candidate's preference;
- (6) A brief statement identifying the factual basis upon which the candidate claims the proposed ballot designation and each proposed alternate ballot designation, including the following:
 - (A) If the candidate holds elected office and is submitting his or her proposed ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code § 13107, subdivisions (a)(1) or (a)(2), the candidate shall indicate the elective office he or she currently occupies and may attach a copy of his or her Certificate of Election;
 - (B) If the candidate is a judicial officer and is submitting his or her proposed ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code § 13107, subdivisions (a)(1) or (a)(2), the candidate shall indicate the elective office he or she currently holds and may attach either (A) a copy of his or her Certificate of Election or (B) a copy of his or her commission or certificate of appointment, issued at the time the candidate was appointed to the judicial office which he or she currently occupies;
 - (C) If the candidate submits a ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code § 13107, subdivision (a)(3), the candidate shall indicate:
 - (i) The title of the position or positions which he or she claims supports the proposed ballot designation;
 - (ii) The dates during which the candidate held such position;
 - (iii) A description of the work he or she performs in the position;
 - (iv) The name of the candidate's business or employer;
 - (v) The name and telephone number of a person or persons who could verify such information; and
 - (vi) A statement that the professions, vocations or occupations relied upon to support the proposed ballot designation constitute the primary, main or leading professions, vocations or occupations of the candidate, in accordance with the definition of the term "principal" as set forth at § 20714, subdivision (b).
 - (D) If the candidate submits a ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code § 13107, subdivision (a)(4), the candidate shall indicate the date on which he or she was appointed to the office for which he or she is an appointed incumbent.
- (d) The candidate may attach or append any supporting documents or other exhibits to his or her Ballot Designation Worksheet which he or she believes support his or her proposed ballot designation. Such attached documents or other exhibits shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference as part of the candidate's Ballot Designation Worksheet and shall be considered as such by the Secretary of State.
- (e) If a candidate requests a change of his or her ballot designation pursuant to Elections Code § 13107(e), that request shall be accompanied by a Ballot Designation Worksheet.



**CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE
CITY CHARTER ARTICLE 8**

*The following information will be posted in a conspicuous public place in the
City offices from the time of filing until the End of the Elections.*

FILED CANDIDATES INFORMATION

Candidate's Name: _____

Office which Candidate is seeking: _____

Present Residence: _____

Occupation: _____

Public Offices Held: (Principal, Deputy or Employee): _____

Experience, Training and Education: _____

I certify the information provided is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Candidate's Signature: _____

Date: _____

Article 8 Elections

General municipal elections shall be held in the City on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in each even numbered year under and pursuant to the provisions of the General Laws of the State of California so far as the same may be applicable, except as herein otherwise provided. All other municipal elections that may be held by authority of this Charter or of the General Law shall be known as special municipal elections. At the time of filing nomination papers, each candidate for an elective office shall file with the City Clerk a sworn statement containing the following information: (A) his or her name; (B) the office for which he or she is a candidate; (C) his or her present residence and occupation; (D) the public offices he or she has held, if any, as principal, deputy or employee; (E) experience, training or education received which, in the candidate's opinion, would qualify him or her to fill the office for which he or she is a candidate. Said form shall be posted in a conspicuous public place in the City offices.



Monterey County Elections
CODE OF FAIR CAMPAIGN PRACTICES
(Elections Code § 20440)

There are basic principles of decency, honesty, and fair play which every candidate for public office in the State of California has a moral obligation to observe and uphold in order that, after vigorously contested but fairly conducted campaigns, our citizens may exercise their constitutional right to a free and untrammelled choice and the will of the people may be fully and clearly expressed on the issues.

THEREFORE:

- (1) I SHALL CONDUCT my campaign openly and publicly, discussing the issues as I see them, presenting my record and policies with sincerity and frankness, and criticizing without fear or favor the record and policies of my opponents or political parties that merit this criticism.
- (2) I SHALL NOT USE OR PERMIT the use of character defamation, whispering campaigns, libel, slander, or scurrilous attacks on any candidate or his or her personal or family life.
- (3) I SHALL NOT USE OR PERMIT any appeal to negative prejudice based on a candidate's actual or perceived race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, marital status, age, sexual orientation, sex, including gender identity, or any other characteristic set forth in Section 12940 of the Government Code, or association with another person who has any of the actual or perceived characteristics set forth in Section 12940 of the Government Code.
- (4) I SHALL NOT USE OR PERMIT any dishonest or unethical practice that tends to corrupt or undermine our American system of free elections, or that hampers or prevents the full and free expression of the will of the voters including acts intended to hinder or prevent any eligible person from registering to vote, enrolling to vote, or voting.
- (5) I SHALL NOT coerce election help or campaign contributions for myself or for any other candidate from my employees.
- (6) I SHALL IMMEDIATELY AND PUBLICLY REPUDIATE support deriving from any individual or group that resorts, on behalf of my candidacy or in opposition to that of my opponent, to the methods and tactics that I condemn. I shall accept responsibility to take firm action against any subordinate who violates any provision of this code or the laws governing elections.
- (7) I SHALL DEFEND AND UPHOLD the right of every qualified American voter to full and equal participation in the electoral process.

I, the undersigned, candidate for election to public office in the State of California or treasurer or chairperson of a committee making any independent expenditures, hereby voluntarily endorse, subscribe to, and solemnly pledge myself to conduct my campaign in accordance with the above principles and practices.

Print Name

Signature

Date

Office



Monterey County Elections
PERMISSION TO POST

**PERMISSION TO POST CANDIDATE CONTACT INFORMATION
 ON MONTEREY COUNTY ELECTIONS' WEBSITE**

PRESIDENTIAL GENERAL ELECTION

NOVEMBER 3, 2020

In accordance with California Government Code §6254.21, the Monterey County Elections' Office must obtain permission from candidates who would like to publish their candidate contact information on Monterey County Elections' website to share with voters for the **NOVEMBER 3, 2020, PRESIDENTIAL GENERAL ELECTION.**

You may **GRANT** or **DENY** the information you *do* or *do not* want to have published. If you deny the request in its entirety, at a minimum, your name and the office seat you are running for will be published.

I, _____, candidate for the office of _____, do hereby **GRANT** or **DENY** permission to the Monterey County Elections' Office to publish the below information on the Monterey County Elections website.

The contact information to publish on Monterey County Elections' website is checked-off below:

CHECK-OFF THE BOX OF THE INFORMATION TO BE PUBLISHED:		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Residential Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mailing/Business Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mailing Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Telephone	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Email Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Website:	

Signature: _____

Date: _____



POLITICAL SIGNS STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

November 3, 2020 Municipal Election

Upon Completion, Please return to the City Clerk/Election Official
Pacific Grove City Hall,
300 Forest Avenue, Pacific Grove, CA 93950

Candidate's Name: _____

Office Sought: _____ for the City of Pacific Grove
Title

Responsible Party's Name: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Daytime Phone Number (include area code): _____

Fax Number: _____

Email Address: _____

The undersigned does hereby:

1. Acknowledge receipt of the Pacific Grove Municipal Code section(s) relating to political signs;
2. Understand that the City may abate signs on public property presenting, health or safety hazards pursuant to the Pacific Grove Municipal Code;
3. Understand and agree that any sign placed on public right-of-way and/or on City owned property will be immediately removed by the City of Pacific Grove and stored at the City's Public Corporation Yard;
4. Understand and agree that I am personally responsible for removing campaign signs within seven days after the election on November 3, 2020.

Signature

Date

20.04.020 Exempt signs – No permit required.

The following signs shall be allowed without a sign permit under the noted conditions and shall not be included in the determination of type, number or area of signs allowed on premises.

However, exempt signs are subject to the provisions of PGMC [20.04.120](#) regarding maintenance of signs.

- (a) Official federal, state or local government flags, emblems and historic markers;
- (b) Official federal, state or local government traffic, directional, regulatory and informational signs, and notices issued by any court, person or officer in performance of a public duty, or any other sign lawfully posted by any government agency;
- (c) Temporary signs warning of construction, excavation or similar hazards so long as the situation exists;
- (d) One or more temporary sign(s) not exceeding 24 square feet in combined area used to indicate owner, general contractor, architect and other pertinent data regarding building construction on a building site during construction only;
- (e) Temporary holiday decorations which do not display the name of a business or product or other advertising material;
- (f) Directional signs not exceeding two square feet in area and containing no advertising material;
- (g) Signs, erected by recognized historical agencies, which show names of buildings, dates of erection and related information, provided the sign does not exceed two square feet in area;
- (h) Any number of nonilluminated political signs limited to a combined sign area not exceeding 16 square feet in residential zones and 20 square feet in other zones; provided:
 - (1) There is no limit to the number or area of political window signs; and
 - (2) Political signs shall be placed, posted or erected no earlier than six weeks before the election to which they pertain, and shall be removed within seven days following such election;
- (i) On each street frontage, for any lot or building, one single- or double-faced nonilluminated primary sign which serves solely to advertise the actual intent to sell, lease or rent or offer to build to suit on the premises where the sign is located, and two single- or double-faced nonilluminated

secondary signs which serve solely to advertise information regarding the property or agent, such as but not limited to “do not disturb occupants” or an agent’s name, provided the maximum dimensions of each secondary sign are limited to six inches by 24 inches and the total combined area of the primary and secondary signs shall not exceed five square feet;

(j) Nonilluminated flat signs of not more than one square foot each which contain words protective of an occupant, such as “no trespassing,” “beware of dog,” “no circulars,” and the like, with a maximum of two such signs per premises;

(k) For each service station, not more than one freestanding sign not exceeding 20 square feet for each frontage, located on the property;

(l) Nonilluminated temporary window signs on commercially zoned property (C-1, C-FH, C-2, I, and V-C zoning districts); provided, that the total of permanent plus temporary window signs shall not exceed 25 percent of the window area of that business on any frontage. Temporary signs shall not be displayed for more than 30 consecutive days. The date of the first day of display shall be clearly indicated in the lowest left-hand corner of each sign;

(m) Signs showing the location of public telephones and signs placed by utilities to show the location of underground and other public utilities;

(n) Street number signs not exceeding two per address and not exceeding one square foot per premises in commercial and industrial areas, nor 124 square inches in residential areas;

(o) Menus on premises occupied by restaurants of the size normally used within the restaurants, provided such size does not exceed two square feet;

(p) One temporary commercial banner announcing a special event, such as a grand opening; provided, that such banner shall not exceed 20 square feet in area. The banner shall be maintained flat and against the building wall, and displayed no longer than 20 consecutive days. No more than one banner shall be displayed at any time. No more than two banners may be displayed on a premises during any 12-month period; provided, the applicant shall register with the community development department the date the banner is placed and removed;

(q) Nonilluminated, off-site, portable signs, placed on private property, containing directions to the location of an open house which is for sale, unlimited in total number, but limited to one single-faced or double-faced sign per intersection corner; provided, the signs (1) shall not exceed two

square feet or four feet in height, and (2) shall be removed daily immediately following a scheduled open house;

(r) Advertising devices which move in the wind (for example, stringers, pennants, pinwheels, balloons, etc.) when displayed for seven or fewer consecutive days or for fewer than 14 days in a 12-month period and when not displayed in or over the public way;

(s) Banners for events of citywide importance conducted for noncommercial purposes;

(t) On commercially zoned property (C-1, C-FH, C-2, I and V-C) and on property whereon a motel is an established legal use, one exposed luminary source neon tube sign of no more than three square feet, with an informational message (such as but not limited to "open," "vacancy," "no vacancy"). No other message or advertising of any kind may be carried on signs under this exemption. [Ord. 13-023 § 4, 2013; Ord. 13-003 § 14, 2013; Ord. 09-005 § 29, 2009; Ord. 99-08 § 1, 1999; Ord. 1875 N.S. §§ 1, 3, 1993; Ord. 1664 N.S. § 2, 1989].

HOW TO COUNT WORDS FOR CANDIDATE STATEMENTS

(Pursuant to Elections Code Section 9)

Each word in the Candidate Statement is counted as one word except:

PUNCTUATION	Punctuation is not counted.
TITLES	Words used by the Elections Department as part of a standardized heading, such as "Argument in Favor of Measure Z" or "Statement of Candidate for Mayor" are not counted.
CITIES/COUNTIES	All geographical names shall be counted as one word. For example "Monterey County", "City of Salinas" and "County of Santa Cruz" are considered one word. The names of schools, special districts and political subdivisions <i>ARE NOT</i> considered geographical names. For example "North County Fire Protection District" and "Monterey Peninsula Community College District" are <i>NOT GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES.</i> [Cal. Admin. Code tit. 2, § 20714 f (3)]
ABBREVIATIONS	Each abbreviation for a word, phrase, or expression shall be counted as one word.
HYPHENATIONS	Hyphenated words that appear in any generally available U.S. dictionary published in the last 10 years shall be considered as one word. Each part of all other hyphenated words shall be counted as a separate word.
DATES	Dates consisting of a combination of words and digits shall be counted as two words. Dates consisting of only a combination of digits shall be counted as one word. October 29, 2010 shall be counted as two words, where as 10/29/2010 will be counted as one word.
NUMBERS	Any number consisting of a digit or digits shall be considered as one word (i.e. "100") Any number that is spelled, shall be considered as a separate word ("one hundred" is two words).
PHONE & INTERNET	Website addresses and telephone numbers are one word.

November 2020 Election Dates to Remember

June 29 to July 13	Cities to Publish Election Notice (127-113)
July 13 to August 7	Declarations of Candidacy/Nomination Papers Between these dates, eligible candidates for all offices may obtain and file required nomination forms, submit statements and payments (113-88)
July 31	Semi-Annual Campaign Statements Due
August 7	Candidate Filing Period Closes
August 8 to August 12	Extended Candidate Period for Declarations of Candidacy/Nomination (87-83) If an eligible incumbent does not file or fails to qualify by 5:00 p.m., candidates other than the incumbent may obtain and file all required nomination forms
August 7	Last Day for Local Jurisdiction to File a Measure (88)
September 8 to October 20	Statement of Write-in Candidacy (57-14) Between these dates, any qualified person may obtain and file nomination forms to be a Write-in Candidate for public office. Filing fee is not required.
September 24	First Pre-Election Statement Due/Supplemental Expenditure Reports Due (40)
October 18 to November 2	Late Contribution/Independent Expenditure Report 16-1)
October 19	Voter Registration Closes (15)
October 22	Second Pre-Election Statement Due (12)
November 3	Election Day
December 1	Last day for County to certify elections results (30)

**Fair Political Practices Commission
Filing Schedule for
Candidates and Controlled Committees for Local Office
Listed on the November 3, 2020 Ballot**

Deadline	Period	Form	Notes
July 31, 2020 <i>Semi-Annual</i>	* – 6/30/20	460 or 470	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 460: All committees must file Form 460.
Within 24 Hours <i>Contribution Reports</i>	8/5/20 – 11/3/20	497	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • File if a contribution of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate is received from a single source. • File if a contribution of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate is made to or in connection with <i>another</i> candidate or measure being voted upon November 3, 2020. • The recipient of a non-monetary contribution of \$1,000 or more in the aggregate must file a Form 497 within 48 hours from the time the contribution is received. • File by personal delivery, e-mail, guaranteed overnight service, or fax. The committee may also file online, if available.
Sept 24, 2020 <i>1st Pre-Election</i>	7/1/20 – 9/19/20	460 or 470	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each candidate listed on the ballot must file Form 460 or Form 470 (see below).
Oct 22, 2020 <i>2nd Pre-Election</i>	9/20/20 – 10/17/20	460	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All committees must file this statement. • File by personal delivery or guaranteed overnight service. The committee may also file online, if available.
Feb 1, 2021 <i>Semi-Annual</i>	10/18/20 – 12/31/20	460	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All committees must file Form 460 unless the committee filed termination Forms 410 and 460 before Dec 31, 2020.

Additional Notes:

- *** Period Covered:** The period covered by any statement begins on the day after the closing date of the last statement filed, or January 1, if no previous statement has been filed.
- **Local Ordinance:** Always check on whether additional local rules apply.
- **Deadline Extensions:** Deadlines are extended when they fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or an official state holiday. This extension does not apply to a 24-Hour/10-Day Contribution Report (Form 497) that is due the weekend before the election, and this extension never applies to any 24-Hour/10-Day Independent Expenditure Report (Form 496). Such reports must be filed within 24 hours, regardless of the day of the week.
- **Method of Delivery:** All paper filings may be filed by first class mail unless otherwise noted. A paper copy of a statement may not be required if a local agency requires online filing pursuant to a local ordinance.
- **Form 501:** All candidates must file Form 501 (Candidate Intention Statement) before soliciting/receiving contributions.
- **Form 460:** Candidates who have raised/spent \$2,000 or more file the Form 460. The Form 410 (Statement of Organization) must also be filed once \$2,000 or more has been raised/spent.

Fair Political Practices Commission

- **Form 470:** Candidates who do not raise or spend \$2,000 or more (or anticipate raising or spending \$2,000 or more) in 2020 and do not have an open committee must file Form 470 on or before September 24, 2020. If, later during the calendar year, the candidate raises or spends \$2,000 or more, a Form 470 Supplement and a Form 410 must be filed.
- **Independent Expenditures:** Committees making independent expenditures totaling \$1,000 or more to support or oppose other candidates or ballot measures also file:
 - [462](#): This form must be e-mailed to the FPPC within 10 days.
 - [496](#): This form is due within 24 hours if made in the 90-day, 24-hour reporting period of the candidate's or measure's election. Refer to the applicable filing schedule. Form 496 is filed with the filing officer in the jurisdiction of the affected candidate or measure.
- **After the Election:** Reporting requirements will depend on whether the candidate is successful and whether a campaign committee is open. See [Campaign Disclosure Manual 2](#) for additional information.
- **Public Documents:** All statements are public documents.
- **Resources:** Campaign manuals and other instructional materials are available [here](#). Or, visit www.fppc.ca.gov > Learn > [Campaign Rules](#).

CANDIDATES - FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

- Q: Is there a fee involved in filing for office?
- A: Yes. There is a \$25 filing fee for municipal office in Pacific Grove. Additionally, if a candidate files a Candidate's Statement (Optional), they must include a fee to be determined by the Monterey County Elections Department. s
- Q: Is the City Clerk/Election Official's office open during the lunch hour?
- A: No. Office hours are 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Thursday, excluding holidays. The City Clerk's office is requiring appointments.
- Q: What happens if I change my mind about running for office after filing nomination papers?
- A: You may withdraw as a candidate at any time prior to the close of the nomination period. You are not permitted to withdraw after that date, and your name will appear on the ballot.
- Q: What happens if some of the signatures I obtain on my nomination papers are not registered voters or do not live within City limits?
- A: Those signatures would be disqualified and not counted. Set up an appointment to file your nomination papers early to avoid the consequences of a problem of this type. The City Clerk forwards your nomination paper to the ROV to certify the signatures on nomination papers. They require 24-48 hours accomplishing this task. If you wait until the last day to file and for any reason your signatures are insufficient, you will not have qualified to be a candidate. If you file early, there will be time to check the signatures and notify you of any discrepancies. FYI, candidates should not obtain signature from confidential voters/safe at home voters as it makes their information public record.
- Q: When does a candidate's nomination become public?
- A: From the time a candidate "pulls papers" at the City Clerk's Office, his/her name becomes public information. When he or she submits Nomination Paper or files a Candidate Intention Statement (Form 501) with the City Clerk, his/her nomination becomes official and is also public information. A full list of candidates will be available in the City Clerk's Office on the first work day following the close of the nomination period. The period closes on Friday, August 7, 2020, or, if an incumbent fails to file, Wednesday, August 12, 2020.
- Q: May I change or correct the wording or spelling on my Candidate's Statement after submission?
- A: No, you may not. Check your Candidate's Statement carefully before submitting. It will be printed exactly as submitted.

Q: If I submit a voluntary Candidate's Statement and I change my mind, may I withdraw the statement?

A: The Candidate's Statement may be withdrawn, but not changed, during the period for filing nomination papers and until 5:00 p.m. of the next working day after the close of the nomination period. For the 2020 election, the statement may be withdrawn no later than August 10, 2020.

Q: How many words can my Candidate's Statement include?

A: 200 words. Please refer to the Candidate's Handbook for more detailed information.

Q: Can I mail in my nomination papers or have someone deliver them to the City Clerk for me?

A: While election law does not expressly prohibit another person from filing nomination papers on a candidate's behalf, there are two important reasons why a candidate must file his/her own papers:

1. The Affidavit of the Nominee must be sworn to before the City Clerk.
2. The signature of the candidate, as well as other data, is required on any documents involved in the nomination process. If, through an oversight, the nomination papers are incomplete, the problem can be easily rectified if a candidate files in person.

Q: Do the Mayor and Councilmembers receive monetary compensation?

A: Yes. The Mayor receives \$700 per month, and each Councilmember receives \$420 per month. In addition, expenses incurred for Council-approved business are reimbursed, including mileage and meals.

Q: How often does the City Council meet?

A: The City Council holds its Regular Meetings on the first and third Wednesday of every month. Other adjourned and special meetings are scheduled as City business necessitates.

Q: Why is there so much paperwork involved in being a candidate?

A: State election laws are very specific as to format, filing dates, and other regulatory provisions. The filing dates and other provisions are not discretionary.

Article 43 Political Activities

- (a) No candidate for elective or appointive office in the City shall solicit any assessment, subscription, contribution or political service for any political purpose from anyone on the employment lists of the City.
- (b) One who holds or seeks election or appointment to any public office in the City shall not directly or indirectly use or promise or threaten to use authority or influence to secure any vote, political influence or action or contribution from any officer or employee of the City.
- (c) No officer or employee of the City shall advertise the fact of his or her employment by the City in any public advertisement for a political candidate or ballot issue.
- (d) Nothing herein contained applies to funds, contributions and services solicited or received to promote or defeat any ballot measure which would affect the rate of pay, hours of work, retirement, civil service or other working conditions of said officers and employees, provided such activity does not occur during working hours or in places of public duty.

(Amended in the November 6, 1990 general election).

California Fair Political Practices Commission

Frequently Asked Questions: Campaign Activity

Getting StartedPage 1	Ballot Measure CommitteesPage 3
Fundraising Page 4	Expenditures Page 6
Communications Page 7	24-Hour Contribution Reports ... Page 7
Enforcement Page 8	CandidatesPage 8

The FAQs listed below are selected from questions people frequently ask the FPPC about campaign-related activity under the Political Reform Act (“Act”). All efforts have been made to provide helpful, easy to understand, answers to common questions. Please note that this fact sheet cannot address all of the unique variables and circumstances related to campaign activity. For more information, see the FPPC’s campaign disclosure manuals or contact the FPPC with specific questions.

Getting Started Questions

1. Q. When must a committee file a Statement of Organization (Form 410) with the Secretary of State’s office?
 - A. The Form 410 is required to be filed within 10 days of raising \$2,000 or more, which is the threshold for qualifying as a committee.
2. Q. Is it possible for a committee to receive a committee ID number prior to meeting the \$2,000 threshold?
 - A. Yes. The Secretary of State will issue a committee ID number upon receipt of the Form 410, even if \$2,000 or more has not yet been raised. The “Not Yet Qualified” box should be marked and once the \$2,000 threshold is met, an amendment must be filed within 10 days to report the date the committee qualified.
3. Q. Is there a fee to register as a committee?
 - A. Yes. Committees are required to pay a \$50 fee to the Secretary of State within 15 days of filing the Form 410. In addition, a \$50 fee is required to be paid to the Secretary of State by January 15 of each year until the committee terminates.
4. Q. Who must be identified on the Form 410?
 - A. The name and contact information of the treasurer and principal officers, if any, must be provided, in addition to any candidate controlling the committee. If the committee will have an assistant treasurer, his or her contact information must be also included.
5. Q. Are there any specific accounting qualifications for someone to serve as a committee’s treasurer?
 - A. No. However, no individual should accept the position as a mere figurehead. To adequately perform the duties, the treasurer must have a basic understanding of the campaign finance laws and the responsibilities of a committee treasurer.

6. Q. May a candidate serve as his or her committee's treasurer?
- A. Yes.
7. Q. Who is considered the principal officer for a non-candidate controlled committee?
- A. The principal officer(s) is the individual or individuals responsible for approving the political activities of a committee, including: 1) authorizing the content of committee communications; 2) authorizing the committee's expenditures; and, 3) determining the committee's campaign strategy. The principal officer must ensure that accurate records are maintained and may be held liable for violations. A committee may have several principal officers. If there are more than three individuals serving as principal officers, only three must be identified on the Form 410. If no individual other than the treasurer is a principal officer, the treasurer must be identified as both the treasurer and the principal officer.
8. Q. After filing a Form 410, what is the next form required to be filed?
- A. Typically, the Form 497 (24-Hour Contribution Report) is the next required form. In fact, the Form 497 may be required to be filed *before* the Form 410 is required if the committee qualifies within the 90 days before the election or on the date of the election. During this period, a committee must file a Form 497 within 24 hours each time it receives contributions that total in the aggregate \$1,000 or more from a single source.
9. Q. What are the requirements for naming a candidate's committee or a committee primarily formed to support or oppose a ballot measure?
- A. For a candidate's campaign committee, the name must include the candidate's last name, office sought, and year of the election. For example, "Wallace for Supervisor 2020" or "Re-Elect Rosa in 2020 for Water Board" would meet the naming requirements.
- For a primarily formed ballot measure committee, the name must include:
- The measure's designation (e.g., Proposition 124; Measure BB);
 - The committee's position (support or oppose) on the measure;
 - If sponsored, the name(s) of the sponsor(s) (e.g., "sponsored by the Auto Dealers Association");
- For a comprehensive list of all committee naming requirements, see the Form 410 instructions.
10. Q. May a committee use an electronic recordkeeping system or are records required to be kept on paper?
- A. Electronic records are permitted so long as all of the required information is collected and recorded in a timely and uniform manner that ensures the information is accurate and reliable. Committees are responsible for ensuring that electronic records can be read and/or printed for auditing purposes during the required retention period – four years from the date the campaign statement was filed.

11. Q. Is a committee required to have a tax ID number?

- A. The FPPC does not require a tax ID number; however, some banks may require one in order to open a campaign bank account. A tax ID number may be requested through the Internal Revenue Service website, www.irs.gov.

Ballot Measure Committee Questions

12. Q. A group has raised \$2,000 to circulate petitions for a ballot measure. When does the group trigger reporting obligations?

- A. Reporting obligations begin when proponents start gathering signatures (initiative) or when a legislative body acts to place the proposal on the ballot (referendum). Certain contributions received and expenditures made are required to be disclosed even if they were received or made before the proposal became a measure. (See Campaign Disclosure Manual 3 for details.)

13. Q. May a candidate control a ballot measure committee? If so, is the candidate required to file a Form 501 (Candidate Intention Statement)?

- A. Yes, a candidate may control a ballot measure committee so long as the committee's funds are not used to support the candidate's election or to support or oppose other candidates. The candidate's last name must be included in the committee name and the Form 410 requires specified information to be disclosed related to the measure or measures for which the committee is formed. A Form 501 is not required.

14. Q. Are there any special reporting requirements for ballot measure committees controlled by a candidate?

- A. Ballot measure committees controlled by a **state** officeholder (e.g., Governor, legislator) or a candidate for elective **state** office have additional disclosure requirements when reporting expenditures. For each expenditure of \$100 or more, the committee must identify the measure or potential measure associated with the expenditure. For example, a payment to a campaign consultant for research or polling on a specific measure in a local jurisdiction could state: Research/polling for Measure B, City of Sacramento. A committee's expenditures for operating costs, administrative overhead, fundraising, travel, compliance costs and attorney fees do not require the itemization if the payment cannot be attributed to a specific measure or potential measure.

15. Q. During the 90 days before an election, a local primarily formed ballot measure committee for Measure A made a \$10,000 contribution to another primarily formed ballot measure committee for Measure A. Does this contribution trigger the filing of a 24-hour Contribution Report (Form 497)?

- A. Yes, both committees are required to file a Form 497, even if they are both formed to support the same ballot measure.

16. Q. During the 90 days before an election, supporters of a ballot measure, in coordination with the primarily formed ballot measure committee, will be paying for phone banks. The payments will be considered nonmonetary contributions to the primarily formed ballot measure committee. Rather than file several reports, may the committee file one Form

497 estimating the value of all nonmonetary contributions anticipated to be received from this source during the 90-day period before the election and on the date of the election?

- A. Yes. The committee may make a good faith estimate of the value that will be contributed during the period. The Form 497 must be filed within 48 hours of receiving the initial \$1,000 in nonmonetary contributions. If the actual value differs from the estimated amount by 20 percent or more, an amendment must be filed within 24 hours of determining the correct amount.

17. Q. If a non-profit organization makes a contribution to a primarily formed ballot measure committee, what are the campaign reporting requirements for the non-profit organization?

- A. Depending on the amount of the contribution and several other factors, the organization may be required to register as a recipient committee and file campaign reports disclosing its donors or the organization may instead qualify as a major donor committee and be required to file the Form 461. To determine the applicable reporting requirements, see the detailed information in the [Multipurpose Organizations Reporting Political Spending fact sheet](#).

Fundraising Questions

18. Q. If a committee receives two monetary contributions of \$99 from one contributor, must the contributor be itemized?

- A. Yes. When a person's contributions, including monetary, non-monetary, and loans, aggregate to \$100 or more in a calendar year, the contributor must be itemized on all applicable schedules of the Form 460.

19. Q. A committee is hosting a dinner fundraiser. The committee is charging \$100 per person, but the actual cost of the event to the committee will be \$25 per person. When a person purchases a ticket to attend, what amount is considered as the contribution received?

- A. The contribution received is \$100. The entire cost of the ticket for the fundraiser is the amount of the contribution – the actual costs to the committee are not subtracted from the ticket price.

20. Q. A committee is going to charge \$50 per person at their next fundraiser. May an attendee pay with a \$100 bill?

- A. No. Even if change is immediately provided, a committee may not accept \$100 or more in cash from a single source. The payment must be made by personal check, debit card, or credit card.

21. Q. Is volunteer work provided by some people considered a nonmonetary contribution because of the volunteer's profession, such as free legal advice provided by a lawyer or bookkeeping done by a CPA?

- A. No. Volunteer personal services, regardless of the profession of the individual, are not reportable, so long as the individual providing the services is not paid by a third party.

22. Q. An individual is hosting a fundraising event in her home for a friend who is running for city council. She will spend \$425 to provide tea, coffee, wine, cheese, and fruit. Is the amount she pays for the event considered a nonmonetary contribution to the candidate?
- A. No. So long as she does not spend more than \$500, the event meets the home/office fundraiser exception. **Note:** The home/office fundraiser exception does not apply to a state lobbyist (or a cohabitant of a lobbyist) or a lobbying firm.
23. Q. May a private service, such as PayPal, be used to collect contributions electronically?
- A. Yes, so long as for each contribution of \$100 or more, (a) the service is able to provide the name of the contributor, and (b) the committee reports all the information needed to meet the statutory recordkeeping requirements, including the name, address, occupation, and employer of individual contributors of \$100 or more. Even if the company deducts a fee from the amount of the contribution, the entire amount of the contribution must be disclosed. The fees charged by the private service are reported as expenditures.
24. Q. May a committee accept a contribution in the form of bitcoin, a type of digital currency?
- A. No. Contributions may not be made or received in cryptocurrency.
25. Q. If a committee receives a contribution of \$100 from an individual, but the individual did not provide the required occupation and employer information, what should the committee do?
- A. The individual contributor should be contacted to obtain the occupation and employer information. If the committee is required to report the contribution before the information is received, the committee should indicate on its campaign statement that the information has been requested and the statement will be amended when the information is received. However, if an individual's occupation and employer information is not received within 60 days of receiving the contribution, the contribution must be returned.
26. Q. A business donated the use of an employee to work on two ballot measure campaigns during the month before the election. The employee spent a total of seven percent of her compensated time working on one measure and seven percent of her compensated time on the other measure. Since more than 10 percent of her compensated time was not spent on a single campaign, is her compensated time required to be reported as a nonmonetary contribution to the ballot measure committees from her employer?
- A. Yes. If an employee spends more than 10 percent of his or her compensated time working on campaign activity (one or multiple campaigns) in a calendar month, a nonmonetary contribution from the business must be reported. In this situation, each ballot measure committee must report a nonmonetary contribution in the amount of seven percent of the employee's compensated time. The value of the nonmonetary contribution is based on her gross salary; standard benefits (i.e., retirement and health care) do not need to be counted.

27. Q. If a committee receives a large contribution from an individual or entity, are there any special noticing requirements?
- A. Yes. Generally, if a committee receives a contribution of \$5,000 or more from an individual or entity, the committee must notify the contributor in writing *within two weeks* that he or she may need to file a major donor report. In the 90 days before an election, if a contribution of \$10,000 or more is received, the notification must be sent *within one week*. Language for the notice is found in the applicable campaign disclosure manual. An individual or entity qualifies as a major donor if contributions totaling \$10,000 or more are made in a calendar year to California (state and local) candidates and committees.

Expenditure Questions

28. Q. How does a committee report printing expenses of \$100 or more paid for with the committee's credit card?
- A. The name and address of the credit card company and the amount paid must be listed on Schedule E or F of the Form 460, and the printing vendor's name and address must be listed underneath with the amount paid to that vendor. Another example of "subvendor" reporting is when a campaign consultant purchases television advertisements, the names of the stations that air the advertisements must listed. The campaign disclosure manuals contain examples of how to report subvendors on the Form 460.
29. Q. Is it permissible for a committee to have an agreement with an independent contractor (e.g., committee fundraiser) to pay additional money if fundraising goals are surpassed?
- A. Yes, under the Act, a contingency agreement may be made, such as a committee paying a bonus to a contractor if fundraising goals are met or a committee not paying a contractor unless a particular outcome is achieved. The arrangement should be made as part of a written contract. (Note that the Act strictly prohibits contingency fees to a lobbyist for the outcome of legislation or to a placement agent for securing an investment from a state retirement board.)
30. Q. Is it permissible to purchase gifts using campaign funds?
- A. Campaign funds may be used to purchase a gift only if the payment is *directly related* to a political, legislative, or governmental purpose. Detailed information on the permissible use of campaign funds may be found in the [campaign disclosure manuals](#). In addition, there are special reporting rules for candidate controlled committees when reporting expenditures for gifts, meals, and travel. (See Question #57 below.)

Communications Questions

31. Q. What are the disclosure requirements for a mass mailing sent by a candidate?
- A. When a candidate sends a mass mailing (more than 200 pieces of the same or similar mail in a calendar month), the words “paid for by” and the name and address of the candidate’s committee must appear on the outside of the mailing in no less than six-point type and in a color that contrasts with the background. If two or more candidate controlled committees pay for the mailer, the name and address of at least one of the committees must be shown on the outside and the names and addresses of all committees must appear on at least one insert. The committee ID number is not required to be included, but the FPPC recommends that committees include the committee ID number on all public campaign materials.
32. Q. If a committee has more than one address, may any of the addresses be used on mass mailings?
- A. Any address that is on the committee’s Statement of Organization (Form 410) on file with the Secretary of State’s office may be used.
33. Q. Are emails sent by a candidate’s committee required to include an advertisement disclaimer statement?
- A. Yes. Mass mailings, including emails, must include a “paid for by” disclaimer (e.g., “Paid for by Jones for Supervisor 2020”).
34. Q. How does a committee report payments made to a person to provide favorable or unfavorable content on an Internet site about a candidate or ballot measure?
- A. For each payment of \$100 or more, use the code “WEB” and report the amount of the payment, the payee, the name of the individual providing content, and the website name or URL on which the communication is published in the first instance.
35. Q. Does a candidate or committee incur reporting obligations if an unpaid blogger or other individual endorses his or her candidacy in their Internet communications?
- A. No. Uncompensated Internet activity, including blogging, social networking, sending or forwarding an email, or providing a link to a website, does not trigger a reporting obligation.
36. Q. Does the FPPC have a summary of the requirements for disclaimers on advertisements?
- A. Yes, a summary of the requirements, as well as charts for each type of committee are available [here](#).

24-Hour Contribution (Form 497) Report Questions

37. Q. If a contribution of \$1,000 or more is made to one of a candidate’s campaign committees (e.g., legal defense, ballot measure, past election), but not to the committee that is formed for the election triggering the 90-day reporting, are the candidate and/or the donor required to file a Form 497?

- A. Yes. When a candidate is in a 90-day reporting period, each contribution of \$1,000 or more to any of his or her committees requires the Form 497 to be filed by both the candidate and the donor.
38. Q. During the 90-day reporting period, must a candidate file a Form 497 if a contribution of \$500 is received by one of the candidate's campaign committees (e.g., legal defense, ballot measure, past election) and another contribution of \$500 from the same donor is received by the committee that is formed for the election triggering 90-day reporting?
- A. No. Because a single committee did not receive \$1,000 or more, the candidate is not required to file a Form 497. The donor is also not required to file a Form 497 as the donor did not make a contribution of \$1,000 or more to a single committee.
39. Q. A candidate received \$500 from a donor for the special primary election a few days before the election, and another \$500 from the same donor a few days after the primary election when the candidate moved to the special general election. Both contributions were received during the 90 days before the general election. Is a Form 497 required to be filed by the donor and/or the candidate?
- A. No. Because \$1,000 or more was not received in connection with one election, the Form 497 is not required to be filed.
40. Q. Must a candidate file a Form 497 if, during the 90 days before the election or on the date of the election, he or she makes a contribution of \$1,000 or more from personal funds to his or her campaign?
- A. Yes. The candidate's personal funds are contributions and subject to reporting in the same manner as other contributions received.
41. Q. What are the 24-hour contribution report (Form 497) requirements for contributions received by a political party committee?
- A. A political party must report each contribution of \$1,000 or more received within 90 days of **any** state election or on the date of a state election (including a special election). If the contributor is a committee, the contributor must also file the Form 497 within 24 hours.

Enforcement Question

42. Q. If a campaign statement is filed late, what are the potential consequences?
- A. The filing officer with whom the statement is required to be filed may assess a fine of up to \$10 for each day that the statement is late (or up to \$20 per day for a statement and a copy). In addition, filing officers are required by law to refer non-filers to an enforcement authority. If a matter is referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division for failure to file, the fine may increase up to a maximum of \$5,000 per violation. In 2017, 149 committees were fined by the FPPC for failing to timely file campaign statements.

Candidate Questions

43. Q. When may a candidate begin to solicit and raise funds for an election?
- A. Upon filing a Candidate Intention Statement (Form 501), a candidate may begin to solicit and receive contributions. The Form 501 is considered filed when it is personally delivered or placed in the mail to the filing officer.

44. Q. Is a candidate required to file a Form 501 when running for reelection to the same office?
- A. Yes. A separate Form 501 is required for each election, including reelection to the same office.
45. Q. If a candidate does not intend to raise any funds from others and will be spending personal funds only for the filing fee and ballot statement fee, is the candidate required to file a Form 501 and open a campaign bank account?
- A. No, the candidate is not required to file a Form 501 or open a bank account; only the Form 470 (Campaign Statement – Short Form) is required.
46. Q. If a candidate does not intend to raise funds from others, but will be spending \$2,000 or more of his or her personal funds on his or her campaign (in addition to the filing fees and ballot statement fees), is the candidate required to open a bank account?
- A. Yes. Even if a candidate does not raise funds from others, if he or she spends \$2,000 or more on the campaign (not counting personal funds spent on filing fees and ballot statement fees), he or she qualifies as a committee and must open a campaign bank account. Campaign funds may not be commingled with personal funds.
47. Q. What are the rules related to a candidate spending personal funds on his or her own campaign?
- A. Except for payments for the filing fee, ballot statement fee, and \$50 Secretary of State annual committee fee, a candidate must deposit personal funds into the campaign bank account before making campaign expenditures, even if he or she does not want to be reimbursed. Personal funds may be reported as loans or monetary contributions. Personal funds may not be commingled with campaign funds and campaign expenditures may not be made from a personal account.
48. Q. Prior to learning that it was not permitted, a candidate starting up his campaign used personal funds to pay for some campaign expenses. How is this reported on the Form 460?
- A. So that the activity is properly disclosed, the amount of personal funds used should be reported on Schedule A as a contribution and the expenditure is reported on Schedule E. If the candidate has not yet been reimbursed by the committee, the amount may be reported on Schedule F as an accrued expense. Non-disclosure of the payments is a violation of the Act. All future payments must be made from the campaign bank account; personal funds must be deposited into the account before making expenditures.
49. Q. May a campaign worker use personal funds to make campaign expenditures and be reimbursed by the committee?
- A. Yes. Anyone other than the candidate may use personal funds to make campaign expenditures, such as purchasing printing, and be reimbursed after providing a receipt or invoice to the campaign. However, if the campaign does not reimburse the individual who made the expenditure within 45 days, the committee must report the amount expended as a nonmonetary contribution received.

50. Q. What are the contribution limits for local elections?
- A. The Act does not impose contribution limits on local elections. However, many local jurisdictions have adopted campaign finance ordinances that include contribution limits. Contact the city clerk or county elections office to determine if there are local contribution limits. The FPPC's website also posts local campaign ordinances.
51. Q. If a candidate occasionally uses his or her personal vehicle to attend campaign events and meet with voters, is the use of the vehicle reportable even if the candidate does not want to be reimbursed for the mileage?
- A. Incidental use of a candidate's personal vehicle for campaign purposes is not considered a contribution or expenditure and is not reportable. However, if the use of the vehicle is directly related to a political, legislative or governmental purpose, and the candidate would like to be reimbursed by the committee, the reimbursement must be made at the rate approved by the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to Section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code.
52. Q. If a candidate makes long-distance calls using his or her home phone to request support from organizations statewide, may committee funds be used to pay the phone bill?
- A. Committee funds may be used for the campaign portion of the bill; however, the non-campaign portion must be paid with personal funds.
53. Q. If a candidate is defeated in a local election, may the leftover funds be used to run again in the next local election?
- A. Yes, if specified requirements are met. An unsuccessful candidate who plans to run for the *same office* in a future election must file a new Form 501 and an amended Form 410 **before** the funds become surplus. Leftover funds become surplus 90 days after an official leaves office (incumbents) or 90 days after the end of the post-election reporting period, whichever is later. The end of the post-election reporting is June 30 for elections held between January 1 and June 30, and December 31 for elections held between July 1 and December 31. (Note: Candidates should check with the local jurisdiction to determine if there is a local ordinance that does not allow a candidate to use the same committee for a future election.)
- An unsuccessful candidate who plans to run for a *different office* must file a new Form 501, a new Form 410, and open a new campaign bank account and transfer the funds **before** the funds become surplus as described above.
54. Q. If a candidate receives a refund for a filing fee after his or her committee has already been terminated, must the committee and bank account be reopened in order to accept the refund?
- A. No. Candidates are allowed to accept refunds from a governmental entity without reopening the committee and campaign bank account.
55. Q. If a candidate controls a ballot measure committee, must the ballot measure committee file a preelection statement when the candidate's committee is required to?
- A. Yes. If a candidate has multiple controlled committees, each of the committees are required to file on the dates the candidate is required to file preelection statements in connection with his or her election to office. (See Regulation 18405.)

56. Q. May a law enforcement officer, who is running for city council, wear his or her uniform at campaign events or when appearing in political advertisements for his or her campaign?

A. The Political Reform Act does not contain restrictions related to a candidate wearing a law enforcement uniform; however, other laws may apply. The candidate should contact the District Attorney or City Attorney.

57. Q. What are the special reporting requirements for expenditures made by a candidate controlled committee when purchasing gifts, travel, and meals?

A. Itemized expenditures made by a candidate controlled committee for gifts, meals, or travel, must be further explained in the "Description of Payment" column, whether or not an expenditure code is used, as described below.

Gifts: Briefly describe the political, legislative, or governmental purpose of the expenditure, and provide the date of the gift and a description of the gift. If the gift was made to an individual recipient, the name of the recipient must be included. If a gift was made to a group of recipients, the name of each recipient who received a benefit of \$50 or more is required. When the recipient of a gift with a value of \$50 or more is not known at the time the payment is required to be reported, the committee must report that the gift was for an "undetermined recipient." Once the gift has been given to the recipient, the campaign statement must be amended within 45 calendar days to disclose the name of the recipient.

Meals: Briefly describe the political, legislative, or governmental purpose of the expenditure, and provide the date of the meal, the number of individuals who were present at the meal, and whether the candidate, a member of his or her household, or an individual with authority to approve expenditures of campaign funds was present at the meal. It is not necessary to include the names of individual attendees on the report. However, the names of the attendees must be maintained in the committee's records. For meals reported as an itemized expenditure for travel, the reporting rules below apply.

Travel Payments (including lodging and meals): Briefly describe the political, legislative, or governmental purpose of the expenditure, and provide the date or dates of the travel, the destination, and the goods or services purchased. The description must also include the number of individuals for whom the payment was made and whether the trip included the candidate, a member of his or her household, or an individual with the authority to approve expenditures of campaign funds. The names of individuals who traveled are not required to be disclosed on the report. However, the names of the travelers must be maintained in the committee's records.

2019-2020 Statement of Economic Interests



Form 700

A Public Document

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Helpful Resources

- Video Tutorials
- Reference Pamphlet
- Excel Version
- FAQs
- Gift and Travel Fact Sheet for State and Local Officials

California Fair Political Practices Commission

1102 Q Street, Suite 3000 • Sacramento, CA 95811

Email Advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov

Toll-free advice line: 1 (866) ASK-FPPC • 1 (866) 275-3772

Telephone: (916) 322-5660 • Website: www.fppc.ca.gov

December 2019

Quick Start Guide

Detailed instructions begin on page 3.

WHEN IS THE ANNUAL STATEMENT DUE?

- March 2 – Elected State Officers, Judges and Court Commissioners, State Board and Commission members listed in Government Code Section 87200
- April 1 – Most other filers

WHERE DO I FILE?

Most people file the Form 700 with their agency. If you're not sure where to file your Form 700, contact your filing officer or the person who asked you to complete it.

ITEMS TO NOTE!

- The Form 700 is a public document.
- Only filers serving in active military duty may receive an extension on the filing deadline.
- You must also report interests held by your spouse or registered domestic partner.
- Your agency's conflict of interest code will help you to complete the Form 700. You are encouraged to get your conflict of interest code from the person who asked you to complete the Form 700.

NOTHING TO REPORT?

Mark the "No reportable interests" box on Part 4 of the Cover Page, and submit only the signed Cover Page. Please review each schedule carefully!

Schedule	Common Reportable Interests	Common Non-Reportable Interests
A-1: Investments	Stocks, including those held in an IRA or 401K. Each stock must be listed.	Insurance policies, government bonds, diversified mutual funds, funds similar to diversified mutual funds.
A-2: Business Entities/Trusts	Business entities, sole proprietorships, partnerships, LLCs, corporations and trusts. (e.g., Form 1099 filers).	Savings and checking accounts, and annuities.
B: Real Property	Rental property in filer's jurisdiction, or within two miles of the boundaries of the jurisdiction.	A residence used exclusively as a personal residence (such as a home or vacation property).
C: Income	Non-governmental salaries. Note that filers are required to report only half of their spouse's or partner's salary.	Governmental salary (from school district, for example).
D: Gifts	Gifts from businesses, vendors, or other contractors (meals, tickets, etc.).	Gifts from family members.
E: Travel Payments	Travel payments from third parties (not your employer).	Travel paid by your government agency.

Note: Like reportable interests, non-reportable interests may also create conflicts of interest and could be grounds for disqualification from certain decisions.

QUESTIONS?

- advice@fppc.ca.gov
- (866) 275-3772 Mon-Thurs, 9-11:30 a.m.

E-FILING ISSUES?

- If using your agency's system, please contact technical support at your agency.
- If using FPPC's e-filing system, write to form700@fppc.ca.gov.

What's New

Gift Limit Increase

The gift limit increased to **\$500** for calendar years 2019 and **2020**.

Who must file:

- Elected and appointed officials and candidates listed in Government Code Section 87200
- Employees, appointed officials, and consultants filing pursuant to a conflict of interest code ("code filers").
Obtain your disclosure categories, which describe the interests you must report, from your agency; they are not part of the Form 700
- Candidates running for local elective offices that are designated in a conflict of interest code (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, and water board members)

Exception:

- Candidates for a county central committee are not required to file the Form 700.
- Members of newly created boards and commissions not yet covered under a conflict of interest code
- Employees in newly created positions of existing agencies

For more information, see Reference Pamphlet, page 3, at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Where to file:

87200 Filers

State offices	⇒	Your agency
Judicial offices	⇒	The clerk of your court
Retired Judges	⇒	Directly with FPPC
County offices	⇒	Your county filing official
City offices	⇒	Your city clerk
Multi-County offices	⇒	Your agency

Code Filers — State and Local Officials, Employees, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of Interest

Code: File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code (e.g., Legislative staff files directly with FPPC). In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Members of Boards and Commissions of Newly Created Agencies:

File with your newly created agency or with your agency's code reviewing body.

Employees in Newly Created Positions of Existing Agencies:

File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.)

Candidates: File with your local elections office.

How to file:

The Form 700 is available at www.fppc.ca.gov. Form 700 schedules are also available in Excel format. All

statements must have an original "wet" signature or be duly authorized by your filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2.

When to file:

Annual Statements

⇒ March 2, 2020

- Elected State Officers
- Judges and Court Commissioners
- State Board and State Commission Members listed in Government Code Section 87200

⇒ April 1, 2020

- Most other filers

Individuals filing under conflict of interest codes in city and county jurisdictions should verify the annual filing date with their local filing officers.

Statements postmarked by the filing deadline are considered filed on time.

Statements of 30 pages or less may be emailed or faxed by the deadline as long as the originally signed paper version is sent by first class mail to the filing official within 24 hours.

Assuming Office and Leaving Office Statements

Most filers file within 30 days of assuming or leaving office or within 30 days of the effective date of a newly adopted or amended conflict of interest code.

Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 2019, and December 31, 2019, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 2, 2021, or April 1, 2021, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 2020. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 6, for additional exceptions.)

Candidate Statements

File no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or nomination documents. A candidate statement is not required if you filed an assuming office or annual statement for the same jurisdiction within 60 days before filing a declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents.

Late Statements

There is no provision for filing deadline extensions unless the filer is serving in active military duty. (See page 19 for information on penalties and fines.)

Amendments

Statements may be amended at any time. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised. It is not necessary to amend the entire filed form. Obtain amendment schedules at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Types of Statements

Assuming Office Statement:

If you are a newly appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated, or that will be designated, in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in or otherwise authorized to serve in the position. If you are a newly elected official, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed the office or position must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the office or position.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Appointments, your assuming office date is the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

- Example: Maria Lopez was nominated by the Governor to serve on a state agency board that is subject to state Senate confirmation. The assuming office date is the date Maria's nomination is submitted to the Senate. Maria must report investments, interests in real property, and business positions she holds on that date, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to that date.

If your office or position has been added to a newly adopted or newly amended conflict of interest code, use the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code or amendment.

Annual Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019, (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2018, and December 31, 2018 or you are combining statements), you must specify the period covered.

- Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement must be reported. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2019.

- If your disclosure category changes during a reporting period, disclose under the old category until the effective date of the conflict of interest code amendment and disclose under the new disclosure category through the end of the reporting period.

Leaving Office Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2019, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position. If the period covered differs from January 1, 2019, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2018, and December 31, 2018, or you are combining statements), the period covered must be specified. The reporting period can cover parts of two calendar years.

- Report: Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2019.

Candidate Statement:

If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date of filing your declaration of candidacy is reportable. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

Candidates running for local elective offices (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, or water district board members) must file candidate statements, as required by the conflict of interest code for the elected position. The code may be obtained from the agency of the elected position.

Amendments:

If you discover errors or omissions on any statement, file an amendment as soon as possible. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised; it is not necessary to refile the entire form. Obtain amendment schedules from the FPPC website at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Note: Once you file your statement, you may not withdraw it. All changes must be noted on amendment schedules.

**STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS
COVER PAGE
A PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

Please type or print in ink.

NAME OF FILER (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE)

1. Office, Agency, or Court

Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)

Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable Your Position

► If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms)

Agency: Position:

2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)

State Judge, Retired Judge, Pro Tem Judge, or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
Multi-County County of
City of Other

3. Type of Statement (Check at least one box)

Annual: The period covered is January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019. Leaving Office: Date Left (Check one circle.)
-or- The period covered is through December 31, 2019. The period covered is January 1, 2019, through the date of leaving office.
-or- Assuming Office: Date assumed The period covered is through the date of leaving office.
Candidate: Date of Election and office sought, if different than Part 1:

4. Schedule Summary (must complete) ► Total number of pages including this cover page:

Schedules attached

Schedule A-1 - Investments – schedule attached Schedule C - Income, Loans, & Business Positions – schedule attached
Schedule A-2 - Investments – schedule attached Schedule D - Income – Gifts – schedule attached
Schedule B - Real Property – schedule attached Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments – schedule attached

-or- None - No reportable interests on any schedule

5. Verification

MAILING ADDRESS STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE
(Business or Agency Address Recommended - Public Document)

DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER EMAIL ADDRESS
()

I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement. I have reviewed this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in any attached schedules is true and complete. I acknowledge this is a public document.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date Signed Signature
(month, day, year) (File the originally signed paper statement with your filing official.)

Instructions Cover Page

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. **Because the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.**

Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm's name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court)
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45). **Do not use acronyms.**
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst)
- If you hold multiple positions (i.e., a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission), you may be required to file statements with each agency. To simplify your filing obligations, you may complete an expanded statement.
 - To do this, enter the name of the other agency(ies) with which you are required to file and your position title(s) in the space provided. **Do not use acronyms.** Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions. Each copy must contain an original signature. Therefore, before signing the statement, make a copy for each agency. Sign each copy with an original signature and file with each agency.

If you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand his or her annual filing to include both positions.

Example:

Brian Bourne is a city council member for the City of Lincoln and a board member for the Camp Far West Irrigation District – a multi-county agency that covers Placer and Yuba counties. Brian will complete one Form 700 using full disclosure (as required for the city position) and covering interests in both Placer and Yuba counties (as required for the multi-county position) and list both positions on the Cover Page. Before signing the statement, Brian will make a copy and sign both statements. One statement will be filed with City of Lincoln and the other will be filed with Camp Far West Irrigation District. Both will contain an original signature.

Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 13, to determine their jurisdiction.

- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.
- If your agency is not a state office, court, county office, city office, or multi-county office (e.g., school districts, special districts and JPAs), check the “other” box and enter the county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

1. Office, Agency, or Court	
Agency Name (Do not use acronyms) Feather River Irrigation District	
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable N/A	Your Position Board Member
► If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. (Do not use acronyms)	
Agency: N/A	Position:
2. Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	
<input type="checkbox"/> State	<input type="checkbox"/> Judge or Court Commissioner (Statewide Jurisdiction)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-County Yuba & Sutter Counties	<input type="checkbox"/> County of _____
<input type="checkbox"/> City of _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Part 3. Type of Statement

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2019 annual statement, **do not** change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2020. Your annual statement is used for reporting the **previous year's** economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2020, through December 31, 2020, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2021. See Reference Pamphlet, page 4.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1, but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

Part 4. Schedule Summary

- Complete the Schedule Summary after you have reviewed each schedule to determine if you have reportable interests.
- Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either check the box for each schedule you use to disclose interests; **or** if you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the “No reportable interests” box. Please **do not** attach any blank schedules.

Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. All statements must have an original “wet” signature or be duly authorized by your filing officer to file electronically under Government Code Section 87500.2.

When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct. Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

SCHEDULE A-1

Investments

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests (Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

Investments must be itemized.

CALIFORNIA FORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name _____

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

▶ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY _____

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE

\$2,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	Over \$1,000,000

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Stock Other _____ (Describe)

Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499
Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)

IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

____/____/19 ____/____/19
ACQUIRED DISPOSED

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedules A-1 and A-2 Investments

“Investment” means a financial interest in any business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency’s jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more at any time during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts and managed investment funds (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- Sole proprietorships
- Your own business or your spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s business (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8, for the definition of “business entity.”)
- Your spouse’s or registered domestic partner’s investments even if they are legally separate property
- Partnerships (e.g., a law firm or family farm)
- Investments in reportable business entities held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- If you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest in a business entity or trust (including a living trust), you must disclose investments held by the business entity or trust. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16, for more information on disclosing trusts.)
- Business trusts

You are not required to disclose:

- Government bonds, diversified mutual funds, certain funds similar to diversified mutual funds (such as exchange traded funds) and investments held in certain retirement accounts. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) (Regulation 18237)
- Bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits
- Insurance policies
- Annuities
- Commodities
- Shares in a credit union
- Government bonds (including municipal bonds)
- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests (e.g., insurance policies, mutual funds, or government bonds) (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

- Government defined-benefit pension plans (such as CalPERS and CalSTRS plans)
- Certain interests held in a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)

Use Schedule A-1 to report ownership of less than 10% (e.g., stock). Schedule C (Income) may also be required if the investment is not a stock or corporate bond. (See second example below.)

Use Schedule A-2 to report ownership of 10% or greater (e.g., a sole proprietorship).

To Complete Schedule A-1:

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

- Disclose the name of the business entity.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (e.g., pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, or communications).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period. If you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement, indicate the fair market value on the filing date or the date you took office, respectively. (See page 20 for more information.)
- Identify the nature of your investment (e.g., stocks, warrants, options, or bonds).
- An acquired or disposed of date is only required if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of the investment interest during the reporting period. The date of a stock dividend reinvestment or partial disposal is not required. Generally, these dates will not apply if you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement.

Examples:

Frank Byrd holds a state agency position. His conflict of interest code requires full disclosure of investments. Frank must disclose his stock holdings of \$2,000 or more in any company that is located in or does business in California, as well as those stocks held by his spouse or registered domestic partner and dependent children.

Alice Lance is a city council member. She has a 4% interest, worth \$5,000, in a limited partnership located in the city. Alice must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$500 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

Reminders

- Do you know your agency’s jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers – your disclosure categories may only require disclosure of specific investments.

SCHEDULE A-2

Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name _____

▶ 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

Name _____

Address (Business Address Acceptable) _____

Check one
 Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

<p>FAIR MARKET VALUE</p> <p>\$0 - \$1,999</p> <p>\$2,000 - \$10,000</p> <p>\$10,001 - \$100,000</p> <p>\$100,001 - \$1,000,000</p> <p>Over \$1,000,000</p>	<p>IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">____/____/19 ____/____/19</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ACQUIRED DISPOSED</p>
---	---

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Partnership Sole Proprietorship _____ Other

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION _____

▶ 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

Name _____

Address (Business Address Acceptable) _____

Check one
 Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS

<p>FAIR MARKET VALUE</p> <p>\$0 - \$1,999</p> <p>\$2,000 - \$10,000</p> <p>\$10,001 - \$100,000</p> <p>\$100,001 - \$1,000,000</p> <p>Over \$1,000,000</p>	<p>IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">____/____/19 ____/____/19</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ACQUIRED DISPOSED</p>
---	---

NATURE OF INVESTMENT

Partnership Sole Proprietorship _____ Other

YOUR BUSINESS POSITION _____

▶ 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)

\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$500 - \$1,000	OVER \$100,000
\$1,001 - \$10,000	

▶ 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)

\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$500 - \$1,000	OVER \$100,000
\$1,001 - \$10,000	

▶ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

None or Names listed below _____

▶ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

None or Names listed below _____

▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

Check one box:

INVESTMENT REAL PROPERTY

Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property _____

Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property _____

<p>FAIR MARKET VALUE</p> <p>\$2,000 - \$10,000</p> <p>\$10,001 - \$100,000</p> <p>\$100,001 - \$1,000,000</p> <p>Over \$1,000,000</p>	<p>IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">____/____/19 ____/____/19</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ACQUIRED DISPOSED</p>
--	---

NATURE OF INTEREST

Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership

Leasehold _____ Other _____

Yrs. remaining

Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached

▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD OR LEASED BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST

Check one box:

INVESTMENT REAL PROPERTY

Name of Business Entity, if Investment, or Assessor's Parcel Number or Street Address of Real Property _____

Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property _____

<p>FAIR MARKET VALUE</p> <p>\$2,000 - \$10,000</p> <p>\$10,001 - \$100,000</p> <p>\$100,001 - \$1,000,000</p> <p>Over \$1,000,000</p>	<p>IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">____/____/19 ____/____/19</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ACQUIRED DISPOSED</p>
--	---

NATURE OF INTEREST

Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership

Leasehold _____ Other _____

Yrs. remaining

Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule A-2

Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children, together or separately, had a 10% or greater interest, totaling \$2,000 or more, during the reporting period and which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) A trust located outside your agency's jurisdiction is reportable if it holds assets that are located in or doing business in the jurisdiction. Do not report a trust that contains non-reportable interests. For example, a trust containing only your personal residence not used in whole or in part as a business, your savings account, and some municipal bonds, is not reportable.

Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity or trust if your pro rata share of the investment or real property interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

To Complete Schedule A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity or trust. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, check "Business Entity" and complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period.
- If you initially acquired or entirely disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- Identify the nature of your investment.
- Disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management). A business position held by your spouse is not reportable.

Part 2. Check the box indicating **your pro rata** share of the **gross** income received **by** the business entity or trust. This amount includes your pro rata share of the **gross** income **from** the business entity or trust, as well as your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes.

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

- Disclose each source of income and outstanding loan **to the business entity or trust** identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the **gross** income (including your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting

period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for examples.) Income from governmental sources may be reportable if not considered salary. See Regulation 18232. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

- Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through the business entity identified in Part 1. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)

You may be required to disclose sources of income located outside your jurisdiction. For example, you may have a client who resides outside your jurisdiction who does business on a regular basis with you. Such a client, if a reportable source of \$10,000 or more, must be disclosed.

Mark "None" if you do not have any reportable \$10,000 sources of income to disclose. Phrases such as "various clients" or "not disclosing sources pursuant to attorney-client privilege" are not adequate disclosure. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14, for information on procedures to request an exemption from disclosing privileged information.)

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held or leased **by the entity or trust** identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period. Attach additional schedules or use FPPC's Form 700 Excel spreadsheet if needed.

- Check the applicable box identifying the interest held as real property or an investment.
- If investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- If real property, report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment during the reporting period. (Report the fair market value of the portion of your residence claimed as a tax deduction if you are utilizing your residence for business purposes.)
- Identify the nature of your interest.
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period.

SCHEDULE B
Interests in Real Property
 (Including Rental Income)

Name _____

▶ ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

\$2,000 - \$10,000		
\$10,001 - \$100,000	____/____/19	____/____/19
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	ACQUIRED	DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000		

NATURE OF INTEREST

Ownership/Deed of Trust	Easement
Leasehold _____	_____
Yrs. remaining	Other

IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED

\$0 - \$499	\$500 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	OVER \$100,000	

SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.

None

▶ ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____

FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:

\$2,000 - \$10,000		
\$10,001 - \$100,000	____/____/19	____/____/19
\$100,001 - \$1,000,000	ACQUIRED	DISPOSED
Over \$1,000,000		

NATURE OF INTEREST

Ownership/Deed of Trust	Easement
Leasehold _____	_____
Yrs. remaining	Other

IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED

\$0 - \$499	\$500 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	OVER \$100,000	

SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.

None

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER* _____

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) _____

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER _____

INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

_____%	None	_____
--------	------	-------

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

\$500 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	OVER \$100,000

Guarantor, if applicable _____

NAME OF LENDER* _____

ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) _____

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER _____

INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)

_____%	None	_____
--------	------	-------

HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

\$500 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	OVER \$100,000

Guarantor, if applicable _____

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule B Interests in Real Property

Report interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more any time during the reporting period. Real property is also considered to be "within the jurisdiction" of a local government agency if the property or any part of it is located within two miles outside the boundaries of the jurisdiction or within two miles of any land owned or used by the local government agency. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest (including a beneficial ownership interest)
- A deed of trust, easement, or option to acquire property
- A leasehold interest (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- A mining lease
- An interest in real property held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest (Report on Schedule A-2.)
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's interests in real property that are legally held separately by him or her

You are not required to report:

- A residence, such as a home or vacation cabin, used exclusively as a personal residence (However, a residence in which you rent out a room or for which you claim a business deduction may be reportable. If reportable, report the fair market value of the portion claimed as a tax deduction.)
- Some interests in real property held through a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)
 - **Please note:** A non-reportable property can still be grounds for a conflict of interest and may be disqualifying.

To Complete Schedule B:

- Report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period.
- Identify the nature of your interest. If it is a leasehold,

Reminders

- Income and loans already reported on Schedule B are not also required to be reported on Schedule C.
- Real property already reported on Schedule A-2, Part 4 is not also required to be reported on Schedule B.
- Code filers – do your disclosure categories require disclosure of real property?

disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

- If you received rental income, check the box indicating the gross amount you received.
- If you had a 10% or greater interest in real property and received rental income, list the name of the source(s) if your pro rata share of the gross income from any single tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. If you received a total of \$10,000 or more from two or more tenants acting in concert (in most cases, this will apply to married couples), disclose the name of each tenant. Otherwise, mark "None."
- Loans from a private lender that total \$500 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable. **Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.**

When reporting a loan:

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Describe the lender's business activity.
- Disclose the interest rate and term of the loan. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period. The term of a loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was established.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Identify a guarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule C.

Example:

Allison Gande is a city planning commissioner. During the reporting period, she received rental income of \$12,000, from a single tenant who rented property she owned in the city's jurisdiction. If Allison received \$6,000 each from two tenants, the tenants' names would not be required because no single tenant paid her \$10,000 or more. A married couple is considered a single tenant.

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER OR STREET ADDRESS 4600 24th Street	
CITY Sacramento	
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
<input type="checkbox"/> \$2,000 - \$10,000	<input type="checkbox"/> / / 18
<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,001 - \$100,000	<input type="checkbox"/> ACQUIRED
<input type="checkbox"/> \$100,001 - \$1,000,000	<input type="checkbox"/> DISPOSED
<input type="checkbox"/> Over \$1,000,000	
NATURE OF INTEREST	
<input type="checkbox"/> Ownership/Deed of Trust	<input type="checkbox"/> Easement
<input type="checkbox"/> Leasehold	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
	Yrs. remaining _____
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	
<input type="checkbox"/> \$0 - \$499	<input type="checkbox"/> \$500 - \$1,000
<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,001 - \$10,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,001 - \$10,000
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> \$10,001 - \$100,000	<input type="checkbox"/> OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.	
<input type="checkbox"/> None	
Henry Wells	
NAME OF LENDER*	
Sophia Petroillo	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	
2121 Blue Sky Parkway, Sacramento	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	
Restaurant Owner	
INTEREST RATE	TERM (Months/Years)
8 % <input type="checkbox"/> None	15 Years
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	
<input type="checkbox"/> \$500 - \$1,000	<input type="checkbox"/> \$1,001 - \$10,000
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> \$10,001 - \$100,000	<input type="checkbox"/> OVER \$100,000
<input type="checkbox"/> Guarantor, if applicable	
Comments: _____	

Instructions – Schedule C

Income, Loans, & Business Positions

(Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

Reporting Income:

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.) You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

The source and income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict of interest code.

Reporting Business Positions:

You must report your job title with each reportable business entity even if you received no income during the reporting period. Use the comments section to indicate that no income was received.

Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - **report the employer's name and all other required information**
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- Payments received on loans you made to others
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Reminders

- Code filers – your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency.
- Stock dividends and income from the sale of stock unless the source can be identified.
- Income from a PERS retirement account.

(See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

To Complete Schedule C:

Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.) **Note: If you receive commission income on a regular basis or have an ownership interest of 10% or more, you must disclose the business entity and the income on Schedule A-2.**
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.

Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
 - For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

SCHEDULE D
Income – Gifts

Name _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)*

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)*

BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE

DATE (mm/dd/yy)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____
___/___/___	\$ _____	_____

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule D Income – Gifts

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary. You may indicate an intermediary either in the "source" field after the name or in the "comments" section at the bottom of Schedule D.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- Parking passes not used for official agency business
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those provided in direct connection with your attendance at a convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16)
- An honorarium received prior to assuming office (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- Forgiveness of a loan received by you

Reminders

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$500 limit in 2019. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Code filers – you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

Gift Tracking Mobile Application

- FPPC has created a gift tracking app for mobile devices that helps filers track gifts and provides a quick and easy way to upload the information to the Form 700. Visit FPPC's website to download the app.

You are not required to disclose:

- Gifts that were not used and that, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization or government agency without being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes
- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, and certain other family members (See Regulation 18942 for a complete list.). The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist registered to lobby your state agency, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A monetary bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- Campaign contributions
- Up to two tickets, for your own use, to attend a fundraiser for a campaign committee or candidate, or to a fundraiser for an organization exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ticket must be received from the organization or committee holding the fundraiser.
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family if the source has an established relationship with the family member and there is no evidence to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you. (See Regulation 18943.)
- Free admission, food, and nominal items (such as a pen, pencil, mouse pad, note pad or similar item) available to all attendees, at the event at which the official makes a speech (as defined in Regulation 18950(b)(2)), so long as the admission is provided by the person who organizes the event.
- Any other payment not identified above, that would otherwise meet the definition of gift, where the payment is made by an individual who is not a lobbyist registered to lobby the official's state agency, where it is clear that the gift was made because of an existing personal or business relationship unrelated to the official's position and there is no evidence whatsoever at the time the gift is made to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you.

To Complete Schedule D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

SCHEDULE E
Income – Gifts
Travel Payments, Advances,
and Reimbursements

Name _____

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the “501(c)(3)” box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization or the “Speech” box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. Per Government Code Section 89506, these payments may not be subject to the gift limit. However, they may result in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)* _____

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)* _____

CITY AND STATE _____

501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE _____

DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$ _____
(If gift)

▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift **-or-** Income

 Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel _____

 Other - Provide Description _____

▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)* _____

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)* _____

CITY AND STATE _____

501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE _____

DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$ _____
(If gift)

▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift **-or-** Income

 Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel _____

 Other - Provide Description _____

▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)* _____

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)* _____

CITY AND STATE _____

501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE _____

DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$ _____
(If gift)

▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift **-or-** Income

 Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel _____

 Other - Provide Description _____

▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

▶ NAME OF SOURCE *(Not an Acronym)* _____

ADDRESS *(Business Address Acceptable)* _____

CITY AND STATE _____

501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE _____

DATE(S): ____/____/____ - ____/____/____ AMT: \$ _____
(If gift)

▶ MUST CHECK ONE: Gift **-or-** Income

 Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel _____

 Other - Provide Description _____

▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination _____

Comments: _____

Instructions – Schedule E Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. (See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" to read about travel payments under section 89506(a).)

You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received, such as reimbursement for travel on agency business from your government agency employer.
- A payment for travel from another local, state, or federal government agency and related per diem expenses when the travel is for education, training or other inter-agency programs or purposes.
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C.
- A travel payment that was received from a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.

Note: Certain travel payments may not be reportable if reported via email on Form 801 by your agency.

To Complete Schedule E:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).
 - **Travel payments are gifts** if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift, the **date(s)** received, and the **travel destination**.

- **Travel payments are income** if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the

payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts. When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

Example:

City council member MaryClaire Chandler is the chair of a 501(c)(6) trade association, and the association pays for her travel to attend its meetings. Because MaryClaire is deemed to be providing equal or greater consideration for the travel payment by virtue of serving on the board, this payment may be reported as income. Payments for MaryClaire to attend other events for which she is not providing services are likely considered gifts. Note that the same payment from a 501(c)3 would NOT be reportable.

<small>▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)</small>	
Health Services Trade Association	
<small>ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)</small>	
1230 K Street, Suite 610	
<small>CITY AND STATE</small>	
Sacramento, CA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
Association of Healthcare Workers	
<small>DATE(S):</small> ____/____/____	<small>AMT: \$</small> 550.00
<small>(if gift)</small>	
<small>▶ MUST CHECK ONE:</small> <input type="checkbox"/> Gift <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -or- <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Income	
<input type="radio"/> Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Other - Provide Description <u>Travel reimbursement for board meeting.</u>	
<small>▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination</small> _____	

Example:

Mayor Kim travels to China on a trip organized by China Silicon Valley Business Development, a California nonprofit, 501(c)(6) organization. The Chengdu Municipal People's Government pays for Mayor Kim's airfare and travel costs, as well as his meals and lodging during the trip. The trip's agenda shows that the trip's purpose is to promote job creation and economic activity in China and in Silicon Valley, so the trip is reasonably related to a governmental purpose. Thus, Mayor Kim must report the gift of travel,

<small>▶ NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)</small>	
Chengdu Municipal People's Government	
<small>ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)</small>	
2 Caoshi St. CaoShiJie, Qingyang Qu, Chengdu Shi,	
<small>CITY AND STATE</small>	
Sichuan Sheng, China, 610000	
<input type="checkbox"/> 501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	
<small>DATE(S):</small> 09 / 04 / XX	09 / 08 / XX <small>AMT: \$</small> 3,874.38
<small>(if gift)</small>	
<small>▶ MUST CHECK ONE:</small> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gift <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -or- <input type="checkbox"/> Income	
<input type="radio"/> Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Other - Provide Description <u>Travel reimbursement for trip to China.</u>	
<small>▶ If Gift, Provide Travel Destination</small> <u>Sichuan Sheng, China</u>	

but the gift is exempt from the gift limit. In this case, the travel payments are not subject to the gift limit because the source is a foreign government and because the travel is reasonably related to a governmental purpose. (Section 89506(a)(2).) Note that Mayor Kim could be disqualified from participating in or making decisions about The Chengdu Municipal People's Government for 12 months. Also note that if China Silicon Valley Business Development (a 501(c)(6) organization) paid for the travel costs rather than the governmental organization, the payments would be subject to the gift limits. (See the FPPC fact sheet, Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel and Loans, at www.fppc.ca.gov.)

Restrictions and Prohibitions

The Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their personal assets and income. They also must disqualify themselves from participating in decisions that may affect their personal economic interests. The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the law's provisions.

Gift Prohibition

Gifts received by most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are subject to a limit. In 2019-2020, the gift limit is \$500 from a single source during a calendar year.

Additionally, state officials, state candidates, and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.

State and local officials and employees should check with their agency to determine if other restrictions apply.

Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions that will affect their economic interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose. For example, a personal residence is often not reportable, but may be grounds for disqualification. Specific disqualification requirements apply to 87200 filers (e.g., city councilmembers, members of boards of supervisors, planning commissioners, etc.). These officials must publicly identify the economic interest that creates a conflict of interest and leave the room before a discussion or vote takes place at a public meeting. For more information, consult Government Code Section 87105, Regulation 18707, and the Guide to Recognizing Conflicts of Interest page at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are prohibited from accepting an honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting, or like gathering. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)

Loan Restrictions

Certain state and local officials are subject to restrictions on loans. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Post-Governmental Employment

There are restrictions on representing clients or employers before former agencies. The provisions apply to elected state officials, most state employees, local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers, including the chief administrator of a city, and general managers or chief administrators of local special districts and JPAs. The FPPC website has fact sheets explaining the provisions.

Late Filing

The filing officer who retains originally-signed or electronically filed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or district attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

For assistance concerning reporting, prohibitions, and restrictions under the Act:

- Email questions to advice@fppc.ca.gov.
- Call the FPPC toll-free at (866) 275-3772.

Form 700 is a Public Document Public Access Must Be Provided

Statements of Economic Interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and receive a copy of any statement.

- Statements must be available as soon as possible during the agency's regular business hours, but in any event not later than the second business day after the statement is received. Access to the Form 700 is not subject to the Public Records Act procedures.
- No conditions may be placed on persons seeking access to the forms.
- No information or identification may be required from persons seeking access.
- Reproduction fees of no more than 10 cents per page may be charged.

Questions and Answers

General

- Q. What is the reporting period for disclosing interests on an assuming office statement or a candidate statement?
- A. On an assuming office statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed office. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed office.
- On a candidate statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you file your declaration of candidacy. You must also disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you file your declaration of candidacy.
- Q. I hold two other board positions in addition to my position with the county. Must I file three statements of economic interests?
- A. Yes, three are required. However, you may complete one statement listing the county and the two boards on the Cover Page or an attachment as the agencies for which you will be filing. Report your economic interests using the largest jurisdiction and highest disclosure requirements assigned to you by the three agencies. Make two copies of the entire statement before signing it, sign each copy with an original signature, and distribute one original to the county and to each of the two boards. Remember to complete separate statements for positions that you leave or assume during the year.
- Q. I am a department head who recently began acting as city manager. Should I file as the city manager?
- A. Yes. File an assuming office statement as city manager. Persons serving as “acting,” “interim,” or “alternate” must file as if they hold the position because they are or may be performing the duties of the position.
- Q. My spouse and I are currently separated and in the process of obtaining a divorce. Must I still report my spouse’s income, investments, and interests in real property?
- A. Yes. A public official must continue to report a spouse’s economic interests until such time as dissolution of marriage proceedings is final. However, if a separate property agreement has been reached prior to that time, your estranged spouse’s income may not have to be reported. Contact the FPPC for more information.

- Q. As a designated employee, I left one state agency to work for another state agency. Must I file a leaving office statement?
- A. Yes. You may also need to file an assuming office statement for the new agency.

Investment Disclosure

- Q. I have an investment interest in shares of stock in a company that does not have an office in my jurisdiction. Must I still disclose my investment interest in this company?
- A. Probably. The definition of “doing business in the jurisdiction” is not limited to whether the business has an office or physical location in your jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- Q. My spouse and I have a living trust. The trust holds rental property in my jurisdiction, our primary residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds. I have full disclosure. How is this trust disclosed?
- A. Disclose the name of the trust, the rental property and its income on Schedule A-2. Your primary residence and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC are not reportable.
- Q. I am required to report all investments. I have an IRA that contains stocks through an account managed by a brokerage firm. Must I disclose these stocks even though they are held in an IRA and I did not decide which stocks to purchase?
- A. Yes. Disclose on Schedule A-1 or A-2 any stock worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.
- Q. The value of my stock changed during the reporting period. How do I report the value of the stock?
- A. You are required to report the highest value that the stock reached during the reporting period. You may use your monthly statements to determine the highest value. You may also use the entity’s website to determine the highest value. You are encouraged to keep a record of where you found the reported value. Note that for an assuming office statement, you must report the value of the stock on the date you assumed office.

Questions and Answers Continued

Q. I am the sole owner of my business, an S-Corporation. I believe that the nature of the business is such that it cannot be said to have any "fair market value" because it has no assets. I operate the corporation under an agreement with a large insurance company. My contract does not have resale value because of its nature as a personal services contract. Must I report the fair market value for my business on Schedule A-2 of the Form 700?

A. Yes. Even if there are no *tangible* assets, intangible assets, such as relationships with companies and clients are commonly sold to qualified professionals. The "fair market value" is often quantified for other purposes, such as marital dissolutions or estate planning. In addition, the IRS presumes that "personal services corporations" have a fair market value. A professional "book of business" and the associated goodwill that generates income are not without a determinable value. The Form 700 does not require a precise fair market value; it is only necessary to check a box indicating the broad range within which the value falls.

Q. I own stock in IBM and must report this investment on Schedule A-1. I initially purchased this stock in the early 1990s; however, I am constantly buying and selling shares. Must I note these dates in the "Acquired" and "Disposed" fields?

A. No. You must only report dates in the "Acquired" or "Disposed" fields when, during the reporting period, you initially purchase a reportable investment worth \$2,000 or more or when you dispose of the entire investment. You are not required to track the partial trading of an investment.

Q. On last year's filing I reported stock in Encoe valued at \$2,000 - \$10,000. Late last year the value of this stock fell below and remains at less than \$2,000. How should this be reported on this year's statement?

A. You are not required to report an investment if the value was less than \$2,000 during the **entire** reporting period. However, because a disposed date is not required for stocks that fall below \$2,000, you may want to report the stock and note in the "comments" section that the value fell below \$2,000. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

Q. We have a Section 529 account set up to save money for our son's college education. Is this reportable?

A. If the Section 529 account contains reportable interests (e.g., common stock valued at \$2,000 or more), those interests are reportable (not the actual Section 529 account). If the account contains solely mutual funds, then nothing is reported.

Income Disclosure

Q. I reported a business entity on Schedule A-2. Clients of my business are located in several states. Must I report all clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2, Part 3?

A. No, only the clients located in or doing business on a regular basis in your jurisdiction must be disclosed.

Q. I believe I am not required to disclose the names of clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2 because of their right to privacy. Is there an exception for reporting clients' names?

A. Regulation 18740 provides a procedure for requesting an exemption to allow a client's name not to be disclosed if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or Federal law. This regulation may be obtained from our website at www.fppc.ca.gov. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Q. I am sole owner of a private law practice that is not reportable based on my limited disclosure category. However, some of the sources of income to my law practice are from reportable sources. Do I have to disclose this income?

A. Yes, even though the law practice is not reportable, reportable sources of income to the law practice of \$10,000 or more must be disclosed. This information would be disclosed on Schedule C with a note in the "comments" section indicating that the business entity is not a reportable investment. The note would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

Questions and Answers Continued

Q. I am the sole owner of my business. Where do I disclose my income - on Schedule A-2 or Schedule C?

A. Sources of income to a business in which you have an ownership interest of 10% or greater are disclosed on Schedule A-2. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)

Q. My husband is a partner in a four-person firm where all of his business is based on his own billings and collections from various clients. How do I report my community property interest in this business and the income generated in this manner?

A. If your husband's investment in the firm is 10% or greater, disclose 100% of his share of the business on Schedule A-2, Part 1 and 50% of his income on Schedule A-2, Parts 2 and 3. For example, a client of your husband's must be a source of at least \$20,000 during the reporting period before the client's name is reported.

Q. How do I disclose my spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?

A. Report the name of the employer as a source of income on Schedule C.

Q. I am a doctor. For purposes of reporting \$10,000 sources of income on Schedule A-2, Part 3, are the patients or their insurance carriers considered sources of income?

A. If your patients exercise sufficient control by selecting you instead of other doctors, then your patients, rather than their insurance carriers, are sources of income to you. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Q. I received a loan from my grandfather to purchase my home. Is this loan reportable?

A. No. Loans received from family members are not reportable.

Q. Many years ago, I loaned my parents several thousand dollars, which they paid back this year. Do I need to report this loan repayment on my Form 700?

A. No. Payments received on a loan made to a family member are not reportable.

Real Property Disclosure

Q. During this reporting period we switched our principal place of residence into a rental. I have full disclosure and the property is located in my agency's jurisdiction, so it is now reportable. Because I have not reported this property before, do I need to show an "acquired" date?

A. No, you are not required to show an "acquired" date because you previously owned the property. However, you may want to note in the "comments" section that the property was not previously reported because it was used exclusively as your residence. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.

Q. I am a city manager, and I own a rental property located in an adjacent city, but one mile from the city limit. Do I need to report this property interest?

A. Yes. You are required to report this property because it is located within 2 miles of the boundaries of the city you manage.

Q. Must I report a home that I own as a personal residence for my daughter?

A. You are not required to disclose a home used as a personal residence for a family member unless you receive income from it, such as rental income.

Q. I am a co-signer on a loan for a rental property owned by a friend. Since I am listed on the deed of trust, do I need to report my friend's property as an interest in real property on my Form 700?

A. No. Simply being a co-signer on a loan for property does not create a reportable interest in real property for you.

Gift Disclosure

Q. If I received a reportable gift of two tickets to a concert valued at \$100 each, but gave the tickets to a friend because I could not attend the concert, do I have any reporting obligations?

A. Yes. Since you accepted the gift and exercised discretion and control of the use of the tickets, you must disclose the gift on Schedule D.

Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. Julia and Jared Benson, a married couple, want to give a piece of artwork to a county supervisor. Is each spouse considered a separate source for purposes of the gift limit and disclosure?
- A. Yes, each spouse may make a gift valued at the gift limit during a calendar year. For example, during 2019 the gift limit was \$500, so the Bensons may have given the supervisor artwork valued at no more than \$1,000. The supervisor must identify Jared and Julia Benson as the sources of the gift.
- Q. I received free admission to an educational conference related to my official duties. Part of the conference fees included a round of golf. Is the value of the golf considered informational material?
- A. No. The value of personal benefits, such as golf, attendance at a concert, or sporting event, are gifts subject to reporting and limits.
- Q. I am a Form 700 filer with full disclosure. Our agency holds a holiday raffle to raise funds for a local charity. I bought \$10 worth of raffle tickets and won a gift basket valued at \$120. The gift basket was donated by Doug Brewer, a citizen in our city. At the same event, I bought raffle tickets for, and won a quilt valued at \$70. The quilt was donated by a coworker. Are these reportable gifts?
- A. Because the gift basket was donated by an outside source (not an agency employee), you have received a reportable gift valued at \$110 (the value of the basket less the consideration paid). The source of the gift is Doug Brewer and the agency is disclosed as the intermediary. Because the quilt was donated by an employee of your agency, it is not a reportable gift.
- Q. My agency is responsible for disbursing grants. An applicant (501(c)(3) organization) met with agency employees to present its application. At this meeting, the applicant provided food and beverages. Would the food and beverages be considered gifts to the employees? These employees are designated in our agency's conflict of interest code and the applicant is a reportable source of income under the code.
- A. Yes. If the value of the food and beverages consumed by any one filer, plus any other gifts received from the same source during the reporting period total \$50 or more, the food and beverages would be reported using the fair market value and would be subject to the gift limit.

Candidate Intention Statement

CALIFORNIA
FORM 501

Who Files:

A candidate for state or local office must file this form for each election, including reelection to the same office. Exception: Candidates for county central committee that do not raise or spend \$2,000 or more in a calendar year are not required to file a Form 501.

When to File:

File the Form 501 before you solicit or receive any contributions or before you make expenditures from personal funds on behalf of your candidacy. This form is considered filed the date it is postmarked or hand delivered. Ensure campaign deadlines are met. Go to www.fppc.ca.gov for most campaign disclosure filing schedules or check with your local filing officer.

Where to File:

State Candidates (including Judges):

Secretary of State
Political Reform Division
1500 11th Street, Room 495
Sacramento, CA 95814
Phone (916) 653-6224
www.sos.ca.gov

Local Candidates:

Generally your county election office or city clerk.
Electronic filing may be required.

Bank Account:

A separate campaign bank account must be established including for campaigns that are self-funded by the candidate. A bank account is not required if a candidate will not receive any contributions or make personal expenditures of less than \$2,000 in a calendar year. The filing and statement of qualification fees are not included in calculating the \$2,000.

How to Complete:

All candidates: Complete Parts 1 and 3.

Candidates for elective state office: Complete Parts 1, 2, and 3.

Exception: Candidates for an election to the California Public Employees' Retirement Board, the State Teachers' Retirement Board, judges, and judicial candidates do not complete Part 2.

Part 1. Candidate Information

- Enter your name and street address.
- Enter the title of the office sought, agency name, and district number if any (e.g., City Council Member, City of Smalltown, Dist. 5).
- Enter your political party preference if seeking a partisan office. For a list of qualified political parties, go to: www.sos.ca.gov/elections/political-parties/qualified-political-parties/.
- Check the appropriate box regarding the office's jurisdiction.

Part 2. Voluntary Expenditure Ceiling

This section applies to certain candidates for elective state office, including State Senate and Assembly and statewide offices.

The voluntary expenditure ceiling applicable to your office is set forth in FPPC Regulation 18545. You must state whether you accept or reject the expenditure ceiling. Candidates who accept the voluntary expenditure limit will be designated in either the state voter information guide (statewide candidates) or the county voter information guide (Senate and Assembly candidates) and may purchase space for a 250-word statement there.

You may amend the Form 501 to change your

acceptance or rejection of the voluntary expenditure ceiling only under the following circumstances:

- Between the date of filing an initial Form 501 for an election and the deadline for filing nomination papers for that election, you may amend your statement of acceptance or rejection of the voluntary expenditure ceiling no more than two times as long as the limit has not been exceeded.
- If you reject the voluntary expenditure ceiling in the primary or special election but do not exceed the ceiling during that election, you may amend the Form 501 to accept the expenditure ceiling for the general or special runoff election and receive all of the benefits accompanying the acceptance of the expenditure ceiling. The amended Form 501 must be filed within 14 days following the primary or special election.

Personal Funds Notification:

You must disclose, if applicable, the date you contribute personal funds to your own campaign that exceed the expenditure ceiling. File an amended Form 501 within 24 hours by guaranteed overnight delivery, personal delivery, or, if applicable, by electronic means.

Part 3. Verification

The verification is signed under penalty of perjury. This form was prepared by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC). For detailed information on campaign reporting requirements and the Information Practices Act of 1977, see the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee.

Candidate Intention Statement

Date Stamp	CALIFORNIA FORM 501
For Official Use Only	

Check One: Initial Amendment (Explain) _____

1. Candidate Information:

NAME OF CANDIDATE (Last, First Middle Initial)	DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER () ()	FAX NUMBER (optional) () ()	EMAIL (optional)
STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
OFFICE SOUGHT (POSITION TITLE)	AGENCY NAME	DISTRICT NUMBER, if applicable.	NON-PARTISAN OFFICE
OFFICE JURISDICTION	PARTY PREFERENCE: (Check one box, if applicable.)		
State (Complete Part 2.)	PRIMARY / GENERAL		
City County Multi-County: _____ (Name of Multi-County Jurisdiction)	_____ (Year of Election)	SPECIAL / RUNOFF	

2. State Candidate Expenditure Limit Statement:

(CalPERS and CalSTRS candidates, judges, judicial candidates, and candidates for local offices do not complete Part 2.)

(Check one box)

I accept the voluntary expenditure ceiling for the election stated above.

I do not accept the voluntary expenditure ceiling for the election stated above.

Amendment:

I did not exceed the expenditure ceiling in the primary or special election held on ____/____/____ and I accept the voluntary expenditure ceiling for the general or special run-off election.

(Mark if applicable)

On, ____/____/____ I contributed personal funds in excess of the expenditure ceiling for the election stated above.

3. Verification:

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____ Signature _____
(month, day, year) (Candidate)

Statement of Organization Recipient Committee

Who Files

Recipient Committees: Persons (including an officeholder or candidate), organizations, groups, or other entities that raise contributions from others totaling \$2,000 or more in a calendar year to spend on California elections. They must register with the Secretary of State and report all receipts and expenditures. "Contributions" include monetary payments, loans and non-monetary goods and services received or made for a political purpose.

Candidates: The personal funds of a candidate or officeholder used to seek or hold elective office are contributions and count toward qualifying as a recipient committee. However, personal funds used to pay a candidate filing fee or a fee for the statement of qualifications to appear in the ballot pamphlet do not count toward the \$2,000 threshold.

Multipurpose Organizations: A nonprofit organization, federal or out-of-state PAC, or other multipurpose organization that makes contributions or expenditures in California elections may also be required to register as a recipient committee with the Secretary of State. See the Fact Sheet on Multipurpose Organizations Reporting Political Spending and the Supplemental Form 410 Instructions.

When to File

File this form within 10 days of receiving \$2,000 in contributions. Include a \$50 payment made payable to the Secretary of State. Thereafter, the \$50 fee is due annually no later than January 15. In addition to the \$50 fee, a penalty of \$150 may be assessed if payment is late.

For early submissions, mark the "not yet qualified" box. The \$50 fee is requested at this time but is not legally required until the committee qualification threshold has been met.

Where to File

All Committees: Form 410 with original ink signature(s)
Secretary of State
Political Reform Division
1500 11th Street, Rm 495
Sacramento, CA 95814

County & City

Committees: Also file a copy with the local filing officer who will receive the original campaign statements.

Read instructions carefully as a Form 410 will be rejected if all applicable sections are not completed.

Committee ID Number

The committee's ID number will be posted at cal-access.sos.ca.gov. To receive an official, stamped copy of your approved Form 410, send a request, the original form, two copies of the form, and a self-addressed, stamped envelope, to the Secretary of State.

Amendments

When information contained in the committee's Statement of Organization changes, file an amendment within 10 days of the change with the Secretary of State and local filing officer (if applicable). During the period 16 days before an election, file an amendment within 24 hours as described below.

24-Hour Reporting

In addition to the 10-day rule to file an original

Form 410:

- A recipient committee that qualifies during the 16 days prior to an election in which it must file pre-election statements must file a Form 410 within 24 hours of qualification with the filing officer who will receive the committee's original disclosure statements.
- A recipient committee that qualifies during the 90 days prior to an election or on the date of the election in which the committee makes independent expenditures of \$1,000 or more to support or oppose a candidate in that election must file the Form 410 within 24 hours of qualification with the filing officer who will receive the committee's original disclosure statements and with the filing officer(s) for the candidate(s) supported or opposed by the independent expenditure.
- If, during the 16 days prior to an election when a committee is required to file pre-election statements, a change occurs in the name of the committee, the treasurer or other principal officers, or the controlling candidate, an amendment must be filed with the filing officer receiving the committee's original campaign statements within 24 hours of the change.

These filings must be made by fax, guaranteed overnight delivery, personal delivery or online (if online filing is available).

This form was prepared by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC). For detailed information on campaign reporting requirements and the Information Practices Act of 1977, see the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee.

**Statement of Organization
Recipient Committee**

Statement Type

Initial Not yet qualified or Date qualification threshold met ____/____/____	Amendment Date qualification threshold met ____/____/____	Termination – See Part 5 Date of termination ____/____/____
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Date Stamp

**CALIFORNIA
FORM 410**

For Official Use Only

1. Committee Information	2. Treasurer and Other Principal Officers																																																		
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: left;">NAME OF COMMITTEE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: left;">STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">CITY</td> <td style="width: 33%;">STATE</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">ZIP CODE</td> <td style="width: 33%;">AREA CODE/PHONE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: left;">FULL MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: left;">E-MAIL ADDRESS (REQUIRED) / FAX (OPTIONAL)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">COUNTY OF DOMICILE</td> <td style="width: 66%;">JURISDICTION WHERE COMMITTEE IS ACTIVE</td> </tr> </table>	NAME OF COMMITTEE		STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	AREA CODE/PHONE	FULL MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT)		E-MAIL ADDRESS (REQUIRED) / FAX (OPTIONAL)		COUNTY OF DOMICILE	JURISDICTION WHERE COMMITTEE IS ACTIVE	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">NAME OF TREASURER</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">CITY</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">STATE</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">ZIP CODE</td> <td style="width: 34%;">AREA CODE/PHONE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">NAME OF ASSISTANT TREASURER, IF ANY</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">CITY</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">STATE</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">ZIP CODE</td> <td style="width: 34%;">AREA CODE/PHONE</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">NAME OF PRINCIPAL OFFICER(S)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: left;">STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">CITY</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">STATE</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;">ZIP CODE</td> <td style="width: 34%;">AREA CODE/PHONE</td> </tr> </table>	NAME OF TREASURER				STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)				CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	AREA CODE/PHONE	NAME OF ASSISTANT TREASURER, IF ANY				STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)				CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	AREA CODE/PHONE	NAME OF PRINCIPAL OFFICER(S)				STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)				CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	AREA CODE/PHONE
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Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.																																																			

3. Verification

I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein is true and complete. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____ By _____
DATE SIGNATURE OF TREASURER OR ASSISTANT TREASURER

Executed on _____ By _____
DATE SIGNATURE OF CONTROLLING OFFICEHOLDER, CANDIDATE, OR STATE MEASURE PROPONENT

Executed on _____ By _____
DATE SIGNATURE OF CONTROLLING OFFICEHOLDER, CANDIDATE, OR STATE MEASURE PROPONENT

Executed on _____ By _____
DATE SIGNATURE OF CONTROLLING OFFICEHOLDER, CANDIDATE, OR STATE MEASURE PROPONENT

Instructions for Statement of Organization

Statement Type:

Initial

Mark the “Initial” box and enter the date the committee qualification threshold was met.

If the committee has not met the qualification threshold, mark the “Initial” and “Not Yet Qualified” boxes.

Qualification Threshold

The “date qualification threshold met” is the date the committee received contributions totaling \$2,000 or more during a calendar year.

Amendment

If any of the information reported on an initial statement of organization changes:

- Mark the amendment box;
- Include the committee’s ID number and name;
- Provide the changed information; and
- Complete the verification.

Candidates: Under certain circumstances, a candidate for local office may amend the Form 410 to indicate that he or she is seeking re-election to the same office. A candidate for state office must open a separate committee for each term of office and may not amend the Form 410 to redesignate an election committee.

Termination

List the committee’s name, identification number and indicate the date of termination, including completing the verification.

1. Committee Information:

Provide the full name of the committee. A committee may use only one name.

The committee’s street address, email address, and telephone number must be reported. A post office box is not acceptable. The committee’s mailing address must also be reported if it is different from the street address. A post office box is acceptable for the mailing address. A committee’s “domicile” is its address as listed on the Form 410. Los Angeles is the county of domicile for committees located outside California.

Identify the jurisdiction where the committee is active. For example a city committee lists the name of the city.

Committee Name Requirements

The following committee name rules apply to the Form 410, the committee’s campaign statements and to any other references to the committee required by law. See the instructions for Part 4 for committee definitions.

Candidate Controlled Committees: Any committee that is controlled by a state or local candidate or officeholder must include the last name of the candidate in the name of the committee. In addition, the following rules apply:

- An **election committee** controlled by one or more state or local candidates must also include the office the candidate(s) is seeking and the year of the election (e.g., Friends of Smith for Assembly 20XX, Jones for Council 20XX).
- An **officeholder committee** set up by a state officeholder must also include the office held, the year the officeholder was elected to the current term of office, and the words “Officeholder Account,” as part of the committee name (e.g., Anderson Assembly 20XX Officeholder Account).
- A **legal defense fund** set up by a state or local candidate or officeholder must also include the words “Legal Defense Fund” as part of the committee name (e.g., Senator Smith Legal Defense Fund).
- A **ballot measure committee** controlled by one or more state candidates must also state that it is a ballot measure committee (e.g., Senator Lee’s Ballot Measure Committee) prior to the designation of the ballot measure number. See additional requirements for primarily formed committees.

Sponsored Committees: A sponsored committee (including most political action committees) must include the full name of its sponsor in the name of the committee. If the committee has more than one sponsor and the sponsors are members of an industry or other identifiable group, include a term identifying that industry or group.

Primarily Formed Committees

Ballot Measures: The name of each committee primarily formed to support or oppose a ballot measure must include:

- A statement identifying the ballot measure(s) number or letter and whether it supports or opposes the measure(s) (e.g., Committee For Proposition/Measure __ or Committee Against Proposition/Measure __).

Recalls: Each committee established for a recall election must include the name of the officeholder subject to the recall. If the committee is not controlled by the officeholder, the committee must state its support or opposition (e.g., Committee Opposing the Recall of Council Member Doe).

Supporting or Opposing a Candidate: The name of each committee primarily formed to support or oppose a state or local candidate(s) being voted on in a single election, other than a recall election, must include the last name of each candidate, the office sought, the year of the election and must state whether the committee supports or opposes the candidate(s) (e.g., Committee to Support Doe for Senate 20XX).

**Statement of Organization
Recipient Committee**

INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

Page 2

COMMITTEE NAME	I.D. NUMBER
----------------	-------------

- All committees must list the financial institution where the campaign bank account is located.

NAME OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTION	AREA CODE/PHONE	BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER
-------------------------------	-----------------	---------------------

ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
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4. Type of Committee Complete the applicable sections.

Controlled Committee

- List the name of each controlling officeholder, candidate, or state measure proponent. If candidate or officeholder controlled, also list the elective office sought or held, and district number, if any, and the year of the election.
- List the political party with which each officeholder or candidate is affiliated or check "nonpartisan." Stating "No party preference" is acceptable
- If this committee acts jointly with another controlled committee, list the name and identification number of the other controlled committee.

NAME OF CANDIDATE/OFFICEHOLDER/STATE MEASURE PROPONENT	ELECTIVE OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD (INCLUDE DISTRICT NUMBER IF APPLICABLE)	YEAR OF ELECTION	PARTY CHECK ONE		(list political party below)
			Nonpartisan	Partisan	
			Nonpartisan	Partisan	

Primarily Formed Committee

Primarily formed to support or oppose specific candidates or measures in a single election. List below:

CANDIDATE(S) NAME OR MEASURE(S) FULL TITLE (INCLUDE BALLOT NO. OR LETTER) IF A RECALL, STATE "RECALL" IN FRONT OF THE OFFICEHOLDER'S NAME.	CANDIDATE(S) OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD OR MEASURE(S) JURISDICTION (INCLUDE DISTRICT NO., CITY OR COUNTY, AS APPLICABLE)	CHECK ONE	
		SUPPORT	OPPOSE
		SUPPORT	OPPOSE

2. Treasurer and Other Principal Officers:

A committee may have only one treasurer and one assistant treasurer. A candidate may be his or her own treasurer or assistant treasurer. A committee may not accept a contribution or make an expenditure without a treasurer.

A committee that is not controlled by a candidate or officeholder must disclose the name, street address, and telephone number of the committee's principal officer(s). The principal officer(s) of a committee are the individual(s) primarily responsible for approving the political activity of the committee, including authorizing the content of communications, authorizing contributions and other expenditures, and determining strategy. If more than three individuals qualify as principal officers of the committee, identify no fewer than three.

If no individual other than the committee treasurer qualifies as a principal officer, identify that individual as both the treasurer and the principal officer. An attachment may be necessary.

3. Verification/Original Ink Signature(s):

The Form 410 filed with the Secretary of State must contain an original signature(s). The committee treasurer or assistant treasurer must sign the Form 410. Also, each controlling officeholder, candidate or state ballot measure proponent must sign the Form 410. If more than three control the committee, one of them may sign on behalf of all controlling individuals. If a candidate will serve as his or her own treasurer, he or she must sign as the candidate and again as the treasurer.

Bank Account Information

- Qualified committees must list the name and address of the financial institution where the campaign bank account is located and the bank account number.
- Non-qualified committees are not required to list a bank account.

4. Type of Committee:

Controlled Committee

A "controlled committee" is one which is controlled directly or indirectly by an officeholder, candidate, or state measure proponent, or which acts jointly with an officeholder, candidate, state measure proponent, or another controlled committee in connection with making expenditures.

A committee is controlled if the officeholder, candidate, or proponent, his/her agent, or any other committee he/she controls, has a significant influence on the actions or decisions of the committee.

"Proponents" of state measures are persons who request the Attorney General to prepare a title and summary of a state initiative, referendum, or measure.

Candidate Election Committee: Identify the candidate's last name, office, election year and party, if applicable.

Ballot Measure Committee Controlled by State

Candidate: Identify each measure on which the committee has spent or anticipates spending \$50,000 or more in the current two-year period, beginning with January 1 of an odd-numbered year. If the ballot designation has not been assigned, describe the purpose of the anticipated measure(s). Amend the Form 410 when a ballot designation is assigned. Provide this information in the primarily formed or general purpose section or on an attachment.

Legal Defense Committee: On an attachment, describe the specific legal dispute(s) for which the legal defense fund was established. The Form 410 must be amended within 10 days when legal disputes are either resolved or new disputes are initiated.

Primarily Formed Committee

A committee is "primarily formed" when it makes or initially plans to make more than 70% of its contributions and expenditures to support or oppose a specific candidate or measure, or a group of measures or specific local candidates all being voted upon in the same election on the same date. (FPPC Regulation 18247.5)

New committees: A new committee formed within six months of a statewide regular election or within 30 days of a state special election is presumed to be primarily formed if the committee makes at least \$25,000 in independent expenditures to support or oppose a state candidate or measure. Monthly review is required for other new committees that spend at least \$1,000 a month and were formed within six months of an election in connection with which the committee makes contributions or expenditures.

Quarterly review at the end of March, June, September and December is required for other committees.

A committee controlled by a candidate for his or her own candidacy is not a primarily formed committee.

State ballot measures - qualification ID number: Certain committees must list in Section 4, Primarily Formed Committee, the Attorney General's Office assigned identification number to a proposed state ballot measure:

- A committee submitting the title and summary;
- A committee primarily formed for the measure; or
- A committee that spends \$100,000 or more on petition circulation for the measure.

Recall Committees: A committee supporting or opposing a recall must list "Recall [Officeholder's Name]," the office held by the recall target officeholder, and mark the appropriate box to indicate whether the committee supports or opposes the recall of the officeholder.

**Statement of Organization
Recipient Committee**

INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

CALIFORNIA FORM 410
Page 3
I.D. NUMBER

COMMITTEE NAME

4. Type of Committee (Continued)

General Purpose Committee Not formed to support or oppose specific candidates or measures in a single election. Check only one box:
CITY Committee COUNTY Committee STATE Committee

PROVIDE BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY

Sponsored Committee List additional sponsors on an attachment.

NAME OF SPONSOR		INDUSTRY GROUP OR AFFILIATION OF SPONSOR			
STREET ADDRESS	NO. AND STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	AREA CODE/PHONE

Small Contributor Committee ____/____/____
Date qualified

5. Termination Requirements By signing the verification, the treasurer, assistant treasurer and/or candidate, officeholder, or ponent certify that all of the following conditions have been met:

- This committee has ceased to receive contributions and make expenditures;
- This committee does not anticipate receiving contributions or making expenditures in the future;
- This committee has eliminated or has no intention or ability to discharge all debts, loans received, and other obligations;
- This committee has no surplus funds; and
- This committee has filed all campaign statements required by the Political Reform Act disclosing all reportable transactions.
 - There are restrictions on the disposition of surplus campaign funds held by elected officers who are leaving office and by defeated candidates. Refer to Government Code Section 89519.
 - Leftover funds of ballot measure committees may be used for political, legislative or governmental purposes under Government Code Sections 89511 - 89518, and are subject to Elections Code Section 18680 and FPPC Regulation 18521.5.

Instructions for Statement of Organization

General Purpose Committee

A committee is a “general purpose committee” if its principal activity is supporting or opposing a variety of candidates or measures voted on in different elections. (FPPC Regulation 18227.5)

- A **state committee** makes contributions or expenditures to support or oppose candidates or measures voted on in state elections, or in more than one county; it does not make over 70% of its contributions or expenditures in a single local jurisdiction. State contributions include contributions to other state general purpose committees. *All political party committees that meet the requirements as a political party pursuant to Elections Code Section 5100 (Government Code Section 85205) (including county central committees) are state committees.*
- A **county committee** makes more than 70% of its contributions or expenditures to support or oppose candidates or measures voted on in a single county, or in more than one jurisdiction within one county. This includes contributions to other general purpose committees in the same county.
- A **city committee** makes more than 70% of its contributions or expenditures to support or oppose candidates or measures voted on in a single city, or in one consolidated city and county. This includes contributions to other city general purpose committees in the same city.

A city or county committee may make up to four contributions in a calendar year to candidates for elective state office whose districts are within the same jurisdiction and is not required to change its status to a state committee.

A committee that has made contributions or expenditures of \$5,000 or more during a quarter must review its activity at the end of March, June, September and December to determine if the committee is filing reports in the appropriate jurisdiction. During the first six months, a new committee must check its

jurisdictional status each month the committee makes expenditures of \$1,000 or more. If a change of filing locations occurs, reports must be filed in both the new and old jurisdiction through the calendar year.

After marking the appropriate state, county or city box, provide a brief description of the committee’s political activities such as whether it supports candidates or measures that share a common political affiliation.

Sponsored Committee

A “sponsored committee” is a general purpose or primarily formed committee, other than an officeholder or candidate controlled committee, that has one or more sponsors.

An organization, business, or other entity is a sponsor if one or more of the following apply:

- The committee receives 80% or more of its contributions from the entity or organization or its members, officers, employees, or shareholders.
- The entity or organization collects contributions for the committee by use of payroll deductions or dues from its members, officers or employees.
- The entity or organization, alone or in combination with other entities or organizations, provides all or nearly all of the administrative services for the committee.
- The entity or organization, alone or in combination with other entities or organizations, sets the policies for contribution solicitations or payment of expenditures from committee funds.

See the instructions for Part 1 for a sponsored committee’s name requirements.

Small Contributor Committee

A “small contributor committee” is one that has been in existence for more than six months;

receives contributions from 100 or more persons; makes contributions to five or more candidates; and has not received more than \$200 from one person in a calendar year.

5. Termination Requirements

Recipient committees may only terminate when:

- They have ceased to receive contributions and make expenditures; and
- They do not anticipate receiving contributions, repayments of outstanding loans made to others, or any other receipts in the future, and they do not anticipate making expenditures in the future; and
- They have eliminated or have no intention or ability to discharge all their debts, loans received, and other obligations; and
- They have no funds; and
- They have filed all required campaign statements disclosing all reportable transactions, including disposition of funds.

State Candidates: There are mandatory termination deadlines applicable to your committees.

How to Terminate

After the termination requirements above are met:

State Committees: Complete page one of the Form 410 and mark the termination box. Send the Form and last Form 450 or 460 (mark the termination box) to the Secretary of State.

Local Committees: Complete page one of the Form 410, mark the termination box and send the Form to the Secretary of State. Send a copy of the Form 410 and last Form 450 or 460 (mark the termination box) to your city or county filing officer.

The Form 460 is for use by all recipient committees, including:

Candidates, Officeholders and Their Controlled Committees

- A candidate or officeholder who has a controlled committee, or who has raised or spent or will raise or spend \$2,000 or more during a calendar year in connection with election to office or holding office. The Form 460 is also required if \$2,000 or more will be raised or spent during the calendar year at the behest of the officeholder or candidate.

Primarily Formed Ballot Measure Committees

- A person, entity, or organization that receives contributions totaling \$2,000 or more during a calendar year for the primary purpose of supporting or opposing the qualification, passage, or defeat of a single ballot measure or two or more measures being voted on in the same city, county, multi-county or state election.

Primarily Formed Candidate/Officeholder Committees

- A person, entity, or organization that receives contributions totaling \$2,000 or more during a calendar year to support or oppose a single candidate or officeholder, or two or more candidates or officeholders who are being voted upon in the same city, county, or multi-county election. This type of committee is not controlled by the candidate(s) or officeholder(s).

General Purpose Committees

- A person, entity, or organization that receives contributions totaling \$2,000 or more during a calendar year to support or oppose various candidates and measures (e.g., political parties, political action committees).

Non-controlled committees that do not receive contributions, loans, or miscellaneous receipts totaling \$100 or more from a single source during a calendar year may use Form 450 – Recipient Committee Campaign Statement – Short Form.

Note: Refer to the Statement of Organization, Form 410, for guidance to determine the type of committee.

Use the Form 460 to file any of the following:

- Preelection Statement
- Semi-annual Statement
- Quarterly Statement
- Special Odd-Year Report
- Termination Statement
- Amendment to a previously filed statement

Note: Mark the preelection statement box if a committee files a monthly report in connection with a LAFCO proposal.

See reverse for general guidance on where to file this form.

Contribution Limits: Candidates for elective state office are subject to state contribution limits. Contributions received by committees for the purpose of making contributions to candidates for elective state office are also subject to limits. A chart identifying the limits is located at www.fppc.ca.gov. In addition, local candidates may be subject to contribution limits imposed by local ordinance. Questions concerning local limits should be addressed to election officials in the local jurisdiction.

This form was prepared by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC). For detailed information on campaign reporting requirements and the Information Practices Act of 1977, see the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee (available from your filing officer or the FPPC). Campaign filing deadlines, forms, and other informational materials are available on the FPPC website (www.fppc.ca.gov).

Instructions for Recipient Committee Campaign Statement

CALIFORNIA
FORM **460**

Where to File:

In general, state committees file with the Secretary of State and local committees file with the filing officer of the local jurisdiction.

State Committees:

State committees include state candidates and officeholders, all judicial candidates and judges, committees that support or oppose state candidates and ballot measures (e.g. PACs, political parties), committees that support or oppose candidates and ballot measure in more than one county and candidates and committees formed for CalPERS or CalSTRS elections.

Secretary of State

Political Reform Division
1500 11th Street, Room 495
Sacramento, CA 95814
Phone (916) 653-6224
Fax (916) 653-5045
www.sos.ca.gov

Additional Copies:

- A copy of this form must also be filed with a state candidate's county of domicile's filing officer, if the state candidate committee does not file Form 460 electronically with the Secretary of State.
- A copy of this form must also be filed with a local filing officer if the committee is controlled by a candidate for state elective office and the committee is formed for a local election.
- A copy of this form must also be filed with the relevant CalPERS or CalSTRS office if the committee is a candidate controlled or a primarily formed committee for a CalPERS or CalSTRS election. A candidate seeking a

CalPERS or CalSTRS election is not required to file a copy of the statement with the candidate's county of domicile.

Local Committees:

- Elected officers and candidates for local agencies that have jurisdiction in two or more counties and committees that support or oppose candidates or local measures being voted on in one of these jurisdictions, file an original and one copy with the election official for the county with the largest number of registered voters in the district and one copy with their county of domicile.
- Elected county officeholders and candidates for county offices, and committees that support or oppose candidates or ballot measures being voted on within a single county, file an original and one copy with the election official for that county.
- Elected city officeholders and candidates for city offices, and committees that support or oppose candidates and ballot measures in a single city, file an original and one copy with the city clerk.

Fast Facts:

Paper Copies: Most committees must file the original and one copy in paper format with the designated filing officer. Most state committees must also file an electronic version. Some local jurisdictions also require electronic submissions.

Electronic Filing: State committees must file electronic reports with the Secretary of State if the committee receives contributions or makes expenditures totaling \$25,000 or more.

General Purpose Committees: FPPC regulation 18227.5 sets out the procedures for determining whether a committee should file with the state, county or city elections office. In general, such committees file with the Secretary of State unless the committee makes more than 70% of its contributions and expenditures in connection with a city election or county election. The regulation sets out review timelines and exceptions. A committee cannot knowingly file in an incorrect jurisdiction with the intention of avoiding the appropriate legal disclosure to the public. Committees that change jurisdictions file in both jurisdictions until the end of the calendar year.

LAFCO Proposals: Committees primarily formed to support or oppose a LAFCO proposal file this form with the county elections office in the county that the proposal may be voted upon. Once a proposal is listed on a ballot, a committee will file as a multi-county, county or city committee.

Statement of Organization: A committee must make certain that its Statement of Organization, Form 410, is current and correct. This form includes information such as a candidate's year of election and the name of the committee's principal officers as well as other important information regarding the committee's formation. Information listed on a Form 460 must be the same as that disclosed on the Form 410.

Recipient Committee Campaign Statement Cover Page

Date Stamp	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____
	For Official Use Only

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	Date of election if applicable: (Month, Day, Year) _____
---	---

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

1. Type of Recipient Committee: All Committees – Complete Parts 1, 2, 3, and 4.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Officeholder, Candidate Controlled Committee
State Candidate Election Committee
Recall
<i>(Also Complete Part 5)</i>

General Purpose Committee
Sponsored
Small Contributor Committee
Political Party/Central Committee | Primarily Formed Ballot Measure
Committee
Controlled
Sponsored
<i>(Also Complete Part 6)</i>

Primarily Formed Candidate/
Officeholder Committee
<i>(Also Complete Part 7)</i> |
|---|--|

2. Type of Statement:

- | | |
|--|--|
| Preelection Statement
Semi-annual Statement
Termination Statement
(Also file a Form 410 Termination)
Amendment (Explain below)

_____ | Quarterly Statement
Special Odd-Year Report |
|--|--|

3. Committee Information

I.D. NUMBER

COMMITTEE NAME (OR CANDIDATE'S NAME IF NO COMMITTEE)

STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT) NO. AND STREET OR P.O. BOX

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

OPTIONAL: FAX / E-MAIL ADDRESS

Treasurer(s)

NAME OF TREASURER

MAILING ADDRESS

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

NAME OF ASSISTANT TREASURER, IF ANY

MAILING ADDRESS

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

OPTIONAL: FAX / E-MAIL ADDRESS

4. Verification

I have used all reasonable diligence in preparing and reviewing this statement and to the best of my knowledge the information contained herein and in the attached schedules is true and complete. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____
Date

By _____
Signature of Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer

Executed on _____
Date

By _____
Signature of Controlling Officeholder, Candidate, State Measure Proponent or Responsible Officer of Sponsor

Executed on _____
Date

By _____
Signature of Controlling Officeholder, Candidate, State Measure Proponent

Executed on _____
Date

By _____
Signature of Controlling Officeholder, Candidate, State Measure Proponent

Instructions for Recipient Committee Campaign Statement – Cover Page

CALIFORNIA
FORM **460**

Period Covered by a Statement:

The “period covered” by a campaign statement begins the day after the closing date of the last campaign statement filed. For example, if the closing date of the last statement was September 30, the beginning date of the next statement will be October 1.

If this is the committee’s first campaign statement, begin with January 1 of the current calendar year.

The closing date of the statement depends on the type of statement you are filing.

Date of Election:

If you are filing this statement as a preelection statement in connection with an election, enter the date of the election.

Type of Recipient Committee:

Check one box to indicate the type of committee filing the statement. General descriptions are provided on the cover sheet to this form, or contact your filing officer or the FPPC for assistance. Following are some additional guidelines:

Controlled Committee

- A controlled committee is one that is controlled by a candidate, officeholder or, in the case of a state ballot measure committee, by the proponent of the measure. A committee is “controlled” if the candidate, officeholder, or proponent, his or her agent, or any other committee he or she controls, has a significant influence on the actions or decisions of the committee.

Sponsored Committees

- A sponsored committee is one that has a sponsor—a business entity, organization, union, or other entity—that meets certain criteria. Sponsored ballot measure committees and general purpose committees must include the name of the sponsor in the name of the committee.

Small Contributor Committees

- This term is significant only if the committee makes contributions to candidates running for elective state office.

Type of Statement:

Check the appropriate box(es) to indicate the type of statement you are filing (or amending).

Amendments: If you are filing an amendment to a previously filed statement, give a brief explanation of the amendment and list the schedules being amended. Include an amended summary page, if applicable. Be sure to enter the period covered of the statement you are amending.

Termination: A committee must continue filing campaign statements each year until it is eligible to terminate and files a Form 410 Termination.

Most officeholders must continue filing campaign statements until they have terminated all controlled committees and have left office.

Committee I.D. Number:

If the committee has not yet received an identification number from the Secretary of State, enter “Not Yet Received.” File Form 410 to obtain an I.D. Number.

Verification:

The statement must be signed by the committee treasurer or the assistant treasurer named on the committee’s Statement of Organization (Form 410). An officeholder, candidate, or state measure proponent who controls the committee must also sign the statement. If two or three officeholders, candidates, or proponents control the committee, each must sign the statement. If more than three control the committee, one may sign on behalf of the others.

Under certain circumstances, the responsible officer of a sponsoring organization must sign the statement.

Additional Important Information:

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for information about:

- When, where, and what type of statements the committee is required to file.
- Closing date of campaign statements.
- Sponsored committee criteria.
- Termination criteria.
- Recordkeeping requirements and prohibitions.

**Recipient Committee
Campaign Statement
Cover Page — Part 2**

5. Officeholder or Candidate Controlled Committee

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER OR CANDIDATE

OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD (INCLUDE LOCATION AND DISTRICT NUMBER IF APPLICABLE)

RESIDENTIAL/BUSINESS ADDRESS (NO. AND STREET) CITY STATE ZIP

Related Committees Not Included in this Statement: *List any committees not included in this statement that are controlled by you or are primarily formed to receive contributions or make expenditures on behalf of your candidacy.*

COMMITTEE NAME	I.D. NUMBER
----------------	-------------

NAME OF TREASURER	CONTROLLED COMMITTEE? YES NO
-------------------	---------------------------------

COMMITTEE ADDRESS STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

COMMITTEE NAME	I.D. NUMBER
----------------	-------------

NAME OF TREASURER	CONTROLLED COMMITTEE? YES NO
-------------------	---------------------------------

COMMITTEE ADDRESS STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOX)

CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE/PHONE

6. Primarily Formed Ballot Measure Committee

NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE

BALLOT NO. OR LETTER	JURISDICTION	SUPPORT OPPOSE
----------------------	--------------	-------------------

Identify the controlling officeholder, candidate, or state measure proponent, if any.

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER, CANDIDATE, OR PROPONENT

OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD	DISTRICT NO. IF ANY
-----------------------	---------------------

7. Primarily Formed Candidate/Officeholder Committee *List names of officeholder(s) or candidate(s) for which this committee is primarily formed.*

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER OR CANDIDATE	OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD	SUPPORT OPPOSE
-----------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER OR CANDIDATE	OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD	SUPPORT OPPOSE
-----------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER OR CANDIDATE	OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD	SUPPORT OPPOSE
-----------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------

NAME OF OFFICEHOLDER OR CANDIDATE	OFFICE SOUGHT OR HELD	SUPPORT OPPOSE
-----------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------------

Attach continuation sheets if necessary

**Instructions for
Recipient Committee
Campaign Statement – Cover Page**

**CALIFORNIA
FORM 460**

Officeholder or Candidate Controlled Committee:

Candidates must have a separate bank account and committee to run for different elective offices. A candidate who is required to file campaign statements in connection with more than one elective office but is only receiving contributions and making expenditures for one of the offices, may include both offices on one Form 460. In Part 5 of the cover page, enter the candidate's name and under "Office Sought or Held," identify each office, and state whether the candidate is seeking or holding the office. The Form 460 must be filed with the appropriate filing officer(s) for each office.

For example, a city councilmember is raising funds to run for the county board of supervisors. She has no committee and is not raising or spending funds in connection with the city office, and has formed a controlled committee for the county office. To comply with the requirements to file campaign statements for both her city office and her county candidacy, she may complete one Form 460 each campaign reporting period, which she will file with the city clerk and the county elections department. In Part 5 of the Form 460 Cover Page, under "Office Sought or Held," she will state that she is holding the office of city councilmember (including the name of the city) and that she is seeking a seat on the board of supervisors (including the name of the county).

Ballot Measure Committee:

Part 6 of the Form 460 Cover Page must be completed by committees that are primarily formed to support or oppose the qualification or passage of a single ballot measure or two or more measures being voted on in the same city, county, multicounty, or state election. A "general purpose" ballot measure committee (one that supports or opposes a variety of state and/or local ballot measures) is not required to complete Part 6.

Campaign Disclosure Statement Summary Page

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SUMMARY PAGE

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____
I.D. NUMBER _____	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER _____

Contributions Received

	Column A TOTAL THIS PERIOD (FROM ATTACHED SCHEDULES)	Column B CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL TO DATE
1. Monetary Contributions..... <i>Schedule A, Line 3</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____
2. Loans Received..... <i>Schedule B, Line 3</i>	_____	_____
3. SUBTOTAL CASH CONTRIBUTIONS..... <i>Add Lines 1 + 2</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____
4. Nonmonetary Contributions..... <i>Schedule C, Line 3</i>	_____	_____
5. TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED..... <i>Add Lines 3 + 4</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____

Calendar Year Summary for Candidates Running in Both the State Primary and General Elections

	1/1 through 6/30	7/1 to Date
20. Contributions Received	\$ _____	\$ _____
21. Expenditures Made	\$ _____	\$ _____

Expenditures Made

6. Payments Made..... <i>Schedule E, Line 4</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____
7. Loans Made..... <i>Schedule H, Line 3</i>	_____	_____
8. SUBTOTAL CASH PAYMENTS..... <i>Add Lines 6 + 7</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____
9. Accrued Expenses (Unpaid Bills)..... <i>Schedule F, Line 3</i>	_____	_____
10. Nonmonetary Adjustment..... <i>Schedule C, Line 3</i>	_____	_____
11. TOTAL EXPENDITURES MADE..... <i>Add Lines 8 + 9 + 10</i>	\$ _____	\$ _____

Expenditure Limit Summary for State Candidates

22. Cumulative Expenditures Made*
(If Subject to Voluntary Expenditure Limit)

Date of Election (mm/dd/yy)	Total to Date
____/____/____	\$ _____
____/____/____	\$ _____

Current Cash Statement

12. Beginning Cash Balance..... <i>Previous Summary Page, Line 16</i>	\$ _____
13. Cash Receipts..... <i>Column A, Line 3 above</i>	_____
14. Miscellaneous Increases to Cash..... <i>Schedule I, Line 4</i>	_____
15. Cash Payments..... <i>Column A, Line 8 above</i>	_____
16. ENDING CASH BALANCE..... <i>Add Lines 12 + 13 + 14, then subtract Line 15</i>	\$ _____
<i>If this is a termination statement, Line 16 must be zero.</i>	
17. LOAN GUARANTEES RECEIVED..... <i>Schedule B, Part 2</i>	\$ _____

To calculate Column B, add amounts in Column A to the corresponding amounts from Column B of your last report. Some amounts in Column A may be negative figures that should be subtracted from previous period amounts. If this is the first report being filed for this calendar year, only carry over the amounts from Lines 2, 7, and 9 (if any).

*Amounts in this section may be different from amounts reported in Column B.

Cash Equivalents and Outstanding Debts

18. Cash Equivalents..... <i>See instructions on reverse</i>	\$ _____
19. Outstanding Debts..... <i>Add Line 2 + Line 9 in Column B above</i>	\$ _____

Instructions for Summary Page Campaign Disclosure Statement

CALIFORNIA
FORM **460**

The Summary Page provides an overview of the committee's financial activities and is completed for each filing.

Column A reflects activities during the current reporting period as reported on Schedules A through H. It is not necessary to attach a blank schedule if there has been no reportable activity during the period, but it is necessary to enter a zero or the word "none" on the appropriate line in Column A of the Summary Page.

Column B figures should reflect the cumulative total since January 1 of the current calendar year.* Add the totals from Column B of the committee's last campaign statement (if any) to the corresponding amounts in Column A. If this is the first report being filed for a calendar year, only carry forward the amounts reported on Lines 2, 7, and 9 of Column B (if any) from the committee's last statement. (Note: The amounts reported on Lines 2, 7, and 9 of Column B should be the same as the total outstanding amounts disclosed in column (d) of Schedules B, F, and H, respectively, of the current report.)

When loans (Schedules B and H) and accrued expenses (Schedule F) are paid, the figures to be carried from the schedules to Lines 2, 7, and 9 of Column A may be negative numbers. In this case, be sure to show them as negative figures on the Summary Page (e.g., with a minus sign (-) or in parentheses), and subtract them when totaling Columns A and B.

*There are exceptions to the calendar year "cumulation period" for candidate elections and ballot measure elections held in January and early February, and for ballot measure qualification activities. Consult the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for additional information.

Current Cash Statement:

Lines 12-16 of the Summary Page should accurately reflect your current cash position. Beginning and ending cash balances should include the total amount of funds in your campaign checking and savings accounts, plus any investments that can be readily converted to cash, such as certificates of deposit, money market accounts, stocks and bonds, etc. (Officeholders and candidates are subject to bank account restrictions, and all committees should read the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual regarding appropriate uses of campaign funds.)

Line 12 (Beginning Cash Balance) must be the same as the ending cash balance reported on Line 16 of your previous statement's Summary Page. If this is your first campaign statement, enter zero on Line 12.

Line 16 (Ending Cash Balance) is the total of Lines 12, 13, and 14, **minus** Line 15.

If you are filing a termination statement, Line 16 must be zero.

Cash Equivalents:

"Cash equivalents" include investments that cannot be readily converted to cash, as well as the balance due on all outstanding loans the committee has made to others (from Line 7 of Column B of the Summary Page). Investments that can be readily converted to cash, such as certificates of deposit or money market funds, should be included in the cash on hand figures on Lines 12 and 16 of the Summary Page.

Summary for Primary and General Elections (Lines 20 and 21):

This section is only for committees that are:

- Controlled by a candidate who is being voted on in both the state primary and general elections (does not apply to controlled ballot measure committees); or
- Primarily formed to support or oppose candidates being voted on in both the state primary and general elections.

Complete this summary on the preelection and semi-annual statements for the general election, covering periods during the last six months of the year (July 1 – December 31).

Expenditure Ceiling Summary for State Candidates (Line 22):

Candidates for elective state office who have accepted the voluntary expenditure ceiling for a particular election must disclose the total amount of expenditures made through the end of the reporting period that are subject to the expenditure ceiling for the election. Report the date of the election and total amount expended for that election. Report totals for the primary and general elections separately. This information is no longer required if the expenditure ceiling has been lifted. (See FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

Schedule A Monetary Contributions Received

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE A

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____
I.D. NUMBER	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER

DATE RECEIVED	FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF CONTRIBUTOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CONTRIBUTOR CODE *	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER (IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME)	AMOUNT RECEIVED THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE TO DATE CALENDAR YEAR (JAN. 1 - DEC. 31)	PER ELECTION TO DATE (IF REQUIRED)
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				

SUBTOTAL \$

Schedule A Summary

- Amount received this period – itemized monetary contributions.
(Include all Schedule A subtotals.)\$ _____
- Amount received this period – unitemized monetary contributions of less than \$100\$ _____
- Total monetary contributions received this period.
(Add Lines 1 and 2. Enter here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Line 1.).....**TOTAL \$** _____

*Contributor Codes
 IND – Individual
 COM – Recipient Committee
 (other than PTY or SCC)
 OTH – Other (e.g., business entity)
 PTY – Political Party
 SCC – Small Contributor Committee

Instructions for Schedule A Monetary Contributions Received

Report monetary contributions (except loans) received during the reporting period on Schedule A. Also report on Schedule A if a contributor forgives a loan for your committee or a third party pays a loan for your committee. Loans received during the period are reported on Schedule B. Certain transfers between a state candidate's controlled committees are also disclosed on Schedule A. (See FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

If a total of \$100 or more is received from a single contributor during a calendar year, report the name, street address, city, state and zip code of the contributor, the amount contributed this period, and the cumulative amount received from the contributor since January 1 of the current calendar year.* Include monetary and nonmonetary contributions and loans when reporting the cumulative amount.

Contributions totaling less than \$100 received from a single contributor during a calendar year are reported as a lump sum on Line 2 of the Schedule A Summary.

*There are exceptions to the calendar year "cumulation period" for candidate elections and ballot measure elections held in January and early February, and for ballot measure qualification activities. (See the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manuals for candidates and ballot measure committees.)

Date Received:

A monetary contribution has been received when the candidate or committee, or an agent of the candidate or committee, receives or obtains control of the check or other negotiable instrument. There are special rules for reporting the date contributions are received by a committee that collects contributions through employee payroll deductions

or membership dues and contributions received electronically (e.g., credit card, text).

Contributor Codes:

For each itemized contributor, check the applicable contributor code:

IND — contributions from any individual's personal funds.

COM — contributions from other committees that receive contributions. These committees will have an identification number assigned by the Secretary of State. Examples: political action committees, other candidates' committees. (State committees should use PTY or SCC when appropriate.)

OTH — business entities and other contributors.

PTY — contributions from political parties (including state and county central committees).

SCC — contributions from small contributor committees (applicable only to state candidates and committees).

Contributions from Individuals:

When itemizing a contribution from an individual, also disclose the contributor's occupation and the name of his or her employer. If the contributor is self-employed, provide the name of his or her business. If the contributor is not employed, enter "none."

It is not necessary to enter occupation and employer information for other types of contributors (such as business entities).

Missing Contributor Information: A contribution of \$100 or more must be returned to the contributor within 60 days if the recipient does not obtain the contributor's address, occupation and employer.

Contributions from Committees:

When itemizing a contribution from another recipient committee, disclose the identification number assigned to that committee by the Secretary of State in addition to its name and address. If no ID number has been assigned, provide the name and address of that committee's treasurer.

Intermediaries:

If you receive a contribution through an intermediary (i.e., you have received a contribution check from a person other than the true source of the funds), disclose all of the required information for both the intermediary and the actual contributor.

Per Election to Date:

Candidates subject to state contribution limits (or if required by local ordinance) must disclose the cumulative amount received from each contributor during the limitation cycle in addition to the calendar year cumulative amount. (Candidates for elective state office should refer to FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

Additional Important Information:

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about aggregating monetary and nonmonetary contributions, recordkeeping, prohibitions on cash contributions, returning contributions, and more.

**Schedule A (Continuation Sheet)
Monetary Contributions Received**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE A (CONT.)

Statement covers period	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
from _____	
through _____	Page _____ of _____
I.D. NUMBER	

NAME OF FILER

DATE RECEIVED	FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF CONTRIBUTOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CONTRIBUTOR CODE *	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER (IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME)	AMOUNT RECEIVED THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE TO DATE CALENDAR YEAR (JAN. 1 - DEC. 31)	PER ELECTION TO DATE (IF REQUIRED)
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC				
SUBTOTAL \$						

*Contributor Codes
 IND – Individual
 COM – Recipient Committee
 (other than PTY or SCC)
 OTH – Other (e.g., business entity)
 PTY – Political Party
 SCC – Small Contributor Committee

Schedule B – Part 1 Loans Received

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

Statement covers period	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
from _____	
through _____	Page _____ of _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER _____

I.D. NUMBER _____

FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF LENDER (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER (IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME OF BUSINESS)	(a) OUTSTANDING BALANCE BEGINNING THIS PERIOD	(b) AMOUNT RECEIVED THIS PERIOD	(c) AMOUNT PAID OR FORGIVEN THIS PERIOD*	(d) OUTSTANDING BALANCE AT CLOSE OF THIS PERIOD	(e) INTEREST PAID THIS PERIOD	(f) ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF LOAN	(g) CUMULATIVE CONTRIBUTIONS TO DATE
† IND COM OTH PTY SCC		\$ _____	\$ _____	PAID	\$ _____	_____% RATE	\$ _____	CALENDAR YEAR
				\$ _____				\$ _____
					DATE DUE		DATE INCURRED	\$ _____
† IND COM OTH PTY SCC		\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	DATE DUE	_____% RATE	DATE INCURRED	PER ELECTION**
								\$ _____
† IND COM OTH PTY SCC		\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	DATE DUE	_____% RATE	DATE INCURRED	PER ELECTION**
								\$ _____
SUBTOTALS \$								

(Enter (e) on Schedule E, Line 3)

Schedule B Summary

- Loans received this period \$ _____
(Total Column (b) plus unitemized loans of less than \$100.)
- Loans paid or forgiven this period \$ _____
(Total Column (c) plus loans under \$100 paid or forgiven.)
(Include loans paid by a third party that are also itemized on Schedule A.)
- Net change this period. (**Subtract** Line 2 from Line 1.) **NET \$** _____
Enter the net here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Line 2.

†Contributor Codes
 IND – Individual
 COM – Recipient Committee
 (other than PTY or SCC)
 OTH – Other (e.g., business entity)
 PTY – Political Party
 SCC – Small Contributor Committee

(May be a negative number)

*Amounts forgiven or paid by another party also must be reported on Schedule A.

** If required.

Instructions for Schedule B – Part 1 Loans Received

All loans received or outstanding are reported on Schedule B. Loans include monetary loans and amounts drawn on lines of credit.

Report loan guarantors on Schedule B – Part 2. A “guarantor” is a third party that co-signs, endorses, or provides security for a loan, or establishes or provides security for a line of credit. A guarantor is also making a contribution.

When a state candidate guarantees a loan from a commercial lending institution in connection with his or her election, both the lending institution and the candidate are required to be disclosed as the lender.

For each loan of \$100 or more that was received or was outstanding during the reporting period, disclose the lender’s name and address. Report the original source of all loans received. E.g., for a loan from a commercial lending institution for which a candidate is personally liable, report the lending institution as the lender.

Column (a) – Enter the outstanding loan balance at the beginning of this period (Column (d) of last report). If the loan was received this period, this column will be blank.

Column (b) – Enter the amount received from the lender during this reporting period. If this loan was received in a previous reporting period, leave blank.

Column (c) – Enter the amount of any reduction of the loan during this reporting period. Check whether the loan was paid or forgiven. When the lender forgives a loan or a third party makes a payment on a loan, also report the lender or third party on Schedule A.

Column (d) – Enter the outstanding balance of the loan at the close of this reporting period. Enter the due date, if any.

Column (e) – Enter the interest rate and the amount of interest paid on the loan(s) during this reporting period. Interest paid is reported separately from payments made on the loan principal. Interest payments are also transferred to the Schedule E Summary.

Column (f) – Enter the original amount of the loan and date received. If this is the first time you are reporting the loan, this will be the same amount reported in Column (b).

Column (g) – Enter the cumulative amount of contributions (loans, monetary and nonmonetary contributions) received from the lender during the calendar year covered by this statement. Candidates subject to state contribution limits (or if required by local ordinance) must disclose the cumulative amount received from each contributor during the limitation cycle in addition to the calendar year cumulative amount. (Candidates for elective state office should refer to FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

Schedule B Summary:

The Schedule B Summary reflects the “net change” in your loan activity. That is, loan payments made during the period are subtracted from new loans received. When the loan payments number is larger than the amount of new loans received, Line 3 will be a negative figure. For example, if \$200 is paid during the period and only \$100 is received in new loans, report the net change on Line 3 as

“-\$100” or “(\$100).” Be sure to carry this figure to the Summary Page as a negative figure to be subtracted from Summary Page totals.

Additional Important Information:

Refer to the Instructions for Schedule A for important information about:

- Contributor codes
- Contributions from individuals
- Contributions from committees
- Intermediaries

A loan received from a commercial lending institution in the normal course of business is reportable on Schedule B but is not considered a contribution. Contributor codes and cumulative amounts (Column (g)) are required only for loans that are contributions.

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about recordkeeping, prohibitions on cash contributions, returning contributions, and more.

**Schedule B – Part 2
Loan Guarantors**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER	I.D. NUMBER
---------------	-------------

FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF CONTRIBUTOR <small>(IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)</small>	CONTRIBUTOR CODE*	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER <small>(IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME OF BUSINESS)</small>	LOAN	AMOUNT GUARANTEED THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE TO DATE	BALANCE OUTSTANDING TO DATE
	IND COM OTH PTY SCC		LENDER _____ DATE _____		CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION (IF REQUIRED) \$ _____	
	IND COM OTH PTY SCC		LENDER _____ DATE _____		CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION (IF REQUIRED) \$ _____	
	IND COM OTH PTY SCC		LENDER _____ DATE _____		CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION (IF REQUIRED) \$ _____	
	IND COM OTH PTY SCC		LENDER _____ DATE _____		CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION (IF REQUIRED) \$ _____	

SUBTOTAL \$	Enter on Summary Page, Line 17 only.	
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Instructions for Schedule B – Part 2 Loan Guarantors

Guarantors of loans received or outstanding during the reporting period are reported on Schedule B – Part 2. A “guarantor” is a third party that co-signs, endorses, or provides security for a loan, or establishes or provides security for a line of credit. A guarantor is also making a contribution.

For each guarantor of \$100 or more, enter the name and address of the guarantor and, if the guarantor is an individual, his/her occupation and employer or, if self employed, the name of his/her business.

Enter the name of the lender or the entity at which a line of credit was established and the date of the loan or the date the line of credit was established.

Enter the amount guaranteed this period, if applicable. For lines of credit, enter the full amount established or secured by the guarantor during the period. (Report amounts **drawn** on a line of credit on Schedule B – Part 1.)

Enter the cumulative amount guaranteed during the calendar year covered by the statement. Candidates subject to state contribution limits (or if required by local ordinance) must disclose the cumulative amount received from each contributor during the limitation cycle in addition to the calendar year cumulative amount. (Candidates for elective state office should refer to FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

Report the outstanding balance for which the guarantor is liable at the close of this reporting period.

Loan guarantees are not included in the Schedule B Summary, but are carried forward in a lump sum to Line 17 of the Summary Page.

Schedule C Nonmonetary Contributions Received

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE C

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
Page _____ of _____	I.D. NUMBER

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE
NAME OF FILER

DATE RECEIVED	FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF CONTRIBUTOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CONTRIBUTOR CODE *	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER (IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME OF BUSINESS)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS OR SERVICES	AMOUNT/ FAIR MARKET VALUE	CUMULATIVE TO DATE CALENDAR YEAR (JAN 1 - DEC 31)	PER ELECTION TO DATE (IF REQUIRED)
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC					
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC					
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC					
		IND COM OTH PTY SCC					
<i>Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.</i>					SUBTOTAL \$		

Schedule C Summary

- Amount received this period – itemized nonmonetary contributions.
(Include all Schedule C subtotals.).....\$ _____
- Amount received this period – unitemized nonmonetary contributions of less than \$100\$ _____
- Total nonmonetary contributions received this period.
(Add Lines 1 and 2. Enter here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Lines 4 and 10.).....**TOTAL \$** _____

*Contributor Codes
IND – Individual
COM – Recipient Committee
(other than PTY or SCC)
OTH – Other (e.g., business entity)
PTY – Political Party
SCC – Small Contributor Committee

Instructions for Schedule C Nonmonetary Contributions Received

Report the receipt of nonmonetary contributions on Schedule C.

Nonmonetary contributions include:

- Goods and services for which you have not paid the fair market value, including items donated for auctions or garage sales, such as artwork or furniture.
- A discount that is not available to the public generally.
- Salary payments made by an employer for an employee who spends 10% or more of his or her compensated time in a calendar month working for your committee.

Volunteer personal services and payments voluntarily made by a person for his or her own campaign-related travel expenses are not reportable. The occupant of a home or office can host a fundraiser without making a nonmonetary contribution as long as the total cost of the fundraiser is \$500 or less.

If a total of \$100 or more is received from a single contributor during a calendar year, report the name, street address, city, state and zip code of the contributor, the amount contributed this period, and the cumulative amount received from the contributor since January 1 of the current calendar year. Include monetary and nonmonetary contributions and loans when reporting the cumulative amount.

Contributions totaling less than \$100 received from a single contributor during a calendar year are reported as a lump sum on Line 2 of the Schedule C Summary.

Date Received:

A nonmonetary contribution has been received on the earlier of the following: 1) the date the contributor made an expenditure for goods or services at your behest (in consultation or coordination with you, or at your request or suggestion); or 2) the date you or your agent obtained possession or control of the goods or services.

Per Election to Date:

Candidates subject to state contribution limits (or if required by local ordinance) must disclose the cumulative amount received from each contributor during the limitation cycle in addition to the calendar year cumulative amount. (Candidates for elective state office should refer to FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1.)

Fair Market Value:

The fair market value of a nonmonetary contribution is the amount it would cost to purchase the goods or services on the open market. The fair market value can be more than the amount it cost the contributor to provide the goods or services to you.

If you do not know the value of a nonmonetary contribution, you may request the contributor to provide you with a written statement of the value. If you make a request in writing and the value of the contribution is \$100 or more, the contributor is

required by law to provide the information.

Administrative Services:

Administrative overhead and start-up expenses paid by a sponsoring organization for its sponsored committee are not contributions to the committee but must be reported on Schedule C. Report the value of the services in the "Description of Goods or Services" column and a zero in the "Amount" and "Cumulative to Date" columns.

Nonmonetary Contributions as Expenditures:

The total of nonmonetary contributions is reported on the Summary Page as both contributions received and expenditures made. Enter the total on Line 3 of the Schedule C Summary on both Lines 4 and 10 of the Summary Page. (State Candidates: Most nonmonetary contributions also count for purposes of the voluntary expenditure limits.)

Additional Important Information:

Refer to the Instructions for Schedule A for important information about:

- Contributor codes
- Contributions from individuals
- Contributions from committees
- Intermediaries

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about aggregating monetary and nonmonetary contributions, recordkeeping, and more.

**Schedule D
Summary of Expenditures
Supporting/Opposing Other
Candidates, Measures and Committees**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE D

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
Page _____ of _____	I.D. NUMBER

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER

DATE	NAME OF CANDIDATE, OFFICE, AND DISTRICT, OR MEASURE NUMBER OR LETTER AND JURISDICTION, OR COMMITTEE	TYPE OF PAYMENT	DESCRIPTION (IF REQUIRED)	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE TO DATE CALENDAR YEAR (JAN. 1 - DEC. 31)	PER ELECTION TO DATE (IF REQUIRED)
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
SUBTOTAL \$						

Schedule D Summary

1. Itemized contributions and independent expenditures made this period. (Include all Schedule D subtotals.)..... \$ _____
2. Unitemized contributions and independent expenditures made this period of under \$100..... \$ _____
3. Total contributions and independent expenditures made this period. (Add Lines 1 and 2. Do not enter on the Summary Page.)..... **TOTAL .. \$** _____

**Instructions for
Schedule D
Summary of Expenditures Supporting/Opposing Other
Candidates, Measures, and Committees**

Schedule D is a summary of payments reported on Schedules E, F, and H that are contributions or independent expenditures to support or oppose candidates and committees. These include:

- A direct monetary contribution or loan made to another candidate or committee.
- A payment made to a vendor for goods or services for a candidate or committee (a nonmonetary contribution).
- A donation to a candidate or committee of goods on hand, or the payment of salary or expenses for a campaign employee who spends 10% or more of his or her compensated time working for another candidate or committee.
- A payment made for a communication (e.g., a mailing, billboard, radio ad) that expressly advocates the election, passage or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or ballot measure, but the payment is **not** made to—or at the behest of—the candidate or a ballot measure committee. These payments are “independent expenditures” and may trigger additional reports for your committee.

If a total of \$100 or more is contributed or expended during a calendar year to support or oppose a single candidate, ballot measure, or a general purpose committee (e.g., a political party), disclose the name of the candidate and the office sought or held and the candidate’s district, if any, the number or letter and jurisdiction of the ballot measure, or the name of the general purpose committee. For each candidate or measure listed, indicate whether the payment was made to support or oppose the candidate or measure. For example,

if you made a contribution to the Committee Against Measure A, check the “Oppose” box.

Disclose the date(s) and amount(s) of contributions or independent expenditures made this period relative to each candidate, measure, or committee, and the cumulative amount contributed or paid to date relative to the candidate, measure, or committee since January 1 of the current calendar year. Cumulate contributions and independent expenditures separately.

Contributions and expenditures of less than \$100 to support or oppose a single candidate or measure during a calendar year are totaled and reported as a lump sum on Line 2 of the Schedule D Summary.

Per Election to Date:

If a contribution is made to a candidate that is subject to state contribution limits (or if required by local ordinance), disclose the total amount contributed to the committee in connection with each limitation cycle and identify the election year. The primary and general elections are separate elections. For example, a \$4,200 contribution to a candidate for the primary election in 2016 would be disclosed as “\$4,200 P-16.”

“Per Election to Date” Column	
Limitation Cycle	Year of Election
Primary P	2016 16
General G	2017 17
Special S	2018 18
Runoff R	2019 19

Description:

If you contributed goods on hand to another candidate or committee (e.g., office supplies), describe the goods or services in the “Description” column and disclose the fair market value of the contribution. The fair market value is the amount it would cost the recipient to purchase the goods or services. Because payments must be described when they are reported on Schedules E and F, you need not provide a description on Schedule D for payments reported on Schedules E or F that are nonmonetary contributions or independent expenditures.

Date of Contribution or Expenditure:

A monetary contribution is made on the date it is mailed, delivered, or otherwise transmitted it to the candidate or committee. A nonmonetary contribution is made on the earlier of the following: 1) the date you made an expenditure for goods or services at the behest of the candidate or committee; or 2) the date the candidate or committee obtained possession or control of the goods or services.

Additional Important Information:

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about recordkeeping, prohibitions on cash payments, restrictions on the use of campaign funds, and more.

**Schedule D
(Continuation Sheet)
Summary of Expenditures
Supporting/Opposing Other
Candidates, Measures and Committees**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE D (CONT.)

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____
I.D. NUMBER	

NAME OF FILER _____

DATE	NAME OF CANDIDATE, OFFICE, AND DISTRICT, OR MEASURE NUMBER OR LETTER AND JURISDICTION, OR COMMITTEE	TYPE OF PAYMENT	DESCRIPTION (IF REQUIRED)	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE TO DATE CALENDAR YEAR (JAN. 1 - DEC. 31)	PER ELECTION TO DATE (IF REQUIRED)
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					
		Monetary Contribution Nonmonetary Contribution Independent Expenditure				
	Support Oppose					

SUBTOTAL \$

Schedule E Payments Made

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

Statement covers period		CALIFORNIA FORM 460
from _____	through _____	
Page _____ of _____		I.D. NUMBER

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE
NAME OF FILER

CODES: If one of the following codes accurately describes the payment, you may enter the code. Otherwise, describe the payment.

CMP campaign paraphernalia/misc.	MBR member communications	RAD radio airtime and production costs
CNS campaign consultants	MTG meetings and appearances	RFD returned contributions
CTB contribution (explain nonmonetary)*	OFC office expenses	SAL campaign workers' salaries
CVC civic donations	PET petition circulating	TEL t.v. or cable airtime and production costs
FIL candidate filing/ballot fees	PHO phone banks	TRC candidate travel, lodging, and meals
FND fundraising events	POL polling and survey research	TRS staff/spouse travel, lodging, and meals
IND independent expenditure supporting/opposing others (explain)*	POS postage, delivery and messenger services	TSF transfer between committees of the same candidate/sponsor
LEG legal defense	PRO professional services (legal, accounting)	VOT voter registration
LIT campaign literature and mailings	PRT print ads	WEB information technology costs (internet, e-mail)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CODE	OR	DESCRIPTION OF PAYMENT	AMOUNT PAID

* Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D.

SUBTOTAL \$

Schedule E Summary

- Itemized payments made this period. (Include all Schedule E subtotals.)..... \$ _____
- Unitemized payments made this period of under \$100..... \$ _____
- Total interest paid this period on loans. (Enter amount from Schedule B, Part 1, Column (e).)..... \$ _____
- Total payments made this period. (Add Lines 1, 2, and 3. Enter here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Line 6.)..... **TOTAL \$** _____

Instructions for Schedule E Payments Made

Report payments on Schedule E (other than loans).

For each payment of \$100 or more made during the period, report the name and street address, city, state, and zip code of the payee or creditor, and the amount paid during the period. Payments of less than \$100 during the period are reported as a lump sum on Line 2 of the Schedule E Summary. However, if two or more payments under \$100 were made for a single product or service and the total paid during the period was \$100 or more, itemize the total amount paid during the period.

Report payments made on accrued expenses. Also report the required information on Schedule F.

Code or Description of Payment:

If one of the codes listed on Schedule E fully describes the payment, enter the code. A full description of each code is provided on the back of the Schedule E-Continuation Sheet. If none of the codes fully explains the payment, leave the "Code" column blank and enter a brief description of the goods or services purchased in the "Description of Payment" column.

Credit Card Payments:

Disclose the name, address, and amount paid to the credit card company during the period. Also disclose the name, address, amount paid, and code or description of payment for each vendor paid \$100 or more. You may disclose the vendor payments on Schedule E or Schedule G.

Payments by Agents and Independent Contractors:

When an agent or independent contractor (e.g., campaign worker, advertising agency, campaign management firm) makes payments on your behalf ("subvendor payments"), disclose the name, address, amount paid, and code or description of payment for each vendor paid \$500 or more. Disclose payments to the agent or independent contractor on Schedule E. You may disclose the subvendor payments on Schedule E or Schedule G.

Loans:

Report interest paid on loans received on Line 3 of the Schedule E Summary (from Schedule B, Part 1, Column (e)).

Report payments made on loans received on Schedule B and loans made to others on Schedule H. Do not report on Schedule E.

Savings Accounts/Certificates of Deposit/Money Market Accounts:

Do not report transfers of campaign funds into savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, or the purchase of any other asset that can readily be converted to cash on Schedule E. Continue reporting these amounts as part of your cash on hand on the Summary Page.

Candidates:

- Candidates must briefly describe the political, legislative, or governmental purpose of an itemized expenditure for gifts, meals, and travel payments. FPPC Regulation 18421.7 sets out the requirements.
- Candidate controlled ballot measure committee funds may only be used to make payments related to a state or local measure or potential measure (including qualification activities) anticipated by the committee. See FPPC regulation 18521.5.

Ballot Measure Committees

A ballot measure committee that makes a payment to any business entity (1) which is owned 50 percent or more by any of the individuals listed below, or (2) in which any of the individuals listed below is an officer, partner, consultant or employee, must report that individual's name, relationship to the committee, and a description of the ownership interest or position with the business entity. Individuals covered by (1) and (2) above include:

- A candidate or person controlling the committee; or
- An officer or employee of the committee; or
- The spouse of any of the above.

**Schedule E
(Continuation Sheet)
Payments Made**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
Page _____ of _____	I.D. NUMBER

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER

CODES: If one of the following codes accurately describes the payment, you may enter the code. Otherwise, describe the payment.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| CMP campaign paraphernalia/misc. | MBR member communications | RAD radio airtime and production costs |
| CNS campaign consultants | MTG meetings and appearances | RFD returned contributions |
| CTB contribution (explain nonmonetary)* | OFC office expenses | SAL campaign workers' salaries |
| CVC civic donations | PET petition circulating | TEL t.v. or cable airtime and production costs |
| FIL candidate filing/ballot fees | PHO phone banks | TRC candidate travel, lodging, and meals |
| FND fundraising events | POL polling and survey research | TRS staff/spouse travel, lodging, and meals |
| IND independent expenditure supporting/opposing others (explain)* | POS postage, delivery and messenger services | TSF transfer between committees of the same candidate/sponsor |
| LEG legal defense | PRO professional services (legal, accounting) | VOT voter registration |
| LIT campaign literature and mailings | PRT print ads | WEB information technology costs (internet, e-mail) |

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CODE	OR	DESCRIPTION OF PAYMENT	AMOUNT PAID

* Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D.

SUBTOTAL \$

Instructions for Schedule E (Continued) Payments Made

Codes:

CMP: Campaign paraphernalia/misc. Lawn signs, buttons, bumper stickers, T-shirts, potholders, etc. Includes costs of election night event.

CNS: Campaign consultants. Fees and commissions paid to professional campaign management or consulting firms.

CTB: Contributions. Contributions made to other candidates and committees. Use "CTB" for direct monetary contributions. For nonmonetary (in-kind) contributions, use "CTB" and, if one of the other codes accurately describes the expenditure, you may enter that code also. Otherwise, describe the payment. Also provide the name of the candidate or committee that received the nonmonetary contribution in the "Description of Payment" column.*

CVC: Civic donations. Donations to civic, nonprofit or education organizations; payments for community events.

FIL: Candidate Filing/Ballot Fees. Payments to election officials for candidate filing fees and fees charged for publication of a ballot statement.

FND: Fundraising events. Expenditures associated with holding a fundraising event, including payments for event space to hotels or halls, payments for food and beverages to restaurants, caterers and other vendors, and payments for speakers, entertainment, and decorations. Includes costs of house parties. (Use "LIT" for costs of invitations, brochures, and solicitations associated with fundraising events.)

IND: Independent expenditures. Payments for communications that support/oppose other candidates or measures that are not made in consultation or coordination with the candidates or a ballot measure committee. Use "IND" and, if one of the other codes accurately describes

the independent expenditure, you may enter that code also. Otherwise, describe the payment. Also provide the name of the candidate or ballot measure supported or opposed by the expenditure.*

LEG: Legal Defense. Attorney or other fees paid for legal defense.

LIT: Campaign literature and mailings. Preparation, production, and distribution of campaign literature, direct mail pieces, fundraising solicitations, and door hangers. Includes costs of mailing lists, design/graphics, copy and layout, printing and photocopying. Includes payments to be on a slate mailer, and for absentee ballot mailers.

MBR: Member Communications. Payments for communications to members, employees, or shareholders of an organization, or their family members, for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate or ballot measure.

MTG: Meetings and appearances. Costs associated with meetings, press conferences, town halls, constituent meetings, etc.

OFC: Office expenses. Expenditures for office rent; utilities (including cellular phone service); purchase or rental of office equipment (computer, fax, photocopier, etc.) and furniture; office supplies, etc.

PET: Petition circulating. Includes payments for printing petitions and payments to signature gathering firms for ballot measure qualification drives.

PHO: Phone banks. Costs of phone banks.

POL: Polling and survey research. Costs of designing and conducting polls, reports on election trends, voter surveys, etc.

POS: Postage, delivery and messenger services. Includes U.S. Postal Service, Federal Express, United Parcel Service, and other delivery and courier services.

PRO: Professional services. Includes legal, accounting, and bookkeeping services.

PRT: Print space and production costs. Includes advertising space in newspapers, magazines and other publications, and billboard ads.

RAD: Radio airtime and production costs.

RFD: Returned contributions.

SAL: Campaign workers salaries. Includes state and federal payroll taxes.

TEL: Television or cable airtime and video production costs.

TRC: Candidate travel. Payments or reimbursements for travel, lodging, and meals of a candidate.

TRS: Staff/spouse travel. Payments or reimbursements for travel, lodging, and meals of a candidate's representative (staff), or member of the candidate's household.

TSF: Transfers. Only use this code to report the transfer of funds to another authorized committee of the same candidate or sponsoring organization. Report funds this committee gives to other committees on Schedule E, as contributions ("CTB") to those committees, not as transfers.

VOT: Voter registration costs.

WEB: Information technology costs. Includes payments for website design, e-mail, internet access, production of website and e-mail advertising.

***Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures to support or oppose other candidates, measures, and committees must also be summarized on Schedule D.**

Schedule F Accrued Expenses (Unpaid Bills)

Amounts may be rounded to whole dollars.

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
	Page _____ of _____
I.D. NUMBER _____	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER _____

CODES: If one of the following codes accurately describes the payment, you may enter the code. Otherwise, describe the payment.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| CMP campaign paraphernalia/misc. | MBR member communications | RAD radio airtime and production costs |
| CNS campaign consultants | MTG meetings and appearances | RFD returned contributions |
| CTB contribution (explain nonmonetary)* | OFC office expenses | SAL campaign workers' salaries |
| CVC civic donations | PET petition circulating | TEL t.v. or cable airtime and production costs |
| FIL candidate filing/ballot fees | PHO phone banks | TRC candidate travel, lodging, and meals |
| FND fundraising events | POL polling and survey research | TRS staff/spouse travel, lodging, and meals |
| IND independent expenditure supporting/opposing others (explain)* | POS postage, delivery and messenger services | TSF transfer between committees of the same candidate/sponsor |
| LEG legal defense | PRO professional services (legal, accounting) | VOT voter registration |
| LIT campaign literature and mailings | PRT print ads | WEB information technology costs (internet, e-mail) |

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CODE OR DESCRIPTION OF PAYMENT	(a) OUTSTANDING BALANCE BEGINNING OF THIS PERIOD	(b) AMOUNT INCURRED THIS PERIOD	(c) AMOUNT PAID THIS PERIOD (ALSO REPORT ON E)	(d) OUTSTANDING BALANCE AT CLOSE OF THIS PERIOD

* Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D.

SUBTOTALS \$ _____ \$ _____ \$ _____ \$ _____

Schedule F Summary

- Total accrued expenses incurred this period. (Include all Schedule F, Column (b) subtotals for accrued expenses of \$100 or more, plus total unitemized accrued expenses under \$100.) **INCURRED TOTALS \$ _____**
- Total accrued expenses paid this period. (Include all Schedule F, Column (c) subtotals for payments on accrued expenses of \$100 or more, plus total unitemized payments on accrued expenses under \$100.) **PAID TOTALS \$ _____**
- Net change this period. (**Subtract** Line 2 from Line 1. Enter the difference here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Line 9.) **NET \$ _____**

Instructions for Schedule F Accrued Expenses (Unpaid Bills)

Report unpaid bills for goods or services on Schedule F.

If the amount owed to a single vendor is \$100 or more at the end of the reporting period, you must disclose the name and street address, city, state, and zip code of the payee or creditor and the amount incurred during the period that is outstanding at the end of the period (Column (b)). Continue reporting the accrued expense on each subsequent campaign statement until it is paid.

You are not required to report on Schedule F regular administrative overhead expenses, such as rent, utilities, phones, or employee salaries if you have not received a bill in the normal course of business or if the due date for the payment is after the closing date of the statement.

If you do not know the exact amount of a debt or obligation, provide an estimate. Once the exact amount is known, amend the estimated amount or note the correct amount on the next campaign statement.

Unpaid bills of less than \$100 at the end of the reporting period are added together and included in the total reported on Line 1 of the Schedule F Summary.

When accrued expenses are paid, the payments are reported on Schedule E. Also report the payment on Schedule F, Column (c).

Code or Description of Payment:

If one of the expenditure codes listed on Schedule F fully describes the payment, enter the code. A full description of each code is provided on the back of the Schedule E Continuation Sheet. If none of the codes fully explains the expenditure, enter a brief description of the goods or services instead.

There are special instructions on the back of the Schedule E Continuation Sheet for coding and describing nonmonetary contributions and independent expenditures to support/oppose other candidates, committees, and ballot measures.

Accrued expenses that are nonmonetary contributions and independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D when incurred.

Credit Card Payments:

Disclose the name, address, and amount owed or paid to the credit card company during the period. Also disclose the name, address, amount paid, and code or description of payment for each vendor paid \$100 or more. You may disclose the vendor payments on Schedule F or Schedule G.

Payments by Agents and Independent Contractors:

When an agent or independent contractor (e.g., campaign worker, advertising agency, campaign management firm) makes payments on your behalf ("subvendor payments"), disclose the name, address, amount paid, and code or description of payment for each vendor paid \$500 or more. Disclose amounts owed to the agent or independent contractor on Schedule F. You may disclose the subvendor payments on Schedule F or Schedule G.

Note: It is not necessary to reitemize credit card vendors or agent subvendors on Schedule F or G when payments are made on accrued expenses, or if an accrued expense is itemized on more than one statement.

Forgiveness or Third Party Payment of an Accrued Expense:

If a creditor forgives or reduces an outstanding debt, or a third party pays a debt for you, report the transaction as follows:

- In the "Description of Payment" column, state that the debt was forgiven, reduced, or paid by a third party.
- Report the amount forgiven, reduced, or paid by a third party as a negative figure in the "Amount Incurred This Period" column (Column (b)).
- Report a nonmonetary contribution from the creditor or third party on Schedule C.

Do not report the forgiveness, reduction, or third party payment on Schedule E. Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about recordkeeping, cash expenditures, permissible uses of campaign funds, and more.

**Schedule F
(Continuation Sheet)
Accrued Expenses (Unpaid Bills)**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE F (CONT.)

Statement covers period	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
from _____	
through _____	Page _____ of _____
NAME OF FILER	
I.D. NUMBER	

CODES: If one of the following codes accurately describes the payment, you may enter the code. Otherwise, describe the payment.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| CMP campaign paraphernalia/misc. | MBR member communications | RAD radio airtime and production costs |
| CNS campaign consultants | MTG meetings and appearances | RFD returned contributions |
| CTB contribution (explain nonmonetary)* | OFC office expenses | SAL campaign workers' salaries |
| CVC civic donations | PET petition circulating | TEL t.v. or cable airtime and production costs |
| FIL candidate filing/ballot fees | PHO phone banks | TRC candidate travel, lodging, and meals |
| FND fundraising events | POL polling and survey research | TRS staff/spouse travel, lodging, and meals |
| IND independent expenditure supporting/opposing others (explain)* | POS postage, delivery and messenger services | TSF transfer between committees of the same candidate/sponsor |
| LEG legal defense | PRO professional services (legal, accounting) | VOT voter registration |
| LIT campaign literature and mailings | PRT print ads | WEB information technology costs (internet, e-mail) |

* Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CODE OR DESCRIPTION OF PAYMENT	(a) OUTSTANDING BALANCE BEGINNING OF THIS PERIOD	(b) AMOUNT INCURRED THIS PERIOD	(c) AMOUNT PAID THIS PERIOD (ALSO REPORT ON E)	(d) OUTSTANDING BALANCE AT CLOSE OF THIS PERIOD
SUBTOTALS \$			\$	\$	\$

Schedule G

Payments Made by an Agent or Independent Contractor (on Behalf of This Committee)

Amounts may be rounded to whole dollars.

Statement covers period		CALIFORNIA FORM 460
from _____	through _____	
Page _____ of _____		I.D. NUMBER

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER

NAME OF AGENT OR INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

CODES: If one of the following codes accurately describes the payment, you may enter the code. Otherwise, describe the payment.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| CMP campaign paraphernalia/misc. | MBR member communications | RAD radio airtime and production costs |
| CNS campaign consultants | MTG meetings and appearances | RFD returned contributions |
| CTB contribution (explain nonmonetary)* | OFC office expenses | SAL campaign workers' salaries |
| CVC civic donations | PET petition circulating | TEL t.v. or cable airtime and production costs |
| FIL candidate filing/ballot fees | PHO phone banks | TRC candidate travel, lodging, and meals |
| FND fundraising events | POL polling and survey research | TRS staff/spouse travel, lodging, and meals |
| IND independent expenditure supporting/opposing others (explain)* | POS postage, delivery and messenger services | TSF transfer between committees of the same candidate/sponsor |
| LEG legal defense | PRO professional services (legal, accounting) | VOT voter registration |
| LIT campaign literature and mailings | PRT print ads | WEB information technology costs (internet, e-mail) |

* Payments that are contributions or independent expenditures must also be summarized on Schedule D.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE OR CREDITOR (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	CODE	OR	DESCRIPTION OF PAYMENT	AMOUNT PAID

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

TOTAL* \$

* Do not transfer to any other schedule or to the Summary Page. This total may not equal the amount paid to the agent or independent contractor as reported on Schedule E.

**Instructions for
Schedule G
Payments Made by an Agent or
Independent Contractor**

Report payments made on your behalf during the reporting period by an agent or independent contractor (such as a campaign management firm or an advertising agency) on Schedule G.

Schedule G may be completed by the agent or independent contractor and provided to you or Schedule G may be completed by you from information provided by the agent or independent contractor.

Report expenditures of \$500 or more (other than expenditures for the agent's or independent contractor's overhead and normal operating expenses) made on your behalf during the reporting period.

Once a subvendor payment has been itemized on Schedule E, F, or G, it does not need to be itemized again. For example, if a subvendor payment is reported on Schedule F or G as part of an accrued expense, the subvendor information does not need to be reported again on subsequent reports.

Code or Description of Payment:

If one of the expenditure codes listed on Schedule G fully describes the payment, enter the code. A full description of each code is provided on the back of the Schedule E Continuation Sheet. If none of the codes fully explains the expenditure, enter a brief description of the payment instead.

Important: Officeholders and candidates may reimburse an agent or independent contractor for expenditures made on their behalf only if all of the following criteria are met:

- There is a written contract between the officeholder or candidate and the agent or independent contractor that provides for the reimbursement;
- The treasurer is provided with a dated receipt and written description of each expenditure prior to reimbursement; and
- Reimbursement is paid within 45 calendar days after the agent or independent contractor makes the expenditures.

Generally, if reimbursement is not paid within 45 calendar days, report the expenditure as a nonmonetary contribution on Schedule C.

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for additional instructions.

Schedule H Loans Made to Others*

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

Statement covers period from _____ through _____	CALIFORNIA FORM 460
Page _____ of _____	I.D. NUMBER _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER _____

FULL NAME, STREET ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF RECIPIENT <small>(IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)</small>	IF AN INDIVIDUAL, ENTER OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER <small>(IF SELF-EMPLOYED, ENTER NAME OF BUSINESS)</small>	(a) OUTSTANDING BALANCE BEGINNING THIS PERIOD	(b) AMOUNT LOANED THIS PERIOD	(c) REPAYMENT OR FORGIVENESS THIS PERIOD*	(d) OUTSTANDING BALANCE AT CLOSE OF THIS PERIOD	(e) INTEREST RECEIVED	(f) ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF LOAN	(g) CUMULATIVE LOANS TO DATE
		\$ _____	\$ _____	PAID \$ _____ FORGIVEN \$ _____	\$ _____ _____ DATE DUE	_____% RATE \$ _____	\$ _____ _____ DATE INCURRED	CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION** \$ _____
		\$ _____	\$ _____	PAID \$ _____ FORGIVEN \$ _____	\$ _____ _____ DATE DUE	_____% RATE \$ _____	\$ _____ _____ DATE INCURRED	CALENDAR YEAR \$ _____ PER ELECTION** \$ _____
		SUBTOTALS	\$	\$	\$	\$		

*Loans that are contributions to another candidate or committee must also be summarized on Schedule D. Loans forgiven must also be reported on Schedule E.

(Enter (e) on
Schedule I, Line 3)

Schedule H Summary

1. Loans made this period.....\$ _____
(Total Column (b) plus unitemized loans of less than \$100.)
2. Payments received on loans.....\$ _____
(Total Column (c) plus unitemized payments of less than \$100.)
3. Net change this period. **(Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.)**.....NET \$ _____
(Enter the net here and on the Summary Page, Column A, Line 7.)

**If Required

(May be a negative number)

Instructions for Schedule H Loans Made to Others

All loans made or outstanding are reported on Schedule H.

Generally, campaign funds may be used to make loans to other candidates, officeholders, or committees (unless otherwise prohibited) and to bona fide charitable, educational, civic, religious, or similar tax-exempt nonprofit organizations. There are restrictions on loans to any other person, including a candidate who controls the committee, or to a nonprofit organization that is affiliated with a candidate, the treasurer, or other committee officials.

For each loan of \$100 or more that was made or was outstanding during the reporting period, disclose the recipient's name and address and, if an individual, his/her occupation and employer or, if self employed, the name of the business.

Column (a) – Enter the outstanding loan balance at the beginning of this period (column (d) of last report.) If the loan was made this period, this column will be blank.

Column (b) – Enter the amount loaned to the recipient during this reporting period. If this loan was made in a previous reporting period, leave blank.

Column (c) – Enter the amount of any reduction of the loan during this reporting period. Check whether the loan was paid or forgiven. If the committee forgives a loan, also report the transaction on Schedule E.

Column (d) – Enter the outstanding balance of the loan(s) at the close of this reporting period. Enter the due date, if any.

Column (e) – Enter the interest rate and amount of interest received on the loan(s) during this reporting period. Interest received is reported separately from payments received on the loan principal. Interest payments are also transferred to the Schedule I Summary.

Column (f) – Enter the original amount of the loan and date made. If this is the first time you are reporting the loan, this will be the same amount reported in Column (b).

Column (g) – For each loan made during this reporting period that is a contribution,* enter the cumulative amount of contributions (loans, monetary and nonmonetary contributions) made to the recipient during the calendar year covered by the statement. If the recipient is a candidate subject to state contribution limits, or the information is required by local ordinance, also enter the total amount contributed to the candidate in connection with each limitation cycle and identify the election year. (For contributions to state candidates, see the Schedule D instructions.)

Schedule H Summary:

The Schedule H Summary reflects the “net change” in the committee's loan activity. That is, repayments received are subtracted from new loans made. When the repayment number is larger than the amount of the new loans made, Line 3 will be a negative figure. For example, if \$200 is received by the committee during the period and only \$100 is made in new loans, report the net change on Line 3 as “-\$100” or “(\$100).” Be sure to carry this figure to the Summary Page as a negative figure to be subtracted from Summary Page totals.

Refer to the FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual for your type of committee for important information about recordkeeping, prohibitions on cash contributions, loan restrictions, and more.

*Loans that are contributions to candidates or other committees must also be reported on Schedule D.

**Schedule I
Miscellaneous Increases to Cash**

Amounts may be rounded
to whole dollars.

SCHEDULE I

Statement covers period
from _____
through _____

CALIFORNIA FORM 460
Page _____ of _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE

NAME OF FILER _____

I.D. NUMBER _____

DATE RECEIVED	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF SOURCE (IF COMMITTEE, ALSO ENTER I.D. NUMBER)	DESCRIPTION OF RECEIPT	AMOUNT OF INCREASE TO CASH

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ _____

Schedule I Summary

- Itemized increases to cash this period. \$ _____
- Unitemized increases to cash of under \$100 this period. \$ _____
- Total of all interest received this period on loans made to others. (Schedule H, Column (e).) \$ _____
- Total miscellaneous increases to cash this period. (Add Lines 1, 2, and 3. Enter here and on the Summary Page, Line 14.) **TOTAL \$** _____

**Instructions for
Schedule I
Miscellaneous Increases to Cash**

Report any transaction that increases the cash position of the officeholder, candidate, or committee, but is not a monetary contribution, loan, or loan repayment, on Schedule I.

Itemize the sources of \$100 or more received during the reporting period.

Examples include:

- Interest received or credited to checking or savings accounts or other time deposits.
- Proceeds from the sale of property, such as paintings, furniture, or other items sold at garage sales or auctions, etc., when the amount received is the “fair market value” of the item. Amounts received over the fair market value are reported on Schedule A. (Report donated items as nonmonetary contributions on Schedule C.)
- Proceeds from the sale of campaign property, such as office furniture or equipment.
- Refunds received on deposits, such as telephone deposits.
- Refunds received from overpayment of bills.

- Transfers received from another authorized committee of the same candidate. (Candidates for elective state office should refer to FPPC Campaign Disclosure Manual 1 for information about reporting transferred funds that must be attributed to specific contributors of the committee making the transfer.)

Report on Line 3 of the Schedule I Summary the lump sum of interest payments received on loans made to others. Do not itemize. This amount is transferred from Schedule H, Column (g).